

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.2536, 21.4155, 11.1311)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.2536, 21.4155, 11.1311)
contains.

XYZ(12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.0379, 21.7590,
11.1549)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009450
RGB	0, 148, 80
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 31%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4196, 0.6863
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.46, 0.42
HSL	152°, 100%, 29%
HSV	152°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549
YIQ	95.9960, -66.3800, -52.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

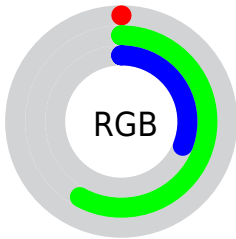
Format	Color
RYB	0, 96, 148
Decimal	37968
CIELab	53.77, -49.64, 26.71
CIELCh	54, 56.368, 151.715
Yxy	21.7590, 0.2678, 0.4841
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228048 (0xFF009450)
YUV	95.9960, -7.8860, -84.1885
Hunter-Lab	46.6465, -35.5666, 18.4742

Details

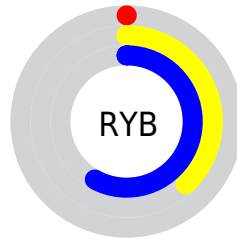
The XYZ color **12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **13.2569, 6.7138, 6.0674**, and the grayscale version is **11.1482, 11.7288, 12.7726**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.1315, 46.2549, 28.5118**, and **4.4574, 8.4755, 2.8399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0382, 21.7598, 11.1547**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4964, 21.9655, 12.5557**.

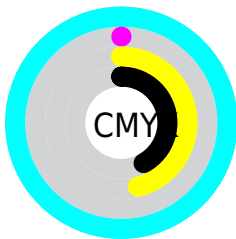
Distribution



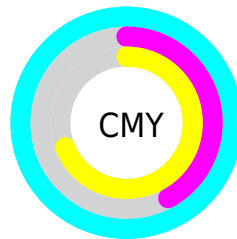
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0379, 21.7590,
11.1549

■ 12.0379, 21.7590,
11.1549

198.4208,
261.2851, 209.5026

■ 6.8419, 13.6799,
6.0556

■ 29.1804, 46.3474,
28.5873

■ 3.4089, 7.8984,
2.8096

■ 41.8575, 63.6254,
41.7574

■ 1.3735, 4.0300,
0.9983

■ 57.7591, 84.7386,
58.4550

■ 0.2372, 1.6904,
0.0000

■ 77.2505, 110.0713,
79.0985

■ 0.0000, 0.4174,
0.0000

■ 100.6970,
140.0079, 104.1065

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.4640,

174.9328, 133.8975

160.9168,
215.2304, 168.8900

■ 12.0379, 21.7590,
11.1549

■ 12.0379, 21.7590,
11.1549

■ 12.0382, 21.7598,
11.1547

■ 12.4964, 21.9655,
12.5557

■ 13.1170, 22.2518,
14.1002

■ 13.9665, 22.6531,
15.7956

■ 15.0709, 23.1827,
17.6466

■ 16.4526, 23.8518,
19.6576

■ 18.1311, 24.6707,
21.8327

■ 20.1244, 25.6485,
24.1760

■ 22.4488, 26.7935,
26.6913

■ 25.1195, 28.1135,
29.3822

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1505, 21.7590, 5.1530



12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



11.0991, 21.7590, 24.7027

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



21.0313, 21.7590, 75.0086



32.2351, 21.7590, 10.1423

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



13.2569, 6.7138, 6.0674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.6190, 21.7590, 22.7090



12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



27.4168, 21.7590, 64.8175

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



15.6457, 21.7590, 66.7869



32.7052, 21.7590, 43.2373



26.6958, 21.7590, 4.8008

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



11.6495, 21.7590, 38.2742



32.7052, 21.7590, 43.2373



33.4757, 21.7590, 13.3822

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0384, 21.7599, 11.1554



35.2782, 45.1413, 42.3973



13.0497, 22.4485, 3.6454



7.7335, 10.1477, 9.3104



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0384, 21.7599, 11.1554



21.1524, 38.3575, 19.2196



15.1785, 21.8040, 31.4266



5.8528, 6.5177, 6.8357



10.2961, 18.5912, 9.6005



0.1409, 0.2335, 0.1960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2569, 6.7138, 6.0674



23.3051, 11.8113, 10.2570



12.2669, 6.4034, 0.5897



5.9050, 5.8571, 6.6059



11.3364, 5.7396, 5.2527



0.1534, 0.0761, 0.1412

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0379, 21.7590,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549

Protanopia

19.7370, 21.4948, 9.4120

Deuteranopia

21.7761, 21.3633, 11.7799



Tritanopia

16.5949, 21.8313, 32.6174

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



Protanomaly

14.0883, 19.9736, 9.9502



Deuteranomaly

14.6463, 19.4141, 11.3629



Tritanomaly

14.2517, 21.5007, 22.8009

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549



Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381



Achromatomaly

9.9007, 13.9918, 11.8517

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 148, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 148, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 148, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 148, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 148, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 148, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 148, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 148, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 148, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 148, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.0379, 21.7590, 11.1549 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 148, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 148,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor