

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.3718, 16.9843, 7.2368)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.3718, 16.9843, 7.2368)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.4394, 17.0630,
7.2480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C7F3E
RGB	76, 127, 62
RGB Percent	30%, 50%, 24%
CMY	0.7020, 0.5020, 0.7569
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.51, 0.50
HSL	107°, 34%, 37%
HSV	107°, 51%, 50%
XYZ	11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480
YIQ	104.3410, -9.5310, -31.0270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

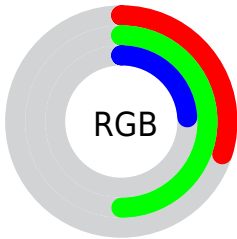
Format	Color
RYB	62, 127, 113
Decimal	5013310
CIELab	48.34, -30.46, 29.87
CIElCh	48, 42.665, 135.556
Yxy	17.0630, 0.3200, 0.4773
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283203390 (0xFF4C7F3E)
YUV	104.3410, -20.8741, -24.8551
Hunter-Lab	41.3074, -22.8553, 18.5118

Details

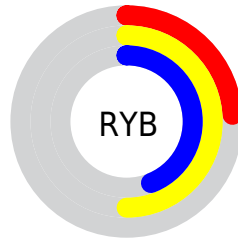
The XYZ color **11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **12.3641, 8.4887, 21.0663**, and the grayscale version is **13.3061, 13.9990, 15.2450**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.0926, 38.3794, 20.9663**, and **3.1410, 5.5489, 1.3574** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3997, 16.5632, 5.5881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6841, 17.6601, 9.3435**.

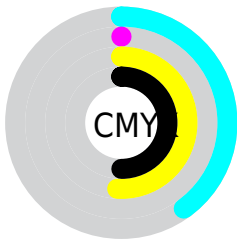
Distribution



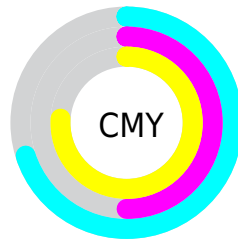
- Red (30%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.4394, 17.0630,
7.2480

■ 11.4394, 17.0630,
7.2480

■ 194.5045,
235.5352, 179.4171

■ 6.4327, 10.2794,
3.5369

■ 28.0957, 38.4341,
20.9917

■ 3.1530, 5.5846,
1.3749

■ 40.4759, 53.7903,
31.8614

■ 1.2352, 2.5942,
0.1220

■ 56.0447, 72.7730,
45.9544

■ 0.1339, 0.9237,
0.0000

■ 75.1675, 95.7663,
63.6891

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.2094, 123.1548,
85.4843

■ 125.5360,

155.3229, 111.7583

157.5126,
192.6549, 142.9297

■ 11.4394, 17.0630,
7.2480

■ 11.4394, 17.0630,
7.2480

■ 10.3997, 16.5632,
5.5881

■ 12.6841, 17.6601,
9.3435

■ 9.5523, 16.1532,
4.3321

■ 14.1431, 18.3571,
11.9011

■ 8.8850, 15.8282,
3.4456

■ 15.8264, 19.1592,
14.9466

■ 8.3838, 15.5816,
2.8884

■ 17.7432, 20.0707,
18.5035

■ 8.0511, 15.4172,
2.5515

■ 19.9021, 21.0953,
22.5938

■ 22.3113, 22.2370,
27.2382

■ 24.9784, 23.4992,
32.4564

■ 27.9111, 24.8855,
38.2669

■ 31.1163, 26.3991,
44.6877

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.2921, 17.0630, 4.6340



11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480



9.9956, 17.0630, 13.7284

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480



14.4216, 17.0630, 48.0299



24.5503, 17.0630, 13.4022

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480



12.3641, 8.4887, 21.0663

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6000, 17.0630, 24.4549



11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480



18.3093, 17.0630, 47.8272

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480



11.5211, 17.0630, 38.4705



22.1703, 17.0630, 37.9941



22.0439, 17.0630, 7.0919

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480



9.8504, 17.0630, 20.7326



22.1703, 17.0630, 37.9941



24.8668, 17.0630, 16.5794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4398, 17.0637, 7.2484



30.2873, 35.2346, 30.3601



15.5184, 16.6522, 6.9540



6.9486, 8.1816, 6.8437



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4398, 17.0637, 7.2484



18.4110, 29.5575, 9.6817



11.0399, 16.7889, 10.3295



4.3560, 4.8599, 4.6286



8.1184, 15.5476, 2.5731



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3641, 8.4887, 21.0663



20.2269, 12.4106, 37.2857



13.2135, 9.0529, 15.4022



4.4104, 4.3672, 5.4238



9.1234, 4.2570, 20.5908



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.4394, 17.0630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480

Protanopia

15.3852, 16.7757, 6.4301

Deuteranopia

17.1292, 16.8315, 7.6562



Tritanopia

14.7034, 17.0926, 23.2931

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480

Protanomaly

13.5706, 16.6976, 6.6454

Deuteranomaly

14.4020, 16.5854, 7.4433

Tritanomaly

13.2889, 17.0707, 15.9592

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480

Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

Achromatomaly

12.2134, 14.6893, 11.6428

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 127, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 127, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 127, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 127, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 127, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 127, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 127, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 127, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 127, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 127,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.4394, 17.0630, 7.2480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 127, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 127,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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