

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1467, 10.9399, 38.7166)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1467, 10.9399, 38.7166)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1601, 11.0116,
38.5830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005FA8
RGB	0, 95, 168
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 66%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6274, 0.3412
CMYK	1.00, 0.43, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	206°, 100%, 33%
HSV	206°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830
YIQ	74.9170, -80.0530, 2.5630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

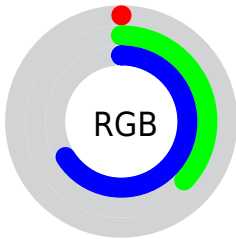
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 61, 168
Decimal	24488
CIE _{Lab}	39.60, 5.18, -45.67
CIE _{LCh}	40, 45.959, 276.476
Yxy	11.0116, 0.1837, 0.1812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214568 (0xFF005FA8)
YUV	74.9170, 45.8899, -65.7022
Hunter-Lab	33.1837, 1.9602, -45.7084

Details

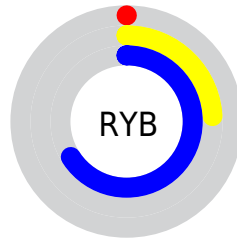
The XYZ color **11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **18.5332, 13.0939, 1.5514**, and the grayscale version is **6.6050, 6.9490, 7.5674**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6044, 27.7073, 74.4141**, and **4.2351, 3.5190, 16.6757** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1590, 11.0094, 38.5829**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0772, 12.5070, 38.8236**.

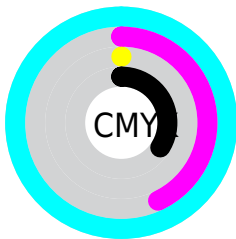
Distribution



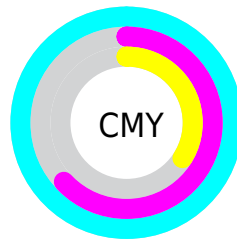
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1601, 11.0116,
38.5830

■ 11.1601, 11.0116,
38.5830

■ 192.6484,
197.7471, 355.4872

■ 6.2427, 6.0746,
26.1301

■ 27.5862, 27.6816,
74.2142

■ 3.0353, 2.8905,
16.6944

■ 39.8256, 40.1835,
98.2295

■ 1.1724, 1.0748,
9.8572

■ 55.2363, 55.9757,
126.9362

■ 0.0844, 0.0000,
5.2000

■ 74.1839, 75.4428,
160.7526

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.3043

■ 97.0335, 98.9691,
200.0974

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7336

■ 124.1505,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

126.9390, 245.3891

0.0000

155.9003,
159.7368, 297.0462

■ 11.1601, 11.0116,
38.5830

■ 11.1601, 11.0116,
38.5830

■ 11.1590, 11.0094,
38.5829

■ 12.0772, 12.5070,
38.8236

■ 13.2487, 14.2274,
39.0939

■ 14.7548, 16.2166,
39.3985

■ 16.6319, 18.4956,
39.7394

■ 18.9113, 21.0825,
40.1186

■ 21.6206, 23.9939,
40.5378

■ 24.7848, 27.2445,
40.9984

■ 28.4268, 30.8481,
41.5020

■ 32.5678, 34.8178,
42.0500

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2421, 11.0116, 35.7702



11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830



14.4694, 11.0116, 31.8891

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830



16.0930, 11.0116, 4.3823



5.8591, 11.0116, 6.3399

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830



18.5332, 13.0939, 1.5514

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.2792, 11.0116, 2.7820



11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830



13.0582, 11.0116, 2.1103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830



17.6616, 11.0116, 10.1481



9.8017, 11.0116, 1.7214



5.5509, 11.0116, 14.0417

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830



16.3312, 11.0116, 24.2582



9.8017, 11.0116, 1.7214



6.2062, 11.0116, 4.7649

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1606, 11.0119, 38.5833



44.6262, 49.0866, 74.3477



15.1996, 28.4842, 10.9685



9.2041, 10.1671, 16.1295



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1606, 11.0119, 38.5833



20.0325, 19.5438, 69.9416



7.1906, 3.0720, 37.2600



7.4705, 7.9779, 9.5645



8.4785, 8.4172, 29.1533



0.2558, 0.3037, 0.7258

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2145, 9.1518, 11.6331



32.9414, 16.5617, 20.5269



28.1723, 32.3721, 4.7645



7.7021, 7.6107, 8.7483



13.7802, 6.9208, 8.9198



0.3602, 0.1784, 0.3485

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

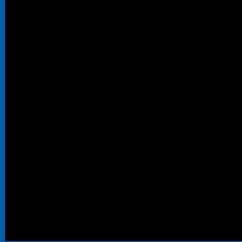
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1601, 11.0116,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830

Protanopia

12.3054, 11.1232, 36.6204

Deuteranopia

11.2981, 11.0827, 38.5895



Tritanopia

7.8196, 11.0483, 16.7593

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830

Protanomaly

11.4180, 10.7830, 37.0768

Deuteranomaly

11.2477, 11.0567, 38.5871

Tritanomaly

8.8185, 10.9733, 23.4831

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

6.9965, 7.7671, 15.5984

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 95, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 95, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 95, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 95, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 95, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 95, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 95, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 95, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 95, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 95, 168)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1601, 11.0116, 38.5830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 95, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 95,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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