

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1715, 5.7228, 2.1621)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1715, 5.7228, 2.1621)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1337, 5.7028,
2.1830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C0024
RGB	140, 0, 36
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 14%
CMY	0.4510, 0.9999, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.74, 0.45
HSL	345°, 100%, 27%
HSV	345°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830
YIQ	45.9640, 71.8840, 40.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

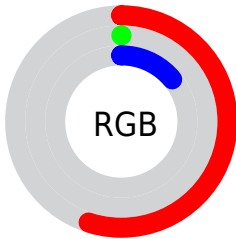
Format	Color
RYB	140, 0, 36
Decimal	9175076
CIELab	28.65, 52.19, 22.65
CIELCh	29, 56.892, 23.461
Yxy	5.7028, 0.5854, 0.2998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287365156 (0xFF8C0024)
YUV	45.9640, -4.9123, 82.4696
Hunter-Lab	23.8805, 41.4302, 11.2965

Details

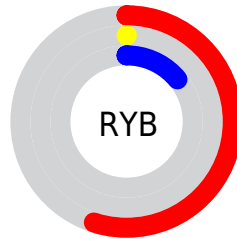
The XYZ color **11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **11.8777, 19.7561, 16.2880**, and the grayscale version is **2.5936, 2.7287, 2.9716**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4575, 17.2389, 9.4697**, and **3.3933, 1.7493, 0.1588** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1335, 5.7028, 2.1821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4736, 6.0904, 3.1973**.

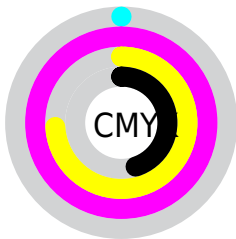
Distribution



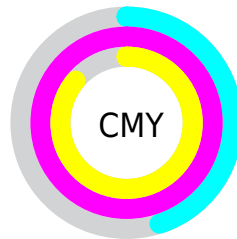
- Red (55%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1337, 5.7028,
2.1830

■ 11.1337, 5.7028,
2.1830

192.4719,
156.4027, 125.1566

■ 6.2248, 2.6652,
0.6645

■ 27.5379, 17.3113,
9.5353

■ 3.0242, 0.9596,
0.0000

■ 39.7639, 26.6510,
16.2363

■ 1.1666, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 55.1596, 38.8603,
25.5118

■ 0.0797, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 74.0905, 54.3234,
37.7804


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 96.9218, 73.4248,
53.4606


■ 124.0189, 96.5489,

72.9710

 155.7471,
124.0801, 96.7302


 11.1337, 5.7028,
2.1830


 11.1337, 5.7028,
2.1830


 11.1335, 5.7028,
2.1821

 11.4736, 6.0904,
3.1973

 11.9644, 6.7001,
4.5078

 12.6630, 7.6402,
6.1495

 13.5911, 8.9497,
8.1448

 14.7680, 10.6624,
10.5135

■ 16.2106, 12.8080,
13.2741

■ 17.9343, 15.4137,
16.4438

■ 19.9534, 18.5041,
20.0387

■ 22.2812, 22.1023,
24.0740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.7358, 5.7028, 7.9128



11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830



8.8155, 5.7028, 0.2577

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830



2.4029, 5.7028, 1.0905



4.8911, 5.7028, 32.3860

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830



11.8777, 19.7561, 16.2880

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.0326, 5.7028, 25.1376



11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830



1.9099, 5.7028, 4.7698

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830



3.7230, 5.7028, 0.0000



2.0985, 5.7028, 13.4609



7.5681, 5.7028, 29.3339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830



6.9071, 5.7028, 0.0000



2.0985, 5.7028, 13.4609



4.1639, 5.7028, 30.9637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1338, 5.7032, 2.1831



31.4082, 26.8543, 28.6094



10.2896, 4.7579, 25.1870



6.9655, 5.7757, 6.0969



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1338, 5.7032, 2.1831



19.5717, 10.0314, 3.5458



11.3503, 6.6454, 0.6849



5.0822, 5.0683, 5.5214



9.8998, 5.0700, 1.9768



0.0710, 0.0358, 0.0408

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.1338, 5.7032, 2.1831



19.5717, 10.0314, 3.5458



10.0267, 12.4793, 26.6912



5.0822, 5.0683, 5.5214



9.8998, 5.0700, 1.9768



0.0710, 0.0358, 0.0408

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

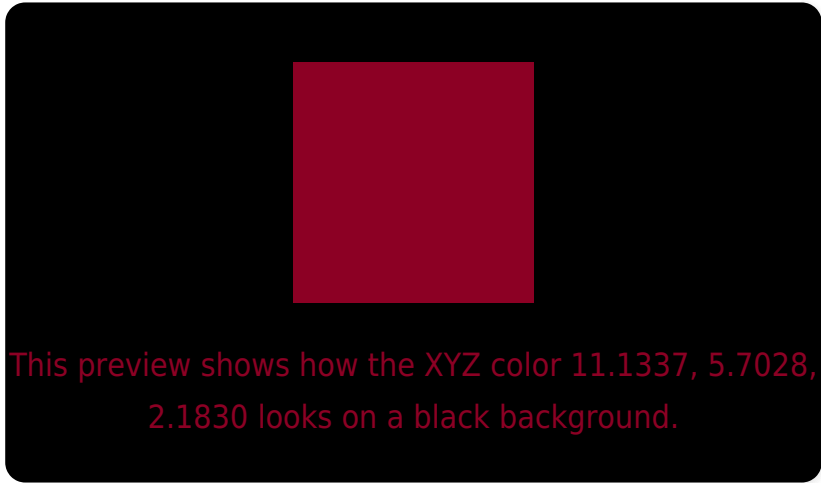
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

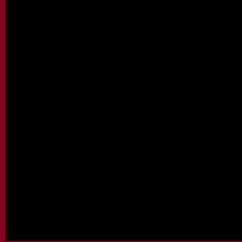
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1337, 5.7028,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830

Protanopia

5.8996, 6.3093, 4.3969

Deuteranopia

6.3965, 6.3419, 1.9856



Tritanopia

11.0408, 5.9390, 0.8516

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830

Protanomaly

6.5971, 4.7347, 3.2555

Deuteranomaly

7.2955, 5.0148, 1.8798

Tritanomaly

11.0413, 5.8395, 1.1613

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830

Achromatopsia

2.5969, 2.7321, 2.9752

Achromatomaly

4.1655, 2.7514, 2.5020

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 0, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 0, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 0, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 0, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 0, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 0, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 0, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1337, 5.7028, 2.1830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 0, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 0,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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