

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1485, 11.1258, 14.1303)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1485, 11.1258, 14.1303)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1552, 11.1550,
14.1356)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	615C66
RGB	97, 92, 102
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 40%
CMY	0.6196, 0.6392, 0.6000
CMYK	0.05, 0.10, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	270°, 5%, 38%
HSV	270°, 10%, 40%
XYZ	11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356
YIQ	94.6350, -0.2300, 4.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

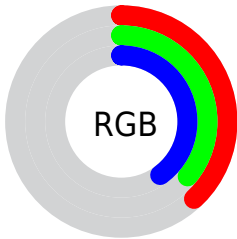
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 92, 102
Decimal	6380646
CIE Lab	39.84, 4.11, -4.99
CIE LCh	40, 6.469, 309.468
Yxy	11.1550, 0.3061, 0.3061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284570726 (0xFF615C66)
YUV	94.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741
Hunter-Lab	33.3991, 1.1700, -1.7141

Details

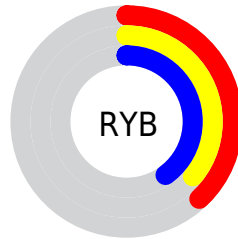
The XYZ color **11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.6133, 12.8172, 11.9876**, and the grayscale version is **10.7820, 11.3435, 12.3531**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6355, 27.9418, 34.0738**, and **3.0318, 2.9336, 4.0209** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8044, 9.2343, 13.8362**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6606, 13.3327, 14.4768**.

Distribution



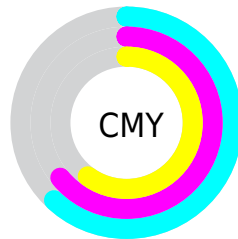
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1552, 11.1550,
14.1356

■ 11.1552, 11.1550,
14.1356

■ 192.6156,
198.7279, 229.5305

■ 6.2394, 6.1712,
8.0752

■ 27.5772, 27.9464,
34.0500

■ 3.0332, 2.9495,
4.0546

■ 39.8141, 40.5228,
48.7411

■ 1.1714, 1.1054,
1.6554

■ 55.2221, 56.3989,
67.1462

■ 0.0836, 0.0000,
0.3299

■ 74.1665, 75.9590,
89.6839

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.0127, 99.5876,
116.7726

124.1261,

127.6690, 148.8309

155.8719,
160.5876, 186.2773

■ 11.1552, 11.1550,
14.1356

■ 11.1552, 11.1550,
14.1356

■ 9.8044, 9.2343,
13.8362

■ 12.6606, 13.3327,
14.4768

■ 8.6018, 7.5594,
13.5763

■ 14.3248, 15.7751,
14.8605

■ 7.5421, 6.1203,
13.3544

■ 16.1528, 18.4915,
15.2885

■ 6.6192, 4.9058,
13.1686

■ 18.1494, 21.4904,
15.7621

■ 5.8264, 3.9038,
13.0170

■ 20.3189, 24.7796,
16.2826

■ 5.1567, 3.1010,
12.8974

■ 22.6657, 28.3670,
16.8513

■ 4.6019, 2.4826,
12.8072

■ 25.1938, 32.2598,
17.4695

■ 4.1530, 2.0315,
12.7438

■ 27.9072, 36.4652,
18.1382

■ 3.7705, 1.6699,
12.6942

■ 30.8098, 40.9900,
18.8586

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7437, 11.1550, 14.7243



11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356



11.4233, 11.1550, 13.0250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356



10.9052, 11.1550, 9.9945



9.7815, 11.1550, 12.5531

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356



11.6133, 12.8172, 11.9876

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.8219, 11.1550, 11.3073



11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356



10.4625, 11.1550, 9.8875

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356



11.2762, 11.1550, 10.6552



10.0684, 11.1550, 10.3523



9.9562, 11.1550, 13.7695

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356



11.4805, 11.1550, 12.1687



10.0684, 11.1550, 10.3523



9.7705, 11.1550, 12.1232

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1555, 11.1555, 14.1358



21.3065, 22.0778, 25.1842



11.1024, 11.8153, 14.2660



4.9841, 5.1470, 5.9315



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1555, 11.1555, 14.1358



18.9364, 18.6655, 24.6504



11.6864, 11.4291, 14.1607



2.8109, 2.8246, 3.5290



4.7884, 2.1127, 16.2997



23.9647, 10.4985, 84.9647

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4647, 11.3427, 12.8949



19.6139, 19.0757, 21.9316



11.1139, 12.5597, 11.9643



2.8812, 2.8671, 3.2468



7.7855, 3.9272, 4.2690



40.1638, 20.3055, 19.9378

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

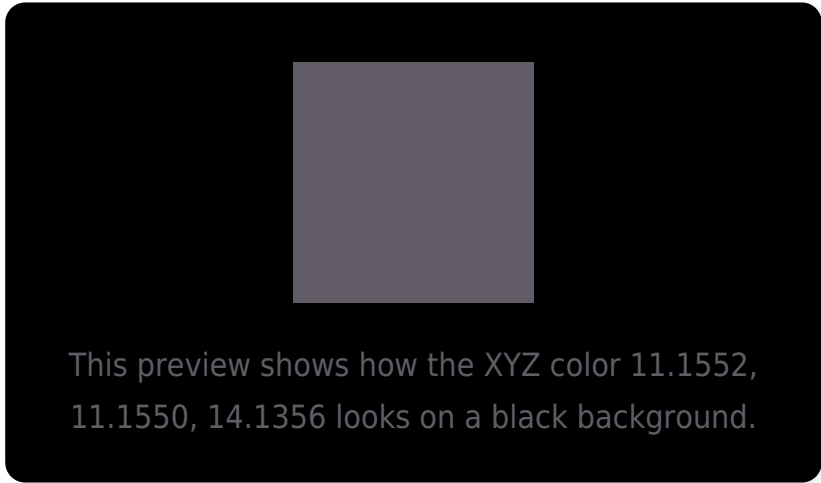
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

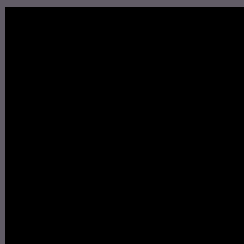
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356

Protanopia

10.8767, 11.1351, 14.4080

Deuteranopia

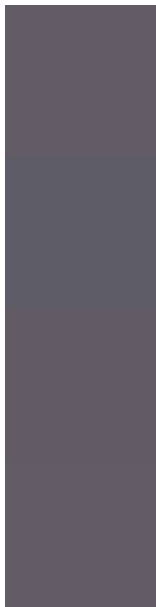
11.2849, 11.0941, 14.1170



Tritanopia

11.0572, 11.1158, 13.6194

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356

Protanomaly

10.9786, 11.1877, 14.4128

Deuteranomaly

11.1764, 11.0382, 14.1119

Tritanomaly

11.1059, 11.1353, 13.8759

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356

Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620

Achromatomaly

11.0312, 11.3740, 13.1693

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(97, 92, 102) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 92, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 92, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 92, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 92, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 92, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 92, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 92, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 92, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 92,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1552, 11.1550, 14.1356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 92, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 92,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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