

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.4292, 12.5267, 48.0194)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.4292, 12.5267, 48.0194)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.0170, 13.8532,
48.3895)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006ABA
RGB	0, 106, 186
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 73%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5843, 0.2706
CMYK	1.00, 0.43, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	206°, 100%, 36%
HSV	206°, 100%, 73%
XYZ	14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895
YIQ	83.4260, -88.8560, 2.4080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

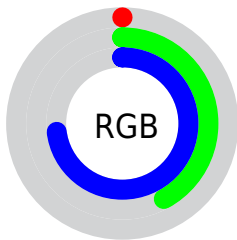
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 68, 186
Decimal	27322
CIE Lab	44.02, 5.45, -49.14
CIE LCh	44, 49.441, 276.330
Yxy	13.8532, 0.1838, 0.1817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217402 (0xFF006ABA)
YUV	83.4260, 50.5690, -73.1646
Hunter-Lab	37.2199, 2.0883, -51.0289

Details

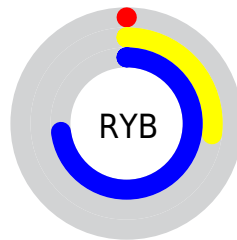
The XYZ color **14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **23.1220, 16.1831, 1.9063**, and the grayscale version is **8.2246, 8.6529, 9.4231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.7488, 32.9122, 89.4207**, and **5.7807, 4.8977, 22.4705** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0151, 13.8494, 48.3892**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1422, 15.7152, 48.6899**.

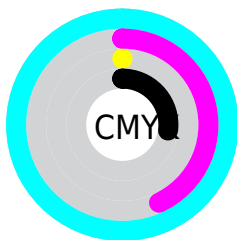
Distribution



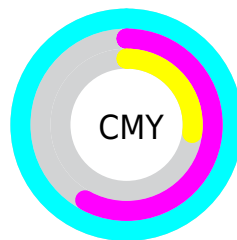
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.0170, 13.8532,
48.3895

■ 14.0170, 13.8532,
48.3895

210.8451,
216.3157, 396.8871

■ 8.2143, 8.0186,
33.7733

■ 32.7052, 32.8283,
89.1556

■ 4.2853, 4.1069,
22.4435

■ 46.3214, 46.7377,
116.1426

■ 1.8648, 1.7335,
13.9817

■ 63.2728, 64.1074,
148.0902

■ 0.5562, 0.4452,
7.9694

■ 83.9247, 85.3219,
185.4170

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.9878

■ 108.6425,
110.7656, 228.5416

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.6187

■ 137.7916,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

140.8229, 277.8824

0.3041

171.7374,
175.8781, 333.8581

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 14.0170, 13.8532,
48.3895

■ 14.0170, 13.8532,
48.3895

■ 14.0151, 13.8494,
48.3892

■ 15.1422, 15.7152,
48.6899

■ 16.5948, 17.8631,
49.0280

■ 18.4686, 20.3484,
49.4089

■ 20.8110, 23.1980,
49.8355

■ 23.6621, 26.4355,
50.3101

■ 27.0575, 30.0818,
50.8350

■ 31.0293, 34.1559,
51.4120

■ 35.6068, 38.6755,
52.0431

■ 40.8174, 43.6570,
52.7300

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3630, 13.8532, 44.8120



14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895



18.1647, 13.8532, 40.0643

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895



20.2329, 13.8532, 5.5589



7.3928, 13.8532, 7.9627

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895



23.1220, 16.1831, 1.9063

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.1821, 13.8532, 3.5105



14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895



16.4361, 13.8532, 2.6836

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895



22.1852, 13.8532, 12.8235



12.3522, 13.8532, 2.1846



6.9991, 13.8532, 17.5952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895



20.5017, 13.8532, 30.5248



12.3522, 13.8532, 2.1846



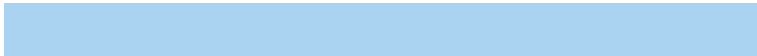
7.8308, 13.8532, 5.9923

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0176, 13.8536, 48.3899



55.8408, 61.5054, 93.1300



18.9178, 35.6616, 13.0053



11.6016, 12.8379, 20.4091



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0176, 13.8536, 48.3899



25.1576, 24.6119, 87.6260



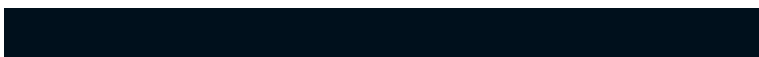
9.0421, 3.9026, 46.7314



8.9344, 9.5459, 11.4511



9.5044, 9.4685, 32.5797



0.3952, 0.4541, 1.1686

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.8518, 11.4807, 14.6473



41.2936, 20.7574, 25.8869



34.7195, 39.3781, 5.7721



9.2132, 9.0957, 10.4702



15.4111, 7.7382, 10.0515



0.5737, 0.2849, 0.5143

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

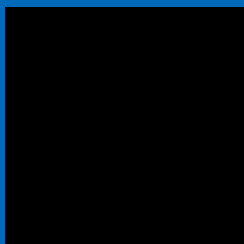
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0170, 13.8532,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895

Protanopia

15.3781, 13.8725, 45.5832

Deuteranopia

14.3055, 14.0020, 48.4030



Tritanopia

9.7059, 13.6915, 20.8701

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895

Protanomaly

14.3938, 13.6330, 46.6725

Deuteranomaly

14.1829, 13.9388, 48.3973

Tritanomaly

10.9825, 13.6637, 29.2526

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895

Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199

Achromatomaly

8.5994, 9.5951, 19.1681

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.0170, 13.8532, 48.3895 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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