

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.5054, 3.7456, 8.3209)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.5054, 3.7456, 8.3209)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(12.8890, 6.4642,  
8.7520)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F0053
RGB	143, 0, 83
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 33%
CMY	0.4392, 0.9999, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.42, 0.44
HSL	325°, 100%, 28%
HSV	325°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520
YIQ	52.2190, 58.5850, 56.1290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

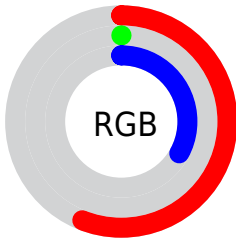
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	143, 0, 83
Decimal	9371731
CIELab	30.55, 56.21, -6.05
CIELCh	31, 56.538, 353.860
Yxy	6.4642, 0.4586, 0.2300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287561811 (0xFF8F0053)
YUV	52.2190, 15.1750, 79.6149
Hunter-Lab	25.4248, 45.9965, -2.6121

# Details

The XYZ color **12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **10.6388, 19.9714, 7.5718**, and the grayscale version is **3.2689, 3.4392, 3.7453**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.6348, 18.8485, 23.8533**, and **4.2803, 2.1662, 2.0262** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8886, 6.4640, 8.7503**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.2922, 6.8836, 10.0795**.

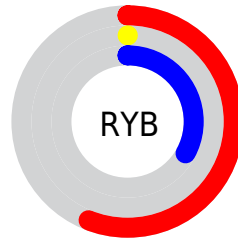
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (0%)

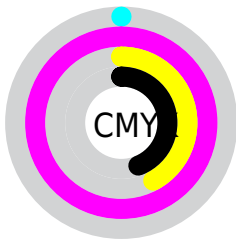
Blue (33%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (33%)

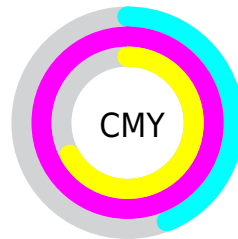


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 12.8890, 6.4642,  
8.7520


 12.8890, 6.4642,  
8.7520


203.8571,  
163.1343, 191.6663


 7.4286, 3.1293,  
4.4852


 30.7072, 18.8869,  
23.9901


 3.7803, 1.1996,  
1.8951

 43.7958, 28.7436,  
35.7984


 1.5786, 0.0614,  
0.4896

 60.1578, 41.5429,  
50.9576

 0.3784, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 80.1587, 57.6694,  
69.8863


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 104.1636, 77.5074,  
93.0030


 132.5381,

101.4413, 120.7262

 165.6475,  
129.8555, 153.4745

 12.8890, 6.4642,  
8.7520

 12.8890, 6.4642,  
8.7520


 12.8886, 6.4640,  
8.7503

 13.2922, 6.8836,  
10.0795

 13.8234, 7.5261,  
11.5510

 14.5377, 8.5012,  
13.1872

 15.4557, 9.8492,  
14.9973

 16.5949, 11.6048,  
16.9893

■ 17.9711, 13.7984,  
19.1705

■ 19.5983, 16.4577,  
21.5476

■ 21.4895, 19.6080,  
24.1271

■ 23.6569, 23.2727,  
26.9148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.3646, 6.4642, 19.9582



12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520



12.2223, 6.4642, 2.5735

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520



4.2736, 6.4642, 0.0681



3.5620, 6.4642, 27.1775

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520



10.6388, 19.9714, 7.5718

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.5133, 6.4642, 14.9316



12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520



2.8320, 6.4642, 1.4061

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520



6.7164, 6.4642, 0.0000



2.2920, 6.4642, 5.5645



5.6052, 6.4642, 34.6001



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520



10.7007, 6.4642, 0.9442



2.2920, 6.4642, 5.5645



3.1087, 6.4642, 23.1920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8892, 6.4646, 8.7521



34.8948, 29.1386, 38.3020



6.7972, 2.9317, 26.1941



7.7397, 6.2509, 8.4068



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8892, 6.4646, 8.7521



22.9948, 11.5414, 15.2128



11.3938, 5.8664, 0.8776



5.5318, 5.4733, 6.2986



11.4067, 5.7197, 7.7928



0.1201, 0.0591, 0.1326



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.8892, 6.4646, 8.7521



22.9948, 11.5414, 15.2128



13.9251, 21.2859, 24.8775



5.5318, 5.4733, 6.2986



11.4067, 5.7197, 7.7928



0.1201, 0.0591, 0.1326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

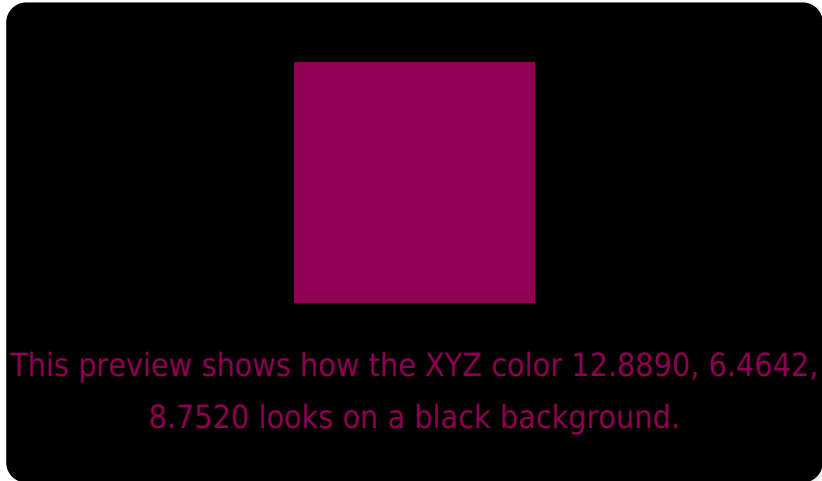
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.8890, 6.4642,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520

### Protanopia

7.5235, 7.1290, 18.4323

### Deuteranopia

7.2018, 7.0947, 8.0110



## Tritanopia

11.6478, 6.7787, 2.2079

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520

## Protanomaly

7.7379, 5.1975, 14.2311

## Deuteranomaly

8.0972, 5.4616, 8.0246

## Tritanomaly

11.8725, 6.4470, 3.8675

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520

## Achromatopsia

3.2640, 3.4340, 3.7396

## Achromatomaly

5.1874, 3.3779, 5.0812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 0, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 0, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 0, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 0, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 0, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 0, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 83)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.8890, 6.4642, 8.7520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 0, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 0,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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