

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1717, 12.2656, 15.2783)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1717, 12.2656, 15.2783)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1832, 12.2297,
15.4068)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58646A
RGB	88, 100, 106
RGB Percent	35%, 39%, 42%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6078, 0.5843
CMYK	0.17, 0.06, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	200°, 9%, 38%
HSV	200°, 17%, 42%
XYZ	11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068
YIQ	97.0960, -9.0780, -0.6780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

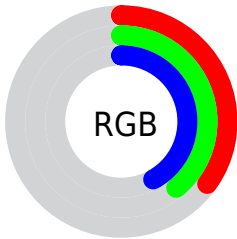
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 95, 106
Decimal	5792874
CIE Lab	41.58, -3.18, -4.95
CIE LCh	42, 5.878, 237.278
Yxy	12.2297, 0.2881, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283982954 (0xFF58646A)
YUV	97.0960, 4.3897, -7.9772
Hunter-Lab	34.9710, -4.1176, -1.6411

Details

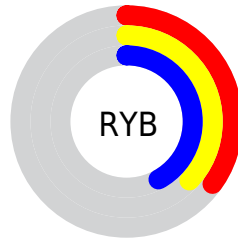
The XYZ color **11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.7080, 11.7740, 10.8883**, and the grayscale version is **11.3773, 11.9698, 13.0351**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6336, 29.9708, 36.2268**, and **3.0174, 3.3542, 4.6261** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9205, 11.0869, 15.2530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6073, 13.4781, 15.5729**.

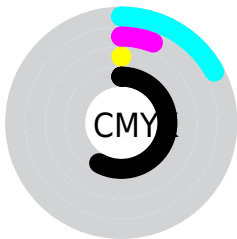
Distribution



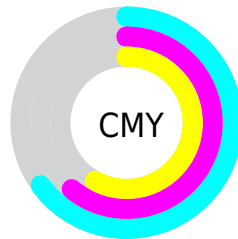
- Red (35%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1832, 12.2297,
15.4068

■ 11.1832, 12.2297,
15.4068

192.8026,
205.9201, 237.5404

■ 6.2584, 6.9003,
8.9556

■ 27.6284, 29.9128,
36.3176

■ 3.0450, 3.3998,
4.6158

■ 39.8795, 43.0352,
51.6143

■ 1.1776, 1.3439,
1.9689

■ 55.3034, 59.5242,
70.6966

■ 0.0886, 0.1748,
0.5361

■ 74.2655, 79.7640,
93.9829

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.1311, 104.1392,
121.8920

124.2656,

133.0339, 154.8422

156.0343,
166.8328, 193.2522

■ 11.1832, 12.2297,
15.4068

■ 11.1832, 12.2297,
15.4068

■ 9.9205, 11.0869,
15.2530

■ 12.6073, 13.4781,
15.5729

■ 8.8116, 10.0447,
15.1102

■ 14.1977, 14.8340,
15.7508

■ 7.8499, 9.0996,
14.9785

■ 15.9606, 16.3011,
15.9411

■ 7.0280, 8.2476,
14.8574

■ 17.9013, 17.8826,
16.1440

■ 6.3378, 7.4841,
14.7464

■ 20.0252, 19.5813,
16.3600

■ 5.7700, 6.8042,
14.6451

■ 22.3372, 21.4001,
16.5892

■ 5.3144, 6.2021,
14.5529

■ 24.8421, 23.3417,
16.8319

■ 4.9425, 5.6630,
14.4684

■ 27.5445, 25.4087,
17.0885

■ 4.8343, 5.5062,
14.4439

■ 30.4489, 27.6037,
17.3591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9052, 12.2297, 14.4298



11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068



11.5848, 12.2297, 15.8212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068



12.4686, 12.2297, 13.4287



11.2495, 12.2297, 11.3225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068



11.7080, 11.7740, 10.8883

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6632, 12.2297, 11.0904



11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068



12.3736, 12.2297, 12.2612

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068



12.3327, 12.2297, 14.6360



12.0762, 12.2297, 11.4236



10.9429, 12.2297, 12.0779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068



11.8710, 12.2297, 15.7048



12.0762, 12.2297, 11.4236



11.3804, 12.2297, 11.1828

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1836, 12.2302, 15.4071



22.6179, 24.0782, 27.3865



11.1857, 13.1857, 12.4750



5.2664, 5.6129, 6.4117



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1836, 12.2302, 15.4071



18.8036, 20.7266, 26.9406



10.3930, 10.6491, 15.1436



3.1010, 3.3304, 3.9143



5.9680, 6.7703, 17.9145



29.5880, 32.8545, 91.0083

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7341, 10.9640, 13.5550



19.9557, 18.1365, 23.0519



12.5260, 13.4099, 11.1609



3.1768, 3.1476, 3.6613



8.7592, 4.3558, 7.6267



44.2174, 22.0289, 36.6774

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

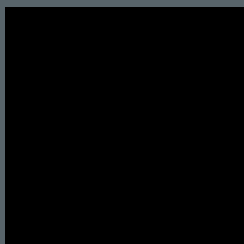
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

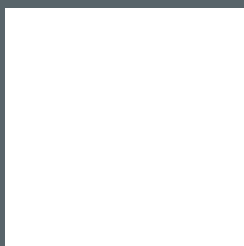
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068.



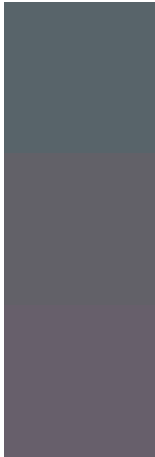
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1832, 12.2297,

15.4068.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068

Protanopia

11.8104, 12.1455, 14.8186

Deuteranopia

12.3396, 12.1295, 15.6008



Tritanopia

11.2884, 12.2718, 15.9611

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068

Protanomaly

11.5336, 12.1350, 15.0990

Deuteranomaly

11.9655, 12.2076, 15.6356

Tritanomaly

11.2355, 12.2506, 15.6823

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

11.2840, 12.0351, 13.7849

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(88, 100, 106) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 100, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 100, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 100, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 100, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 100, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 100, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 100, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 100, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 100,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1832, 12.2297, 15.4068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 100, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 100,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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