

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.4683, 22.6910, 4.5797)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.4683, 22.6910, 4.5797)
contains.

XYZ(11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.5459, 22.8443,
4.6115)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009917
RGB	0, 153, 23
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 9%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.9098
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.40
HSL	129°, 100%, 30%
HSV	129°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115
YIQ	92.4330, -49.4580, -72.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

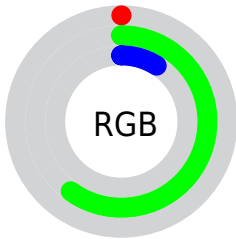
Format	Color
RYB	0, 133, 153
Decimal	39191
CIELab	54.91, -58.03, 52.55
CIELCh	55, 78.282, 137.837
Yxy	22.8443, 0.2960, 0.5857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229271 (0xFF009917)
YUV	92.4330, -34.2305, -81.0637
Hunter-Lab	47.7957, -40.5227, 27.7365

Details

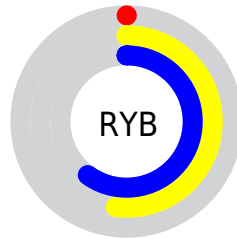
The XYZ color **11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **17.1666, 8.3843, 21.8320**, and the grayscale version is **10.3585, 10.8979, 11.8679**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.3683, 48.3040, 15.4179**, and **4.5572, 9.1143, 1.5191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5464, 22.8452, 4.6119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9122, 23.0149, 5.4841**.

Distribution



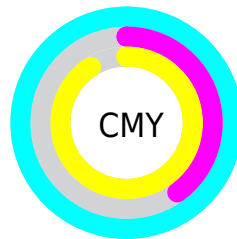
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5459, 22.8443,
4.6115

■ 11.5459, 22.8443,
4.6115

195.2073,
266.9243, 154.7973

■ 6.5053, 14.4786,
1.9665

■ 28.2894, 48.1375,
15.3972

■ 3.1982, 8.4543,
0.5345

■ 40.7230, 65.8339,
24.3749

■ 1.2594, 4.3870,
0.0000

■ 56.3516, 87.4092,
36.3005

■ 0.1525, 1.8923,
0.0000

■ 75.5405, 113.2478,
51.5927

■ 0.0000, 0.5437,
0.0000

■ 98.6553, 143.7343,
70.6700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.0611,

179.2529, 93.9508

158.1233,
220.1881, 121.8537

■ 11.5459, 22.8443,
4.6115

■ 11.5459, 22.8443,
4.6115

■ 11.5464, 22.8452,
4.6119

■ 11.9122, 23.0149,
5.4841

■ 12.4994, 23.2903,
6.7432

■ 13.3837, 23.7098,
8.4295

■ 14.5989, 24.2900,
10.5768

■ 16.1741, 25.0453,
13.2156

■ 18.1351, 25.9883,
16.3739

■ 20.5053, 27.1307,
20.0773

■ 23.3063, 28.4830,
24.3500

■ 26.5582, 30.0551,
29.2145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9932, 22.8443, 1.4810



11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



9.1467, 22.8443, 16.1036

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



18.3840, 22.8443, 106.9126



41.7803, 22.8443, 12.9214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



17.1666, 8.3843, 21.8320

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.4450, 22.8443, 36.3597



11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



27.2342, 22.8443, 103.7096

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



12.3293, 22.8443, 79.7557



36.5749, 22.8443, 72.7034



34.9467, 22.8443, 3.6075

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



9.0244, 22.8443, 31.9734



36.5749, 22.8443, 72.7034



42.7879, 22.8443, 18.9112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5464, 22.8452, 4.6120



36.4476, 48.4541, 35.5324



20.6057, 27.5333, 4.2285



7.6713, 10.5175, 7.2610



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5464, 22.8452, 4.6120



20.6336, 40.8941, 8.0278



13.6656, 23.6929, 15.7711



6.1681, 6.9400, 6.8088



9.5508, 18.8838, 3.8553



0.1513, 0.2857, 0.1022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1666, 8.3843, 21.8320



30.6875, 14.9928, 38.8097



13.7928, 7.0348, 4.0661



6.4213, 6.3077, 7.5986



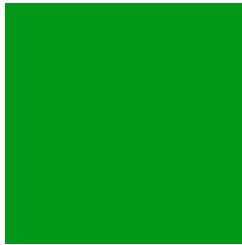
14.1969, 6.9330, 18.0939



0.2218, 0.1075, 0.3206

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5459, 22.8443,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115

Protanopia

20.2424, 22.4731, 3.7611

Deuteranopia

22.9005, 22.4610, 5.1359



Tritanopia

17.6201, 22.7691, 34.0380

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



Protanomaly

13.9663, 20.8919, 3.9125



Deuteranomaly

14.6616, 20.3865, 4.6756



Tritanomaly

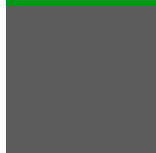
13.7949, 22.0698, 17.1685

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115



Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548



Achromatomaly

8.8341, 13.3697, 7.4252

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 23) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 23)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.5459, 22.8443, 4.6115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor