

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.3654, 9.0533, 1.1484)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.3654, 9.0533, 1.1484)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.3340, 9.0021,
1.1402)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	824500
RGB	130, 69, 0
RGB Percent	51%, 27%, 0%
CMY	0.4902, 0.7294, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 1.00, 0.49
HSL	32°, 100%, 25%
HSV	32°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402
YIQ	79.3730, 58.5050, -8.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

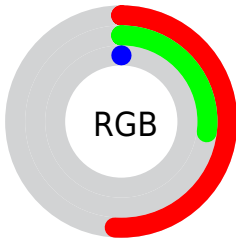
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 130, 0
Decimal	8537344
CIE _{Lab}	35.99, 22.02, 45.88
CIE _{LCh}	36, 50.888, 64.365
Yxy	9.0021, 0.5277, 0.4192
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286727424 (0xFF824500)
YUV	79.3730, -39.1309, 44.3999
Hunter-Lab	30.0035, 14.9233, 18.7493

Details

The XYZ color **11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **5.6978, 4.9488, 21.7737**, and the grayscale version is **7.5691, 7.9633, 8.6720**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8601, 23.9053, 6.5140**, and **3.1507, 2.1091, 0.2410** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3341, 9.0025, 1.1403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8016, 9.8211, 1.6545**.

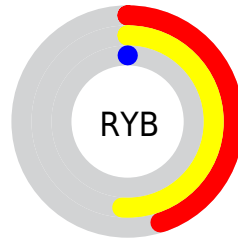
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (27%)

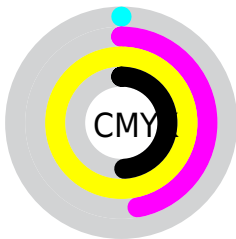
Blue (0%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (0%)

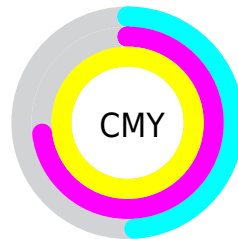


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.3340, 9.0021,
1.1402

■ 11.3340, 9.0021,
1.1402

■ 193.8062,
183.3936, 107.1421

■ 6.3609, 4.7426,
0.0000

■ 27.9037, 23.9008,
6.5183

■ 3.1085, 2.0970,
0.0000

■ 40.2309, 35.3087,
11.8470

■ 1.2114, 0.6629,
0.0000

■ 55.7403, 49.8683,
19.4935

■ 0.1153, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 74.7972, 67.9638,
29.8764


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.7668, 89.9797,
43.4141


■ 125.0146,


116.3003, 60.5253


 156.9060,
147.3102, 81.6284


 11.3340, 9.0021,
1.1402


 11.3340, 9.0021,
1.1402


 11.3341, 9.0025,
1.1403

 11.8016, 9.8211,
1.6545

 12.3498, 10.7355,
2.3987

 13.0048, 11.7579,
3.5037

 13.7755, 12.8933,
5.0116

 14.6695, 14.1466,
6.9587

■ 15.6941, 15.5220,
9.3769

■ 16.8554, 17.0237,
12.2954

■ 18.1596, 18.6553,
15.7408

■ 19.6119, 20.4205,
19.7379

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3262, 9.0021, 3.0757



11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402



8.1202, 9.0021, 0.7906

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402



3.9608, 9.0021, 11.1280



12.2863, 9.0021, 31.0488

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402



5.6978, 4.9488, 21.7737

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.0076, 9.0021, 37.6483



11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402



4.5901, 9.0021, 22.5673

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402



4.3034, 9.0021, 4.2080



6.2740, 9.0021, 33.8707



14.9610, 9.0021, 18.9435

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402



6.3697, 9.0021, 1.1033



6.2740, 9.0021, 33.8707



11.1933, 9.0021, 34.2294

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3342, 9.0026, 1.1404



29.5371, 29.7932, 21.2743



10.0984, 5.1028, 5.1310



6.5182, 6.5291, 4.3890



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3342, 9.0026, 1.1404



19.8126, 15.5583, 1.9588



16.8594, 20.5412, 3.0763



4.5019, 4.6926, 4.5886



10.8747, 8.6458, 1.0957



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.6978, 4.9488, 21.7737



9.8894, 8.4254, 38.2975



4.0564, 1.6257, 21.2187



4.2622, 4.5185, 5.4608



5.4700, 4.7586, 20.8801



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

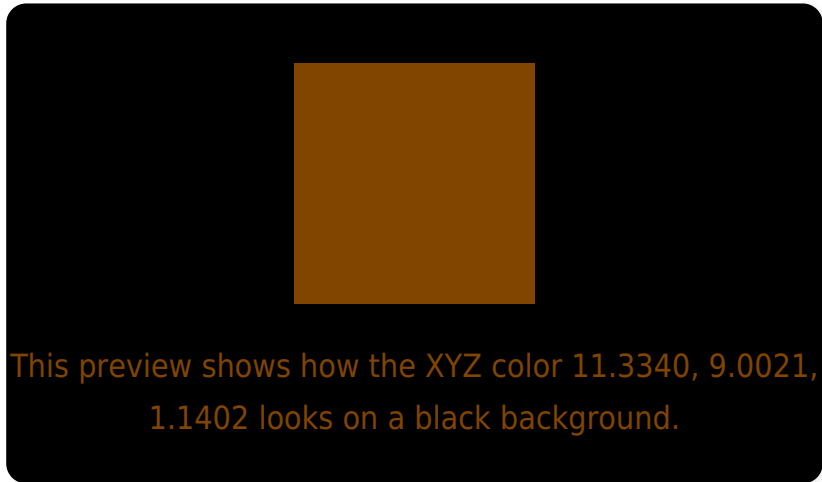
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3340, 9.0021,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402

Protanopia

8.2121, 9.1665, 1.6531

Deuteranopia

9.1268, 9.0730, 1.2702



Tritanopia

12.4233, 9.0020, 6.7130

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402

Protanomaly

9.0914, 8.9408, 1.4476

Deuteranomaly

9.8563, 9.0208, 1.2217

Tritanomaly

11.7629, 8.9036, 3.4815

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

8.1288, 7.8591, 4.1061

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 69, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 69, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 69, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 69, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 69, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 69, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 69, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 69, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 69, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 69, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.3340, 9.0021, 1.1402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 69, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 69,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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