

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1621, 12.3813, 8.3124)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1621, 12.3813, 8.3124)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1600, 12.3755,
8.2791)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	65644A
RGB	101, 100, 74
RGB Percent	40%, 39%, 29%
CMY	0.6039, 0.6078, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.27, 0.60
HSL	58°, 15%, 34%
HSV	58°, 27%, 40%
XYZ	11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791
YIQ	97.3350, 8.9420, -7.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

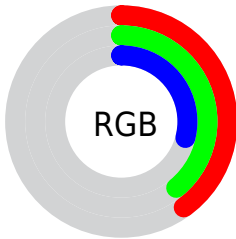
Format	Color
RYB	75, 101, 74
Decimal	6644810
CIELab	41.81, -4.33, 14.94
CIELCh	42, 15.552, 106.164
Yxy	12.3755, 0.3508, 0.3890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284834890 (0xFF65644A)
YUV	97.3350, -11.5042, 3.2142
Hunter-Lab	35.1788, -4.9363, 10.6717

Details

The XYZ color **11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **7.6890, 7.4273, 13.3401**, and the grayscale version is **11.4710, 12.0683, 13.1424**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5907, 30.2387, 23.1214**, and **3.0748, 3.5163, 1.7450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8112, 12.1793, 6.6168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5643, 12.5950, 10.2298**.

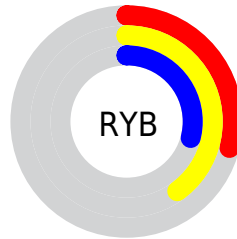
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (39%)

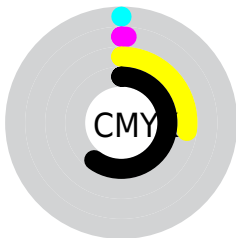
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (29%)

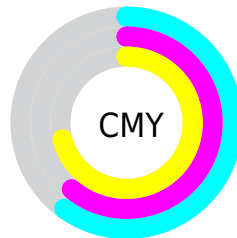


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1600, 12.3755,
8.2791

■ 11.1600, 12.3755,
8.2791

192.6477,
206.8756, 187.9206

■ 6.2426, 7.0000,
4.1837

■ 27.5860, 30.1772,
23.0589

■ 3.0352, 3.4621,
1.7267

■ 39.8253, 43.3721,
34.5805

■ 1.1724, 1.3775,
0.3789

■ 55.2361, 59.9423,
49.4145

■ 0.0844, 0.2000,
0.0000

■ 74.1835, 80.2721,
67.9795

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.0330, 104.7459,
90.6941

124.1500,

133.7482, 117.9768

155.8998,
167.6633, 150.2461

■ 11.1600, 12.3755,
8.2791

■ 11.1600, 12.3755,
8.2791

■ 10.8112, 12.1793,
6.6168

■ 11.5643, 12.5950,
10.2298

■ 10.5143, 12.0037,
5.2284

■ 12.0255, 12.8371,
12.4810

■ 10.2668, 11.8482,
4.0993

■ 12.5463, 13.1032,
15.0449

■ 10.0656, 11.7114,
3.2134

■ 13.1287, 13.3943,
17.9329

■ 9.9073, 11.5921,
2.5525

■ 13.7749, 13.7112,
21.1558

■ 9.7879, 11.4886,
2.0961

■ 14.4868, 14.0546,
24.7239

■ 9.6961, 11.3963,
1.7835

■ 15.2663, 14.4253,
28.6470

■ 9.6667, 11.3665,
1.6845

■ 16.1152, 14.8240,
32.9346

■ 17.0352, 15.2515,
37.5959

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2971, 12.3755, 8.2313



11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791



10.2443, 12.3755, 9.5613

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791



10.3021, 12.3755, 18.5560



14.0333, 12.3755, 15.0402

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791



7.6890, 7.4273, 13.3401

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4238, 12.3755, 18.3326



11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791



11.2437, 12.3755, 20.5742

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791



9.7714, 12.3755, 15.3082



12.3864, 12.3755, 20.4864



14.0073, 12.3755, 11.7940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791



9.8608, 12.3755, 11.0831



12.3864, 12.3755, 20.4864



13.8943, 12.3755, 16.1880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1603, 12.3761, 8.2794



20.5206, 21.9738, 20.8167



9.0977, 8.1772, 7.8186



5.0254, 5.3944, 5.0057



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1603, 12.3761, 8.2794



18.7795, 21.0344, 12.3973



9.9952, 11.9181, 8.2524



3.0320, 3.2515, 3.0422



12.6691, 14.8913, 2.2066



65.9306, 77.3751, 11.4600

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.6890, 7.4273, 13.3401



11.7520, 11.0162, 22.6436



8.6494, 7.8229, 13.3659



2.7002, 2.7784, 3.5259



3.1261, 1.3240, 16.2351



16.1616, 6.6199, 84.6274

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1600,
12.3755, 8.2791 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

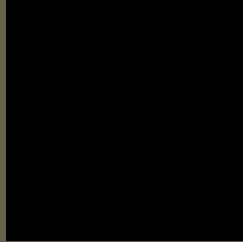
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

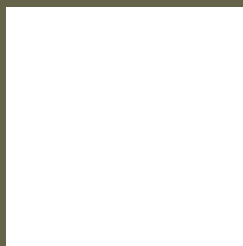
If you want to check with other color combinations, try
the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1600, 12.3755,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791

Protanopia

11.5141, 12.2806, 8.0669

Deuteranopia

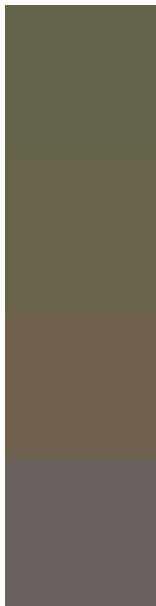
12.5647, 12.4054, 8.3889



Tritanopia

12.5073, 12.3685, 14.8249

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791

Protanomaly

11.3734, 12.3478, 8.0872

Deuteranomaly

12.1002, 12.4369, 8.4194

Tritanomaly

11.9594, 12.2828, 12.0964

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

11.2079, 12.0533, 11.1870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 100, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 100, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 100, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 100, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 100, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 100, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 100, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 100, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 100, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 100,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1600, 12.3755, 8.2791 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 100, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
100, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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