

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.2936, 14.2858, 29.3569)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.2936, 14.2858, 29.3569)
contains.

XYZ(11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.3190, 14.3368,
29.3648)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007392
RGB	0, 115, 146
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 57%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5490, 0.4274
CMYK	1.00, 0.21, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	193°, 100%, 29%
HSV	193°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648
YIQ	84.1490, -78.4910, -14.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

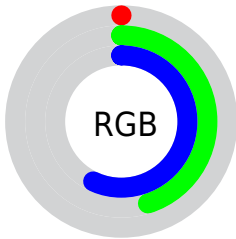
Format	Color
RYB	0, 64, 146
Decimal	29586
CIELab	44.71, -15.70, -24.54
CIElCh	45, 29.130, 237.399
Yxy	14.3368, 0.2057, 0.2606
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219666 (0xFF007392)
YUV	84.1490, 30.4925, -73.7987
Hunter-Lab	37.8640, -12.9014, -19.4766

Details

The XYZ color **11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **12.3447, 7.0919, 0.7187**, and the grayscale version is **8.4095, 8.8474, 9.6348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.9002, 33.6924, 59.6764**, and **4.0727, 4.8405, 11.5461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3189, 14.3363, 29.3650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8696, 15.1546, 29.4939**.

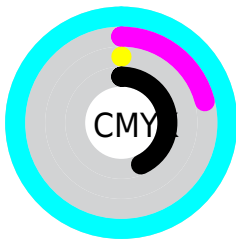
Distribution



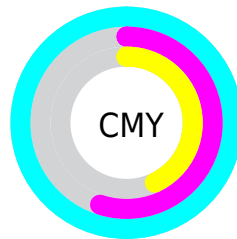
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.3190, 14.3368,
29.3648

■ 11.3190, 14.3368,
29.3648

■ 193.7066,
219.3161, 313.0469

■ 6.3507, 8.3553,
19.1090

■ 27.8763, 33.6854,
59.7053

■ 3.1022, 4.3231,
11.5715

■ 40.1960, 47.8214,
80.6270

■ 1.2080, 1.8559,
6.3336

■ 55.6969, 65.4442,
105.9412

■ 0.1127, 0.5217,
2.9769

■ 74.7444, 86.9384,
136.0663

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0829

■ 97.7037, 112.6883,
171.4209

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.9403,

143.0782, 212.4235

156.8195,
178.4927, 259.4927

■ 11.3190, 14.3368,
29.3648

■ 11.3190, 14.3368,
29.3648

■ 11.3189, 14.3363,
29.3650

■ 11.8696, 15.1546,
29.4939

■ 12.5632, 16.0637,
29.6328

■ 13.4649, 17.0980,
29.7850

■ 14.5992, 18.2704,
29.9515

■ 15.9871, 19.5919,
30.1334

■ 17.6471, 21.0722,
30.3316

■ 19.5962, 22.7200,
30.5470

■ 21.8495, 24.5435,
30.7802

■ 24.4214, 26.5502,
31.0319

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.9727, 14.3368, 22.4086



11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648



13.4212, 14.3368, 32.5844

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648



18.6969, 14.3368, 16.2093



11.6380, 14.3368, 6.6630

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648



12.3447, 7.0919, 0.7187

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8342, 14.3368, 5.8751



11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648



18.0793, 14.3368, 10.3482

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648



17.8311, 14.3368, 23.7376



16.2285, 14.3368, 7.0039



10.1413, 14.3368, 9.5888

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648



15.0332, 14.3368, 31.6416



16.2285, 14.3368, 7.0039



12.3107, 14.3368, 6.1842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3195, 14.3373, 29.3652



34.3414, 39.8915, 53.8634



10.5036, 20.6478, 4.6082



7.3422, 8.6258, 11.9502



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3195, 14.3373, 29.3652



19.8418, 25.0392, 51.7608



6.0823, 3.8629, 27.6194



5.8607, 6.3553, 7.3875



9.9769, 12.6487, 25.8466



0.1431, 0.1968, 0.3233

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9490, 7.3493, 16.8508



26.3072, 12.9386, 29.3901



16.6259, 15.6543, 2.1458



5.9831, 5.8883, 7.0173



13.1630, 6.4702, 14.8711



0.1717, 0.0834, 0.2378

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648.

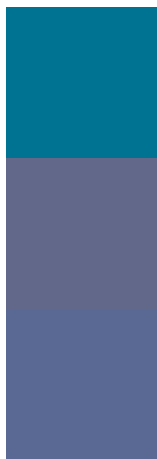


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3190, 14.3368,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648

Protanopia

14.4675, 14.2770, 26.0380

Deuteranopia

14.5121, 14.2124, 29.9954



Tritanopia

10.1272, 14.2289, 21.9514

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648

Protanomaly

12.1569, 13.6723, 27.1976

Deuteranomaly

12.3164, 13.7016, 29.5993

Tritanomaly

10.4790, 14.1842, 24.3758

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648

Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546

Achromatomaly

8.2142, 10.0028, 15.4077

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.3190, 14.3368, 29.3648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor