

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.5613, 14.5933, 27.7683)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.5613, 14.5933, 27.7683)
contains.

XYZ(11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.6068, 14.6907,
27.8150)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C748E
RGB	28, 116, 142
RGB Percent	11%, 45%, 56%
CMY	0.8902, 0.5451, 0.4431
CMYK	0.80, 0.18, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	194°, 67%, 33%
HSV	194°, 80%, 56%
XYZ	11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150
YIQ	92.6520, -60.7940, -10.5700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

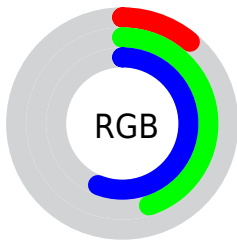
Format	Color
R _Y B	28, 78, 142
Decimal	1864846
CIE Lab	45.21, -15.76, -21.37
CIE LCh	45, 26.556, 233.589
Yxy	14.6907, 0.2145, 0.2715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280054926 (0xFF1C748E)
YUV	92.6520, 24.3286, -56.6998
Hunter-Lab	38.3284, -13.0206, -16.1969

Details

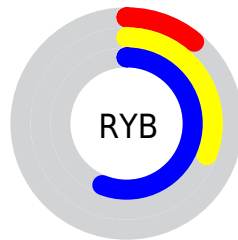
The XYZ color **11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **12.6847, 8.4739, 2.0663**, and the grayscale version is **10.2797, 10.8151, 11.7776**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.3801, 34.2661, 57.3428**, and **3.9989, 4.9070, 10.8616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9394, 13.8023, 27.6790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4715, 15.7007, 27.9647**.

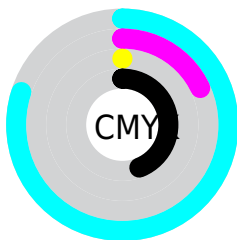
Distribution



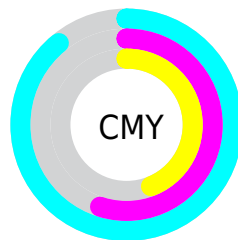
- Red (11%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.6068, 14.6907,
27.8150

■ 11.6068, 14.6907,
27.8150

■ 195.6081,
221.4864, 305.4659

■ 6.5468, 8.6026,
17.9484

■ 28.4000, 34.3097,
57.2085

■ 3.2241, 4.4829,
10.7439

■ 40.8640, 48.6093,
77.5725

■ 1.2734, 1.9472,
5.7829

■ 56.5267, 66.4149,
102.2727

■ 0.1632, 0.5765,
2.6469

■ 75.7534, 88.1109,
131.7277

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9165

■ 98.9096, 114.0816,
166.3559

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.3605,

144.7116, 206.5760

158.4715,
180.3850, 252.8065

■ 11.6068, 14.6907,
27.8150

■ 11.6068, 14.6907,
27.8150

■ 10.9394, 13.8023,
27.6790

■ 12.4715, 15.7007,
27.9647

■ 10.4168, 13.0216,
27.5558

■ 13.5550, 16.8427,
28.1280

■ 14.8774, 18.1276,
28.3063

■ 16.4562, 19.5646,
28.5004

■ 18.3071, 21.1618,
28.7112

■ 20.4444, 22.9271,
28.9393

■ 22.8815, 24.8673,
29.1853

■ 25.6310, 26.9891,
29.4500

■ 28.7046, 29.2989,
29.7338

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4444, 14.6907, 21.3310



11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150



13.4975, 14.6907, 31.2470

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150



18.5863, 14.6907, 17.3824



12.3428, 14.6907, 7.2849

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150



12.6847, 8.4739, 2.0663

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4392, 14.6907, 6.7462



11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150



18.1947, 14.6907, 11.6336

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150



17.6387, 14.6907, 24.2876



16.6184, 14.6907, 8.1126



10.8372, 14.6907, 9.8451

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150



14.9774, 14.6907, 30.8386



16.6184, 14.6907, 8.1126



12.9956, 14.6907, 6.8949

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.6073, 14.6912, 27.8154



34.3963, 39.0776, 50.8577



10.7882, 19.8476, 6.5954



7.4209, 8.5113, 11.3312



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.6073, 14.6912, 27.8154



18.5843, 23.2565, 48.6373



6.9937, 5.4641, 26.2775



5.4574, 5.9106, 6.8820



9.3668, 11.7197, 24.7455



0.1060, 0.1450, 0.2421

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7234, 7.8428, 17.2613



24.7394, 12.2957, 27.2150



16.9091, 16.9227, 3.4744



5.5744, 5.4903, 6.5225



12.5311, 6.1694, 13.7138



0.1281, 0.0623, 0.1748

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

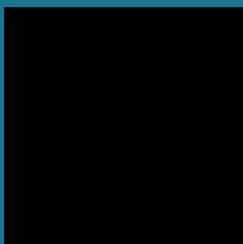
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150.

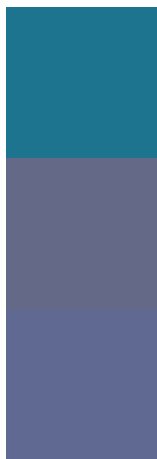


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6068, 14.6907,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150

Protanopia

14.5002, 14.4770, 24.5844

Deuteranopia

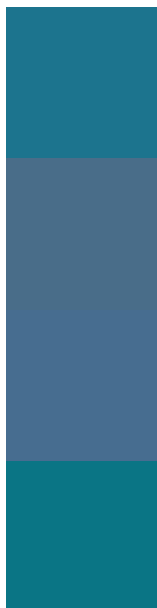
14.8817, 14.5804, 28.8180



Tritanopia

10.3747, 14.5154, 22.6770

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150

Protanomaly

12.7316, 14.1599, 25.7290

Deuteranomaly

13.1012, 14.2905, 28.4534

Tritanomaly

10.7201, 14.4806, 24.4203

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

9.9772, 11.7203, 16.7753

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 116, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 116, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 116, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 116, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 116, 142) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 116, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 116, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 116, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 116, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 116,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.6068, 14.6907, 27.8150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 116, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 116,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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