

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1916, 10.3844, 1.4145)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1916, 10.3844, 1.4145)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1193, 10.3241,
1.4067)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A5300
RGB	122, 83, 0
RGB Percent	48%, 33%, 0%
CMY	0.5216, 0.6745, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 1.00, 0.52
HSL	41°, 100%, 24%
HSV	41°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067
YIQ	85.1990, 49.8870, -17.5450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

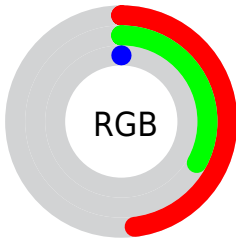
Format	Color
R_{YB}	57, 122, 0
Decimal	8016640
CIE _{Lab}	38.42, 9.98, 46.89
CIE _{LCh}	38, 47.945, 77.986
Yxy	10.3241, 0.4866, 0.4518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286206720 (0xFF7A5300)
YUV	85.1990, -42.0031, 32.2745
Hunter-Lab	32.1311, 5.5422, 19.8961

Details

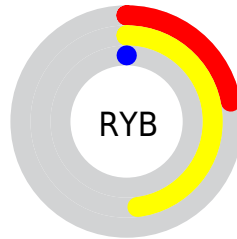
The XYZ color **11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4.2384, 2.8562, 18.7401**, and the grayscale version is **8.7548, 9.2107, 10.0305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5555, 26.3718, 7.3793**, and **3.0770, 2.6152, 0.3426** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1194, 10.3244, 1.4068**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4940, 10.9653, 1.8651**.

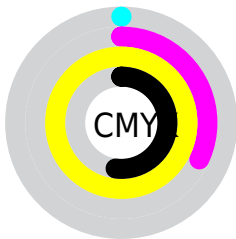
Distribution



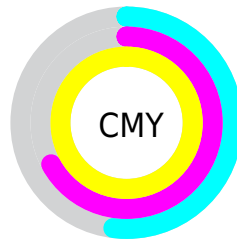
- Red (48%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1193, 10.3241,
1.4067

■ 11.1193, 10.3241,
1.4067

■ 192.3756,
192.9698, 112.3518

■ 6.2150, 5.6144,
0.1469

■ 27.5116, 26.4033,
7.3441

■ 3.0182, 2.6120,
0.0000

■ 39.7303, 38.5416,
13.0679

■ 1.1634, 0.9327,
0.0000

■ 55.1178, 53.9249,
21.1866

■ 0.0772, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.0395, 72.9376,
32.1187


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 96.8608, 95.9640,
46.2827


■ 123.9470,


123.3886, 64.0972


 155.6635,
155.5957, 85.9807


 11.1193, 10.3241,
1.4067


 11.1193, 10.3241,
1.4067


 11.1194, 10.3244,
1.4068

 11.4940, 10.9653,
1.8651

 11.9193, 11.6537,
2.5075

 12.4192, 12.3996,
3.4566

 13.0005, 13.2062,
4.7479

 13.6692, 14.0763,
6.4119

■ 14.4309, 15.0124,
8.4758

■ 15.2903, 16.0169,
10.9643

■ 16.2519, 17.0920,
13.8998

■ 17.3201, 18.2397,
17.3035

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4163, 10.3241, 2.6834



11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067



8.0695, 10.3241, 1.5262

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067



5.1301, 10.3241, 17.4463



14.9968, 10.3241, 27.1703

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067



4.2384, 2.8562, 18.7401

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.7905, 10.3241, 36.8894



11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067



6.3112, 10.3241, 29.5215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067



5.0255, 10.3241, 8.0221



8.6128, 10.3241, 37.9251



16.9533, 10.3241, 15.2234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067



6.5557, 10.3241, 2.3948



8.6128, 10.3241, 37.9251



14.0016, 10.3241, 31.0285

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1195, 10.3246, 1.4069



26.7846, 28.0463, 18.9456



8.4205, 4.2954, 2.4529



6.0044, 6.2743, 3.9796



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1195, 10.3246, 1.4069



19.4369, 17.9125, 2.4330



12.4013, 16.7243, 2.5746



4.2048, 4.4281, 4.2576



11.6994, 10.8548, 1.4786



55.0139, 50.1913, 6.7883

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.2384, 2.8562, 18.7401



7.3438, 4.7994, 32.9322



3.8082, 1.5575, 18.5121



3.8926, 4.0834, 5.0262



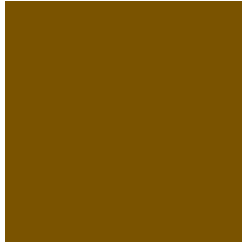
4.4553, 2.9929, 19.7282



20.5619, 12.8965, 93.8753

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

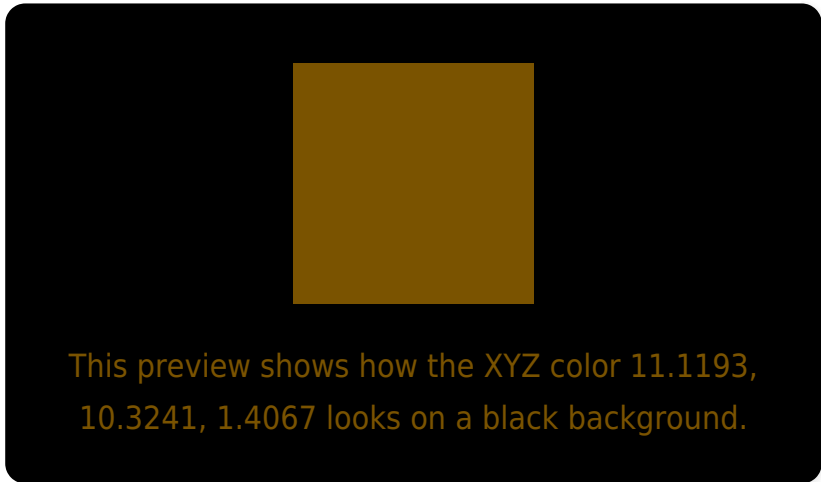
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1193, 10.3241,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067

Protanopia

9.3784, 10.3833, 1.7396

Deuteranopia

10.3980, 10.3004, 1.4401



Tritanopia

12.8194, 10.3679, 9.5092

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067

Protanomaly

9.9475, 10.3054, 1.6084

Deuteranomaly

10.7197, 10.3486, 1.4325

Tritanomaly

11.8960, 10.2090, 4.7117

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

8.8732, 9.2037, 4.7988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 83, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 83, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 83, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 83, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 83, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 83, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 83, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 83, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 83, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 83, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1193, 10.3241, 1.4067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 83, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 83,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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