

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.5060, 16.9910, 3.4942)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.5060, 16.9910, 3.4942)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.5460, 17.0098,
3.4853)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	577E17
RGB	87, 126, 23
RGB Percent	34%, 49%, 9%
CMY	0.6588, 0.5059, 0.9098
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.82, 0.51
HSL	83°, 69%, 29%
HSV	83°, 82%, 49%
XYZ	11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853
YIQ	102.5970, 9.8190, -40.3010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

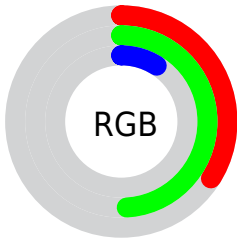
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 126, 62
Decimal	5733911
CIE _{Lab}	48.27, -29.41, 47.31
CIE _{LCh}	48, 55.707, 121.864
Yxy	17.0098, 0.3603, 0.5309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283923991 (0xFF577E17)
YUV	102.5970, -39.2413, -13.6786
Hunter-Lab	41.2429, -22.2039, 23.8597

Details

The XYZ color **11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **6.0597, 3.1438, 20.0271**, and the grayscale version is **12.8846, 13.5556, 14.7620**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.2398, 38.3375, 12.7489**, and **3.3814, 5.6828, 0.9187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0178, 16.7493, 2.9511**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1645, 17.3110, 4.3378**.

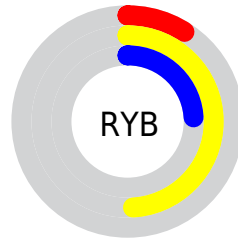
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (49%)

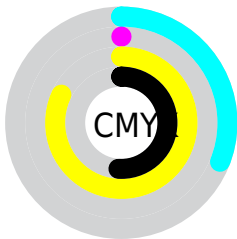
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (24%)

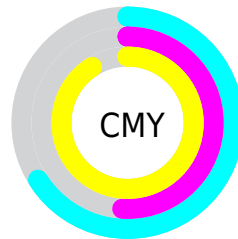


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5460, 17.0098,
3.4853

■ 11.5460, 17.0098,
3.4853

195.2080,
235.2288, 142.3201

■ 6.5053, 10.2415,
1.3475

■ 28.2896, 38.3426,
12.8042

■ 3.1983, 5.5594,
0.1002

■ 40.7232, 53.6759,
20.8222

■ 1.2595, 2.5790,
0.0000

■ 56.3519, 72.6330,
31.6375

■ 0.1526, 0.9161,
0.0000

■ 75.5409, 95.5982,
45.6684

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.6557, 122.9560,
63.3336

■ 126.0615,

155.0908, 85.0516

158.1239,
192.3870, 111.2409

11.5460, 17.0098,
3.4853

11.5460, 17.0098,
3.4853

11.0178, 16.7493,
2.9511

12.1645, 17.3110,
4.3378

10.6268, 16.5544,
2.6352

12.8801, 17.6539,
5.5473

13.7004, 18.0421,
7.1479

14.6314, 18.4783,
9.1696

15.6788, 18.9647,
11.6396

■ 16.8477, 19.5034,
14.5825

■ 18.1432, 20.0964,
18.0214

■ 19.5696, 20.7457,
21.9777

■ 21.1313, 21.4529,
26.4717

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8522, 17.0098, 2.2814



11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853



9.0019, 17.0098, 8.2249

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853



11.9905, 17.0098, 55.6833



28.0052, 17.0098, 17.6273

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853



6.0597, 3.1438, 20.0271

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.3827, 17.0098, 35.0617



11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853



16.4865, 17.0098, 62.8126

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853



9.2182, 17.0098, 37.5247



21.8816, 17.0098, 53.8126



25.9455, 17.0098, 7.3427

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853



8.3070, 17.0098, 14.8422



21.8816, 17.0098, 53.8126



27.8713, 17.0098, 22.7619

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5464, 17.0106, 3.4857



28.8380, 33.9532, 23.5763



10.4158, 7.8108, 1.7695



6.4259, 7.6615, 5.0267



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5464, 17.0106, 3.4857



18.7025, 29.1347, 4.7316



8.3695, 15.3728, 3.3370



4.5125, 4.9406, 4.6359



10.8968, 16.9799, 2.7031



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0597, 3.1438, 20.0271



8.7674, 3.8066, 35.0170



10.7890, 5.5819, 20.2484



4.2508, 4.2849, 5.4163



5.0957, 2.1806, 20.4023



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5460, 17.0098,

3.4853.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853

Protanopia

15.3103, 16.9791, 3.1322

Deuteranopia

16.9510, 16.6690, 3.6905



Tritanopia

15.3376, 16.9075, 22.5338

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853

Protanomaly

13.6716, 16.8252, 3.2365

Deuteranomaly

14.5209, 16.5611, 3.5937

Tritanomaly

13.2390, 16.5871, 11.9551

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

11.8502, 14.4047, 8.6344

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 126, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 126, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 126, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 126, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 126, 23) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 126, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 126, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 126, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 126, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 126,  
23) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.5460, 17.0098, 3.4853 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 126, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 126,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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