

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1588, 10.0039, 45.9831)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1588, 10.0039, 45.9831)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.0370, 10.3983,
46.1724)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0058B7
RGB	0, 88, 183
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 72%
CMY	0.9998, 0.6549, 0.2824
CMYK	1.00, 0.52, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	211°, 100%, 36%
HSV	211°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724
YIQ	72.5180, -82.9430, 10.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

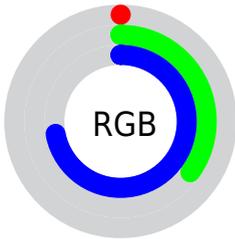
Format	Color
RYB	0, 59, 183
Decimal	22711
CIELab	38.55, 15.97, -56.21
CIELCh	39, 58.434, 285.860
Yxy	10.3983, 0.1754, 0.1516
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212791 (0xFF0058B7)
YUV	72.5180, 54.4676, -63.5983
Hunter-Lab	32.2464, 10.1997, -62.3226

Details

The XYZ color **12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **23.6249, 18.2596, 2.2805**, and the grayscale version is **6.1703, 6.4916, 7.0694**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.1880, 26.5097, 86.0166**, and **4.8631, 3.3863, 21.1662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0352, 10.3947, 46.1721**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1244, 12.1933, 46.4618**.

Distribution



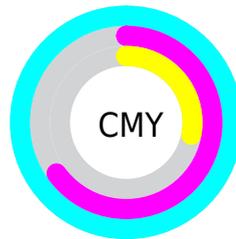
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0370, 10.3983,
46.1724

■ 12.0370, 10.3983,
46.1724

■ 198.4150,
193.4916, 387.7990

■ 6.8413, 5.6638,
32.0322

■ 29.1787, 26.5420,
85.8139

■ 3.4085, 2.6418,
21.1211

■ 41.8555, 38.7201,
112.1524

■ 1.3733, 0.9477,
13.0204

■ 57.7566, 54.1481,
143.3941

■ 0.2371, 0.0000,
7.3117

■ 77.2474, 73.2105,
179.9575

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.5764

■ 100.6933, 96.2916,
222.2611

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.3960

■ 128.4596,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

123.7759, 270.7235

0.1386

160.9117,
156.0478, 325.7633

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 12.0370, 10.3983,
46.1724

■ 12.0370, 10.3983,
46.1724

■ 12.0352, 10.3947,
46.1721

■ 13.1244, 12.1933,
46.4618

■ 14.5556, 14.3219,
46.7973

■ 16.4236, 16.8374,
47.1843

■ 18.7753, 19.7688,
47.6262

■ 21.6508, 23.1416,
48.1257

■ 25.0855, 26.9787,
48.6853

■ 29.1117, 31.3009,
49.3073

■ 33.7588, 36.1278,
49.9941

■ 39.0543, 41.4777,
50.7476

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.1902, 10.3983, 46.5923



12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724



16.1707, 10.3983, 33.2953

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724



15.9544, 10.3983, 1.9263



4.3214, 10.3983, 6.9095

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724



23.6249, 18.2596, 2.2805

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.4822, 10.3983, 2.0672



12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724



11.7949, 10.3983, 0.6850

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724



18.8012, 10.3983, 6.4784



8.0031, 10.3983, 0.7168



4.3545, 10.3983, 18.1243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724



18.2481, 10.3983, 22.3314



8.0031, 10.3983, 0.7168



4.5686, 10.3983, 4.6986

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0375, 10.3986, 46.1727



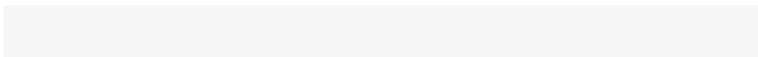
51.7374, 55.6357, 88.2476



18.9802, 34.6859, 16.4191



10.7339, 11.5501, 19.3853



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0375, 10.3986, 46.1727



21.3265, 18.1601, 82.6169



8.5864, 3.4398, 45.0114



8.8678, 9.4128, 11.4289



8.4639, 7.3876, 32.2329



0.3604, 0.3845, 1.1570

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



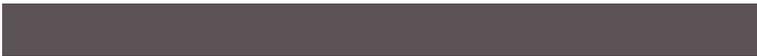
21.2904, 10.7728, 10.1897



38.0130, 19.2455, 17.6339



35.7448, 43.5647, 6.5261



9.1796, 9.0822, 10.2932



14.8859, 7.5281, 7.2859



0.5561, 0.2779, 0.4217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0370, 10.3983,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724

Protanopia

12.2284, 10.3880, 45.6165

Deuteranopia

10.3474, 10.4019, 35.1806



Tritanopia

7.3075, 10.3689, 15.5262

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724

Protanomaly

12.0487, 10.2953, 45.6081

Deuteranomaly

10.9025, 10.3467, 38.9586

Tritanomaly

8.5560, 10.1150, 24.4231

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724

Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556

Achromatomaly

6.8317, 7.2219, 16.6567

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 88, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 88, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 88, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 88, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 88, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 88, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 88, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 88, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 88, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 88, 183)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.0370, 10.3983, 46.1724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 88, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 88,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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