

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310)
contains.

XYZ(11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.2772, 12.1932,
32.3310)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23669A
RGB	35, 102, 154
RGB Percent	14%, 40%, 60%
CMY	0.8627, 0.6000, 0.3961
CMYK	0.77, 0.34, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	206°, 63%, 37%
HSV	206°, 77%, 60%
XYZ	11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310
YIQ	87.8950, -56.6240, 1.9680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

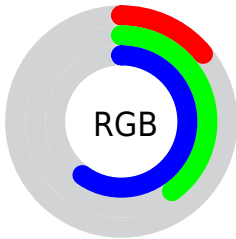
Format	Color
R_{YB}	35, 78, 154
Decimal	2320026
CIE _{Lab}	41.52, -2.25, -34.25
CIE _{LCh}	42, 34.327, 266.249
Yxy	12.1932, 0.2021, 0.2185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280510106 (0xFF23669A)
YUV	87.8950, 32.5898, -46.3889
Hunter-Lab	34.9188, -3.4603, -30.4530

Details

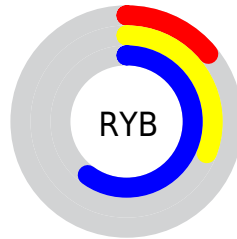
The XYZ color **11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **17.0386, 13.8088, 3.3579**, and the grayscale version is **9.1936, 9.6724, 10.5332**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8296, 29.9273, 64.6314**, and **3.8124, 3.7877, 13.1005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2301, 10.7112, 32.1004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6083, 13.9016, 32.5909**.

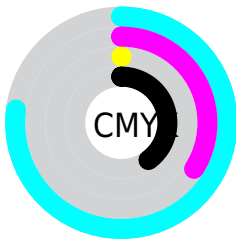
Distribution



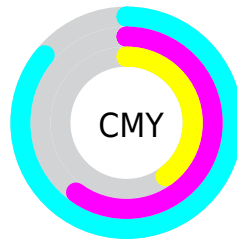
- Red (14%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.2772, 12.1932,
32.3310

■ 11.2772, 12.1932,
32.3310

■ 193.4288,
205.6802, 327.1634

■ 6.3223, 6.8754,
21.3475

■ 27.8001, 29.8465,
64.4336

■ 3.0845, 3.3843,
13.1846

■ 40.0987, 42.9508,
86.3897

■ 1.1986, 1.3355,
7.4235

■ 55.5759, 59.4193,
112.8406

■ 0.1053, 0.1684,
3.6459

■ 74.5972, 79.6366,
144.2046

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.4332

■ 97.5277, 103.9869,
180.9003

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1674

■ 124.7329,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

132.8546, 223.3464

0.0000

156.5782,
166.6243, 271.9612

■ 11.2772, 12.1932,
32.3310

■ 11.2772, 12.1932,
32.3310

■ 10.2301, 10.7112,
32.1004

■ 12.6083, 13.9016,
32.5909

■ 9.4198, 9.4291,
31.8956

■ 14.2500, 15.8515,
32.8807

■ 9.2171, 9.1017,
31.8431

■ 16.2268, 18.0575,
33.2023

■ 18.5605, 20.5324,
33.5570

■ 21.2707, 23.2881,
33.9461

■ 24.3755, 26.3355,
34.3707

■ 27.8918, 29.6850,
34.8318

■ 31.8355, 33.3461,
35.3306

■ 36.2216, 37.3281,
35.8681

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.1153, 12.1932, 28.3540



11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310



13.8512, 12.1932, 29.8762

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310



16.4648, 12.1932, 8.0649



8.0300, 12.1932, 6.9956

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310



17.0386, 13.8088, 3.3579

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.5880, 12.1932, 4.3531



11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310



14.4747, 12.1932, 4.7962

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310



17.0868, 12.1932, 14.1988



11.9070, 12.1932, 3.7242



7.4190, 12.1932, 12.3947

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310



15.4258, 12.1932, 25.2736



11.9070, 12.1932, 3.7242



8.4483, 12.1932, 5.8428

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2777, 12.1936, 32.3313



40.7007, 44.3486, 61.9513



13.9519, 24.1500, 12.8512



8.7952, 9.6246, 13.9645



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2777, 12.1936, 32.3313



17.4445, 17.6648, 58.0265



7.3878, 4.4139, 31.0347



6.1585, 6.5743, 7.8733



7.5454, 7.4874, 25.9552



0.1490, 0.1842, 0.4001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3261, 9.0319, 13.4536



27.7317, 14.1427, 18.9044



23.9193, 27.5701, 5.6515



6.3471, 6.2780, 7.2079



12.2673, 6.1612, 7.9326



0.2016, 0.0994, 0.2147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

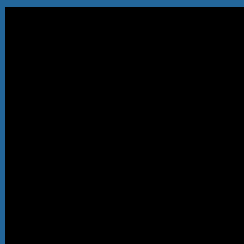
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

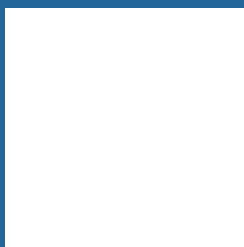
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.2772, 12.1932,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310

Protanopia

12.8321, 12.1979, 30.1119

Deuteranopia

12.4641, 12.2257, 32.7132



Tritanopia

8.5734, 12.0095, 18.6958

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310

Protanomaly

12.0035, 12.0265, 30.9668

Deuteranomaly

11.8996, 12.0745, 32.7138

Tritanomaly

9.3493, 12.0053, 22.9436

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

9.2932, 10.2638, 16.8205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 102, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 102, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 102, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 102, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 102, 154) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 102, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 102, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 102, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 102, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 102,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.2772, 12.1932, 32.3310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 102, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 102,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor