

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.4062, 5.3091, 26.3308)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.4062, 5.3091, 26.3308)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.3883, 5.2982,
26.4090)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E008F
RGB	110, 0, 143
RGB Percent	43%, 0%, 56%
CMY	0.5686, 1.0000, 0.4392
CMYK	0.23, 1.00, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	286°, 100%, 28%
HSV	286°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090
YIQ	49.1920, 19.6570, 67.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

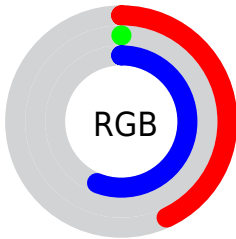
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 0, 143
Decimal	7209103
CIE _{Lab}	27.57, 58.70, -49.61
CIE _{LCh}	28, 76.858, 319.799
Yxy	5.2982, 0.2643, 0.1229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285399183 (0xFF6E008F)
YUV	49.1920, 46.2473, 53.3286
Hunter-Lab	23.0178, 48.0335, -51.9126

Details

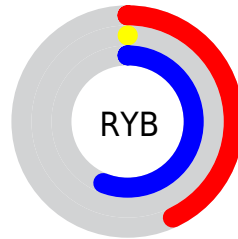
The XYZ color **11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **10.4499, 19.9684, 3.3037**, and the grayscale version is **2.8899, 3.0404, 3.3110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.0470, 16.4405, 55.1212**, and **3.4639, 1.5676, 10.0175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3883, 5.2981, 26.4091**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9680, 5.8363, 26.4824**.

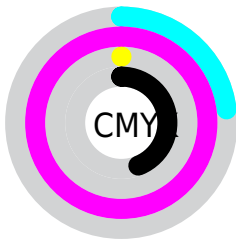
Distribution



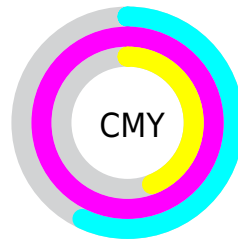
- Red (43%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.3883, 5.2982,
26.4090

■ 11.3883, 5.2982,
26.4090

194.1663,
152.6628, 298.4532

■ 6.3979, 2.4233,
16.9014

■ 28.0026, 16.4566,
54.9262

■ 3.1314, 0.8378,
10.0030

■ 40.3572, 25.5089,
74.7728

■ 1.2236, 0.0000,
5.2953

■ 55.8973, 37.3892,
98.9029

■ 0.1249, 0.0000,
2.3598

■ 74.9881, 52.4817,
127.7349


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7644

■ 97.9950, 71.1709,
161.6874

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.2835, 93.8412,

201.1789

 157.2188,
120.8771, 246.6280

 11.3883, 5.2982,
26.4090


 11.3883, 5.2982,
26.4090


 11.3883, 5.2981,
26.4091

 11.9680, 5.8363,
26.4824

 12.6704, 6.5971,
26.5922

 13.5505, 7.6902,
26.7568

 14.6286, 9.1558,
26.9829

 15.9219, 11.0283,
27.2762

■ 17.4459, 13.3381,
27.6417

■ 19.2143, 16.1129,
28.0841

■ 21.2400, 19.3778,
28.6075

■ 23.5347, 23.1562,
29.2159

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4338, 5.2982, 43.6161



11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090



13.9013, 5.2982, 9.5075

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090



6.2121, 5.2982, 0.0000



1.1709, 5.2982, 14.0856

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090



10.4499, 19.9684, 3.3037

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.0726, 5.2982, 3.1667



11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090



3.2184, 5.2982, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090



10.1739, 5.2982, 0.0000



1.6357, 5.2982, 0.0000



2.0063, 5.2982, 32.6164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090



13.9161, 5.2982, 3.2495



1.6357, 5.2982, 0.0000



1.0699, 5.2982, 9.3378

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3886, 5.2984, 26.4091



34.1938, 28.5123, 50.2392



5.5123, 3.0917, 26.2929



7.5572, 6.0894, 11.4493



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3886, 5.2984, 26.4091



20.2398, 9.4083, 47.2873



13.8709, 6.8570, 13.9217



5.5063, 5.4492, 6.7903



10.0881, 4.6942, 23.3515



0.1156, 0.0547, 0.2242

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6024, 5.9496, 1.9762



20.7214, 10.6320, 3.2415



10.1747, 19.7859, 5.1283



5.4567, 5.4432, 5.9030



10.2656, 5.2633, 1.7843



0.1054, 0.0532, 0.0554

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

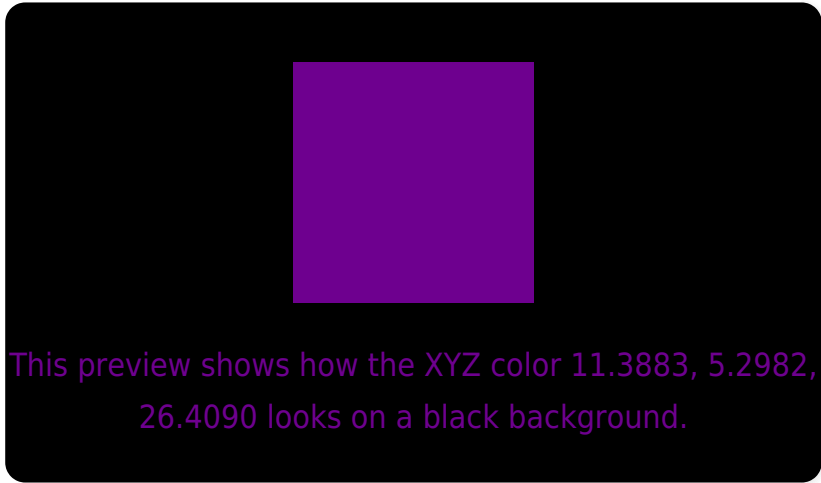
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

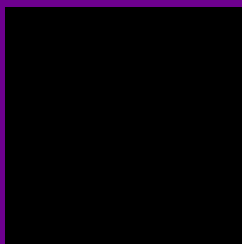
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.3883, 5.2982,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090

Protanopia

6.6084, 5.7605, 25.1897

Deuteranopia

5.6413, 5.7608, 18.9038



Tritanopia

7.2668, 5.7513, 5.0021

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090

Protanomaly

6.4367, 4.0005, 25.2439

Deuteranomaly

5.7759, 3.9129, 21.2197

Tritanomaly

7.9558, 4.8247, 10.1848

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090

Achromatopsia

2.9193, 3.0713, 3.3447

Achromatomaly

4.6499, 2.9441, 8.5068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 0, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 0, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 0, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 0, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 0, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 0, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 0, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 0, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 0, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 0,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.3883, 5.2982, 26.4090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 0, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 0,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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