

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.3180, 8.6151,
2.2288)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82411D
RGB	130, 65, 29
RGB Percent	51%, 25%, 11%
CMY	0.4902, 0.7451, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.78, 0.49
HSL	21°, 64%, 31%
HSV	21°, 78%, 51%
XYZ	11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288
YIQ	80.3310, 50.2960, 2.5840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

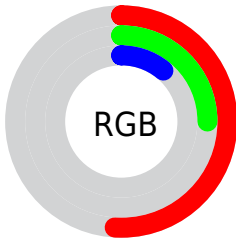
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 85, 29
Decimal	8536349
CIE Lab	35.23, 25.16, 33.62
CIE LCh	35, 41.993, 53.193
Yxy	8.6151, 0.5107, 0.3887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286726429 (0xFF82411D)
YUV	80.3310, -25.3062, 43.5597
Hunter-Lab	29.3515, 17.4649, 16.0439

Details

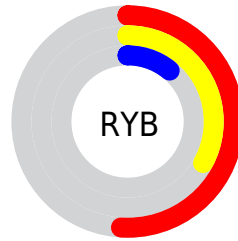
The XYZ color **11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **8.5385, 9.8779, 22.5756**, and the grayscale version is **7.7309, 8.1335, 8.8574**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.7808, 23.1074, 9.6526**, and **3.1345, 1.9616, 0.2134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7447, 7.6738, 1.4052**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0307, 9.7268, 3.4340**.

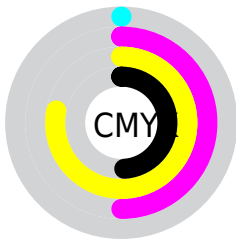
Distribution



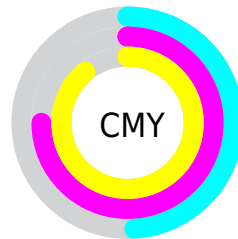
- Red (51%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.3180, 8.6151,
2.2288

■ 11.3180, 8.6151,
2.2288

193.7000,
180.4800, 125.8341

■ 6.3500, 4.4910,
0.6909

■ 27.8745, 23.1558,
9.6574

■ 3.1017, 1.9518,
0.0000

■ 40.1937, 34.3411,
16.4102

■ 1.2078, 0.5793,
0.0000

■ 55.6940, 48.6489,
25.7467

■ 0.1125, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 74.7409, 66.4637,
38.0855


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 97.6995, 88.1698,
53.8451

■ 124.9353,


114.1517, 73.4440


 156.8137,
144.7936, 97.3009


 11.3180, 8.6151,
2.2288


 11.3180, 8.6151,
2.2288


 10.7447, 7.6738,
1.4052


 12.0307, 9.7268,
3.4340

 10.2904, 6.8886,
0.8735

 12.8929, 11.0165,
5.0615

 10.1962, 6.7265,
0.7609

 13.9141, 12.4927,
7.1471

 15.1027, 14.1631,
9.7227

 16.4667, 16.0347,
12.8172

■ 18.0133, 18.1144,
16.4574

■ 19.7495, 20.4086,
20.6682

■ 21.6816, 22.9233,
25.4728

■ 23.8159, 25.6644,
30.8933

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.2764, 8.6151, 5.0365



11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288



8.7546, 8.6151, 1.3804

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288



4.3707, 8.6151, 7.8824



10.1693, 8.6151, 27.8335

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288



8.5385, 9.8779, 22.5756

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.6471, 8.6151, 29.9215



11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288



4.6014, 8.6151, 15.6971

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288



4.9888, 8.6151, 3.4314



5.6965, 8.6151, 24.6861



12.5268, 8.6151, 19.8951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288



7.1679, 8.6151, 1.4538



5.6965, 8.6151, 24.6861



9.3015, 8.6151, 29.3642

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3182, 8.6156, 2.2290



30.0953, 29.7206, 25.1259



11.6950, 6.4445, 11.3709



6.6282, 6.4789, 5.2581



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3182, 8.6156, 2.2290



18.3189, 12.4667, 1.7817



15.5413, 17.0618, 3.6367



4.4435, 4.5757, 4.5691



9.7827, 6.4617, 0.7316



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.5385, 9.8779, 22.5756



13.0947, 14.6154, 39.3234



5.4423, 3.6856, 21.5436



4.3215, 4.6369, 5.4805



6.8846, 7.5876, 21.3517



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

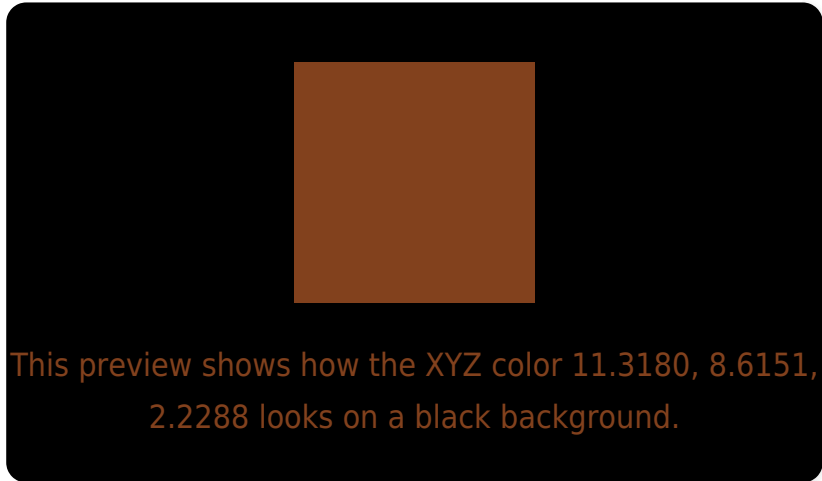
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3180, 8.6151,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288

Protanopia

7.9733, 8.7833, 2.7885

Deuteranopia

8.7866, 8.6612, 2.0728



Tritanopia

12.1386, 8.6247, 6.0260

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288

Protanomaly

8.8584, 8.4762, 2.5357

Deuteranomaly

9.5747, 8.5495, 2.1229

Tritanomaly

11.7025, 8.5185, 4.2763

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288

Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359

Achromatomaly

8.3954, 7.9657, 5.5099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 65, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 65, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 65, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 65, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 65, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 65, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 65, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 65, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 65, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 65,  
29) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.3180, 8.6151, 2.2288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 65, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 65,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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