

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.2008, 10.9981, 12.0085)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.2008, 10.9981, 12.0085)
contains.

XYZ(11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.1560, 10.9453,
12.1143)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	665A5E
RGB	102, 90, 94
RGB Percent	40%, 35%, 37%
CMY	0.6000, 0.6470, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.60
HSL	340°, 6%, 38%
HSV	340°, 12%, 40%
XYZ	11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143
YIQ	94.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

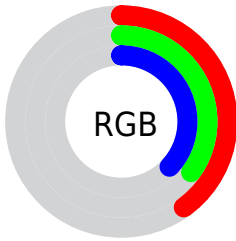
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 90, 94
Decimal	6707806
CIE _{Lab}	39.49, 5.64, -0.52
CIE _{LCh}	39, 5.660, 354.692
Yxy	10.9453, 0.3261, 0.3199
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284897886 (0xFF665A5E)
YUV	94.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774
Hunter-Lab	33.0837, 2.2947, 1.4483

Details

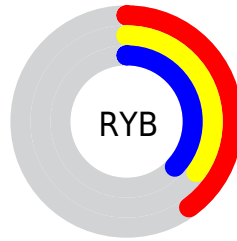
The XYZ color **11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.1728, 12.5584, 13.3911**, and the grayscale version is **10.6491, 11.2037, 12.2008**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5490, 27.5421, 30.2497**, and **3.0097, 2.8270, 3.1833** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0622, 9.2247, 10.3098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3954, 12.9138, 14.1004**.

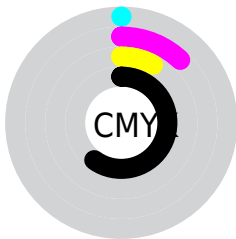
Distribution



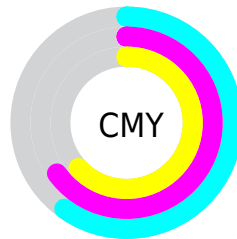
- Red (40%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1560, 10.9453,
12.1143

■ 11.1560, 10.9453,
12.1143

192.6210,
197.2919, 216.1652

■ 6.2399, 6.0301,
6.6981

■ 27.5787, 27.5590,
30.3706

■ 3.0336, 2.8634,
3.1984

■ 39.8160, 40.0262,
44.0478

■ 1.1715, 1.0608,
1.1968

■ 55.2244, 55.7795,
61.3157

■ 0.0837, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.1694, 75.2034,
82.5929

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.0161, 98.6822,
108.2979

124.1301,

126.6003, 138.8493

155.8766,
159.3420, 174.6655

■ 11.1560, 10.9453,
12.1143

■ 11.1560, 10.9453,
12.1143

■ 10.0622, 9.2247,
10.3098

■ 12.3954, 12.9138,
14.1004

■ 9.1076, 7.7407,
8.6808

■ 13.7847, 15.1381,
16.2723

■ 8.2867, 6.4833,
7.2222

■ 15.3291, 17.6274,
18.6350

■ 7.5933, 5.4412,
5.9281

■ 17.0332, 20.3900,
21.1933

■ 7.0206, 4.6022,
4.7924

■ 18.9016, 23.4341,
23.9515

■ 6.5611, 3.9527,
3.8086

■ 20.9385, 26.7673,
26.9140

■ 6.2066, 3.4776,
2.9695

■ 23.1481, 30.3969,
30.0849

■ 5.9468, 3.1576,
2.2672

■ 25.5345, 34.3301,
33.4684

■ 5.7680, 2.9402,
1.7759

■ 28.1014, 38.5737,
37.0682

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.0176, 10.9453, 13.1823



11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



11.0887, 10.9453, 11.0557

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



10.0977, 10.9453, 10.0973



9.9821, 10.9453, 13.7283

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



11.1728, 12.5584, 13.3911

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.7465, 10.9453, 12.8231



11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



9.8121, 10.9453, 10.7364

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



10.4716, 10.9453, 9.9332



9.6850, 10.9453, 11.7230



10.3350, 10.9453, 14.1501

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



10.9371, 10.9453, 10.4911



9.6850, 10.9453, 11.7230



9.8869, 10.9453, 13.4679

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1563, 10.9458, 12.1145



21.2041, 21.7960, 23.8804



11.0918, 10.8689, 14.0837



4.9717, 5.0932, 5.5849



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1563, 10.9458, 12.1145



19.0348, 18.3583, 20.3802



11.1524, 11.2177, 11.2510



2.8636, 2.8601, 3.1543



7.3911, 3.7694, 2.1917



38.1785, 19.5114, 9.4833

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.1563, 10.9458, 12.1145



19.0348, 18.3583, 20.3802



11.1722, 12.2476, 14.3455



2.8636, 2.8601, 3.1543



7.3911, 3.7694, 2.1917



38.1785, 19.5114, 9.4833

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

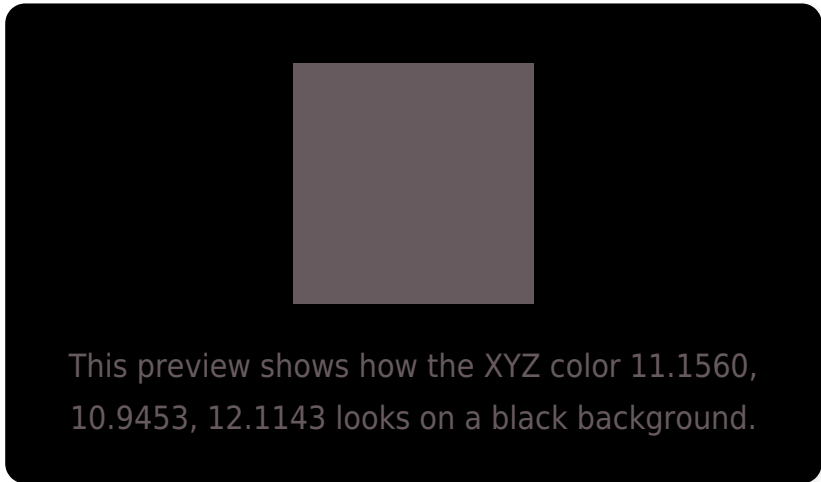
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

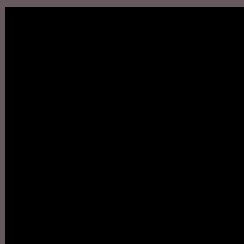
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1560, 10.9453,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143

Protanopia

10.6418, 11.0529, 12.6389

Deuteranopia

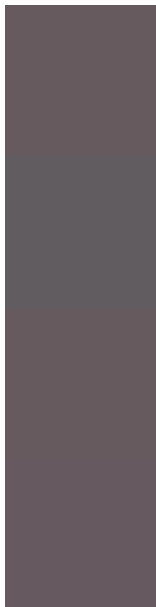
11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143



Tritanopia

11.2933, 11.0002, 12.8373

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143

Protanomaly

10.8225, 11.0219, 12.3835

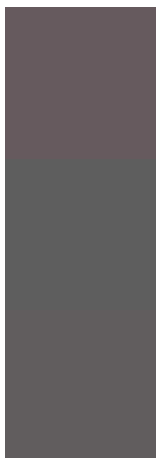
Deuteranomaly

11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143

Tritanomaly

11.2470, 10.9816, 12.5932

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143

Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatomaly

10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 90, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 90, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 90, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 90, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 90, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 90, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 90, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 90, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 90, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 90,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1560, 10.9453, 12.1143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 90, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 90,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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