

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.5723, 17.1191, 12.2303)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.5723, 17.1191, 12.2303)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.6367, 17.2496,
12.1674)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	408059
RGB	64, 128, 89
RGB Percent	25%, 50%, 35%
CMY	0.7490, 0.4980, 0.6510
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.30, 0.50
HSL	143°, 33%, 38%
HSV	143°, 50%, 50%
XYZ	11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674
YIQ	104.4180, -25.6250, -25.6970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

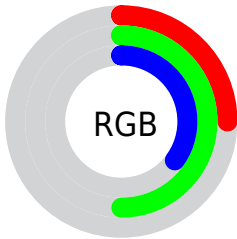
Format	Color
RYB	64, 110, 128
Decimal	4227161
CIELab	48.57, -30.06, 15.00
CIElCh	49, 33.591, 153.479
Yxy	17.2496, 0.2835, 0.4202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282417241 (0xFF408059)
YUV	104.4180, -7.6011, -35.4466
Hunter-Lab	41.5326, -22.6696, 11.7033

Details

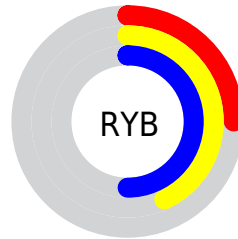
The XYZ color **11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **13.1842, 9.2356, 13.9203**, and the grayscale version is **13.2953, 13.9877, 15.2326**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.3865, 38.6248, 30.3853**, and **3.2230, 5.6555, 3.2072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5876, 16.7451, 10.4983**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9125, 17.8679, 14.0291**.

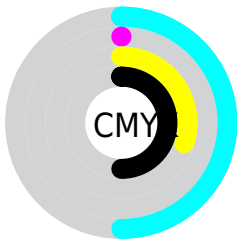
Distribution



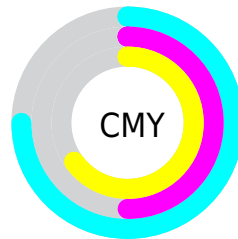
- Red (25%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.6367, 17.2496,
12.1674

■ 11.6367, 17.2496,
12.1674

195.8045,
236.6067, 216.5275

■ 6.5672, 10.4126,
6.7339

■ 28.4543, 38.7544,
30.4686

■ 3.2369, 5.6734,
3.2203

■ 40.9332, 54.1911,
44.1733

■ 1.2802, 2.6475,
1.2082

■ 56.6125, 73.2630,
61.4721

■ 0.1683, 0.9506,
0.0000

■ 75.8578, 96.3547,
82.7837

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.0342, 123.8505,
108.5265

126.5073,

156.1349, 139.1190

158.6423,
193.5921, 174.9798

■ 11.6367, 17.2496,
12.1674

■ 11.6367, 17.2496,
12.1674

■ 10.5876, 16.7451,
10.4983

■ 12.9125, 17.8679,
14.0291

■ 9.7496, 16.3451,
9.0143

■ 14.4267, 18.6045,
16.0882

■ 9.1070, 16.0420,
7.7092

■ 16.1917, 19.4661,
18.3508

■ 8.6412, 15.8265,
6.5758

■ 18.2188, 20.4585,
20.8224

■ 8.2952, 15.6693,
5.6049

■ 20.5184, 21.5869,
23.5082

■ 23.1004, 22.8564,
26.4133

■ 25.9742, 24.2716,
29.5426

■ 29.1488, 25.8371,
32.9009

■ 32.6326, 27.5572,
36.4926

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.3339, 17.2496, 7.8710



11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674



11.1552, 17.2496, 19.8324

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674



16.7581, 17.2496, 41.3748



21.8616, 17.2496, 10.8781

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674



13.1842, 9.2356, 13.9203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.0629, 17.2496, 17.7691



11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674



19.8926, 17.2496, 36.8299

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674



13.8848, 17.2496, 38.4697



22.3009, 17.2496, 27.4419



19.1913, 17.2496, 7.3074

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674



11.5310, 17.2496, 26.4019



22.3009, 17.2496, 27.4419



22.4648, 17.2496, 12.7903

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.6372, 17.2503, 12.1678



30.1096, 35.0559, 34.2873



14.2924, 18.7205, 7.7108



6.9037, 8.1362, 7.8488



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.6372, 17.2503, 12.1678



18.4152, 29.3733, 18.1033



13.2567, 17.8981, 20.6962



4.3402, 4.8444, 4.9626



8.2256, 15.5368, 5.5609



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1842, 9.2356, 13.9203



21.4638, 13.5414, 21.5280



11.8883, 8.7173, 7.0963



4.4292, 4.3848, 5.0646



10.1913, 5.0962, 7.5972



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6367, 17.2496,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674

Protanopia

15.8604, 17.0970, 10.6477

Deuteranopia

17.2246, 16.9287, 12.7157



Tritanopia

14.0260, 17.0809, 24.3875

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674

Protanomaly

13.8357, 16.9136, 11.1298

Deuteranomaly

14.4774, 16.6834, 12.5824

Tritanomaly

12.9586, 17.0159, 19.1244

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674

Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

Achromatomaly

12.2771, 14.8350, 14.0207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 128, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 128, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 128, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 128, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 128, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 128, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 128, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 128, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 128, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 128,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.6367, 17.2496, 12.1674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 128, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 128,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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