

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.5277, 16.3577, 37.1062)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.5277, 16.3577, 37.1062)
contains.

XYZ(14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(14.2002, 17.8231,
37.3421)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007FA3
RGB	0, 127, 163
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 64%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5020, 0.3608
CMYK	1.00, 0.22, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	193°, 100%, 32%
HSV	193°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421
YIQ	93.1310, -87.2480, -15.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

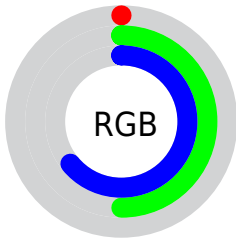
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 163
Decimal	32675
CIELab	49.28, -16.07, -27.44
CIELCh	49, 31.801, 239.643
Yxy	17.8231, 0.2047, 0.2569
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222755 (0xFF007FA3)
YUV	93.1310, 34.4454, -81.6759
Hunter-Lab	42.2174, -13.8404, -22.8909

Details

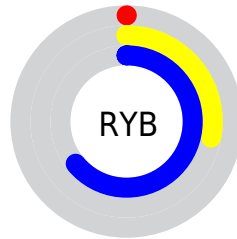
The XYZ color **14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **15.7361, 9.0498, 0.9181**, and the grayscale version is **10.3736, 10.9139, 11.8852**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.0960, 39.8283, 72.2730**, and **5.5936, 6.5965, 16.0174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1998, 17.8222, 37.3423**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.8932, 18.8833, 37.5106**.

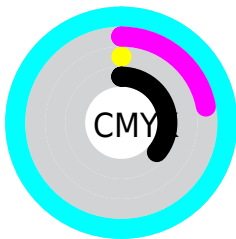
Distribution



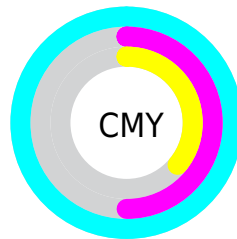
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.2002, 17.8231,
37.3421

■ 14.2002, 17.8231,
37.3421

■ 211.9585,
239.8721, 350.0025

■ 8.3427, 10.8231,
25.1746

■ 33.0271, 39.7357,
72.2908

■ 4.3686, 5.9480,
15.9870

■ 46.7273, 55.4170,
95.9091

■ 1.9127, 2.8135,
9.3607

■ 63.7723, 74.7608,
124.1815

■ 0.5842, 1.0351,
4.8772

■ 84.5276, 98.1516,
157.5264

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.1179

■ 109.3585,
125.9737, 196.3624

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6264

■ 138.6304,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

158.6116, 241.1080

0.0000

172.7086,
196.4496, 292.1819

■ 14.2002, 17.8231,
37.3421

■ 14.2002, 17.8231,
37.3421

■ 14.1998, 17.8222,
37.3423

■ 14.8932, 18.8833,
37.5106

■ 15.7793, 20.0678,
37.6925

■ 16.9341, 21.4159,
37.8919

■ 18.3903, 22.9448,
38.1102

■ 20.1754, 24.6689,
38.3489

■ 22.3140, 26.6012,
38.6092

■ 24.8281, 28.7531,
38.8920

■ 27.7379, 31.1354,
39.1985

■ 31.0622, 33.7580,
39.5295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4227, 17.8231, 28.7319



14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421



16.9045, 17.8231, 40.9405

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421



23.3574, 17.8231, 19.5090



14.2554, 17.8231, 8.3332

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421



15.7361, 9.0498, 0.9181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.9761, 17.8231, 7.1671



14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421



22.4386, 17.8231, 12.3546

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421



22.3955, 17.8231, 28.9632



20.0120, 17.8231, 8.3916



12.4518, 17.8231, 12.2236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421



18.9454, 17.8231, 39.3865



20.0120, 17.8231, 8.3916



15.0820, 17.8231, 7.6710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.2008, 17.8237, 37.3425



44.1888, 51.2631, 69.6219



13.4060, 26.3182, 5.9897



9.5036, 11.1572, 15.5902



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.2008, 17.8237, 37.3425



25.2766, 31.6099, 66.8252



7.5961, 4.6142, 35.1410



7.1428, 7.7446, 9.0215



11.0703, 13.9200, 29.0331



0.2638, 0.3548, 0.6204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.9356, 9.3195, 20.8801



33.8330, 16.6581, 36.9816



21.4453, 20.4683, 2.8212



7.2970, 7.1753, 8.5506



14.7332, 7.2494, 16.3178



0.3253, 0.1586, 0.4256

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

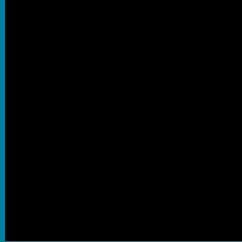
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421.

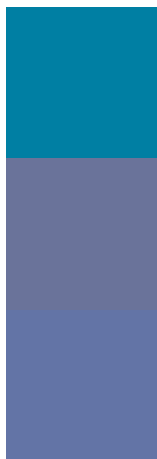


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.2002, 17.8231,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421

Protanopia

17.9073, 17.6587, 33.0365

Deuteranopia

18.2739, 17.8966, 38.5676



Tritanopia

12.7163, 17.8587, 27.5878

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421

Protanomaly

14.9974, 16.8213, 34.3547

Deuteranomaly

15.5579, 17.2063, 38.0985

Tritanomaly

13.1956, 17.8386, 30.7647

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.1252, 12.3410, 18.9879

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 127, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 127, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 127, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 127, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 127, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 127, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 127, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 127, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 127, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 127,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.2002, 17.8231, 37.3421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 127, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 127,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor