

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.5009, 15.2001,
2.3278)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	647400
RGB	100, 116, 0
RGB Percent	39%, 45%, 0%
CMY	0.6078, 0.5451, 1.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 1.00, 0.55
HSL	68°, 100%, 23%
HSV	68°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278
YIQ	97.9920, 27.7000, -39.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

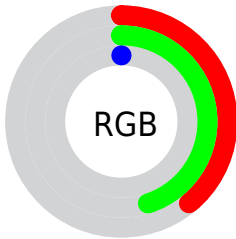
Format	Color
RYB	0, 116, 16
Decimal	6583296
CIELab	45.91, -19.53, 51.23
CIElCh	46, 54.826, 110.873
Yxy	15.2001, 0.3962, 0.5236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284773376 (0xFF647400)
YUV	97.9920, -48.3101, 1.7610
Hunter-Lab	38.9873, -15.5719, 23.7511

Details

The XYZ color **11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **3.3666, 1.3715, 16.6112**, and the grayscale version is **11.7197, 12.3300, 13.4274**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1986, 35.2231, 9.8699**, and **3.3337, 4.7872, 0.7483** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5011, 15.2007, 2.3279**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.7440, 15.3185, 2.6732**.

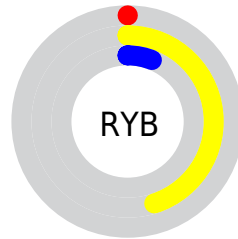
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (45%)

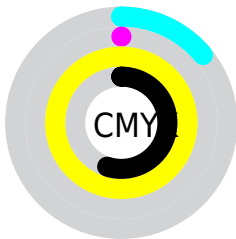
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (6%)

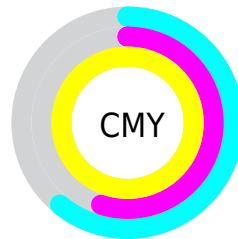


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5009, 15.2001,
2.3278

■ 11.5009, 15.2001,
2.3278

194.9107,
224.5742, 127.2755

■ 6.4746, 8.9599,
0.7467

■ 28.2076, 35.2038,
9.9190

■ 3.1791, 4.7151,
0.0000

■ 40.6187, 49.7362,
16.7822

■ 1.2492, 2.0811,
0.0000

■ 56.2220, 67.8014,
26.2485

■ 0.1447, 0.6539,
0.0000

■ 75.3830, 89.7839,
38.7365


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 98.4670, 116.0680,
54.6646


■ 125.8394,


147.0382, 74.4515


 157.8655,
183.0788, 98.5156


 11.5009, 15.2001,
2.3278


 11.5009, 15.2001,
2.3278


 11.5011, 15.2007,
2.3279

 11.7440, 15.3185,
2.6732

 12.0190, 15.4496,
3.1703

 12.3486, 15.6029,
3.9362

 12.7387, 15.7808,
5.0019

 13.1943, 15.9853,
6.3944

■ 13.7200, 16.2183,
8.1374

■ 14.3200, 16.4814,
10.2526

■ 14.9979, 16.7761,
12.7598

■ 15.7575, 17.1039,
15.6774

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9063, 15.2001, 1.9812



11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278



8.5816, 15.2001, 5.1095

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278



9.5249, 15.2001, 45.2657



25.1439, 15.2001, 20.9342

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278



3.3666, 1.3715, 16.6112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.5151, 15.2001, 38.4243



11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278



13.0803, 15.2001, 56.6608

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278



7.6217, 15.2001, 27.4020



17.8581, 15.2001, 53.6471



24.4676, 15.2001, 9.0249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278



7.5612, 15.2001, 9.5214



17.8581, 15.2001, 53.6471



24.5998, 15.2001, 26.3921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5012, 15.2008, 2.3281



25.0849, 28.9324, 17.7120



7.3805, 4.0684, 0.3965



5.8976, 6.8643, 3.9154



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5012, 15.2008, 2.3281



20.1371, 26.6781, 4.0881



7.2229, 12.9952, 2.1279



3.9194, 4.2419, 3.9545



12.8948, 17.0519, 2.6117



62.3027, 82.8200, 12.7022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3666, 1.3715, 16.6112



5.8455, 2.3733, 29.1945



5.9362, 2.6962, 16.7315



3.5433, 3.6119, 4.6006



3.7669, 1.5332, 18.6400



17.9152, 7.2441, 90.8143

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5009, 15.2001,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278

Deuteranopia

15.2930, 15.0694, 2.7645

Tritanopia

14.8216, 15.2373, 18.6829

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278

Deuteranomaly

13.7474, 15.0393, 2.5591

Tritanomaly

12.8643, 14.9275, 8.6818

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278

Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

Achromatomaly

11.0667, 13.1036, 6.5034

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 116, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 116, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 116, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 116, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 116, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 116, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 116, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 116, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 116, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 116,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.5009, 15.2001, 2.3278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 116, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
116, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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