

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.6314, 6.7890, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.6314, 6.7890, 0.0000)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(11.6718, 6.7838,  
0.6942)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E2000
RGB	142, 32, 0
RGB Percent	56%, 13%, 0%
CMY	0.4431, 0.8745, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	14°, 100%, 28%
HSV	14°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942
YIQ	61.2420, 75.8320, 13.3680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

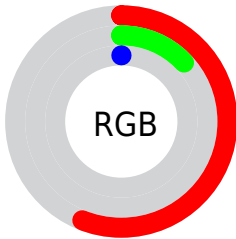
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	142, 41, 0
Decimal	9314304
CIELab	31.31, 44.60, 44.05
CIELCh	31, 62.691, 44.643
Yxy	6.7838, 0.6095, 0.3542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287504384 (0xFF8E2000)
YUV	61.2420, -30.1923, 70.8248
Hunter-Lab	26.0457, 34.4107, 16.6517

# Details

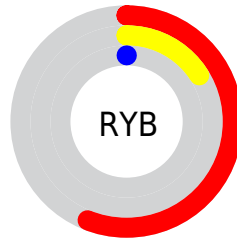
The XYZ color **11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **10.4573, 13.1027, 27.5688**, and the grayscale version is **4.5046, 4.7392, 5.1610**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.4899, 19.5655, 5.0712**, and **3.4797, 1.7938, 0.1628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6719, 6.7842, 0.6943**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1000, 7.5113, 1.2347**.

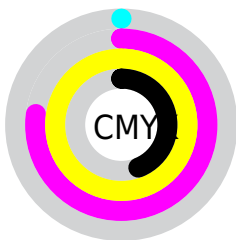
# Distribution



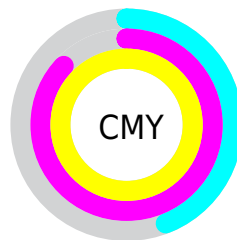
- Red (56%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 11.6718, 6.7838,  
0.6942


 11.6718, 6.7838,  
0.6942


 196.0349,  
165.8550, 97.3721

 6.5912, 3.3273,  
0.0000


 28.5180, 19.5369,  
5.0797


 3.2518, 1.3049,  
0.0000

 41.0143, 29.6023,  
9.6727


 1.2883, 0.1450,  
0.0000

 56.7133, 42.6394,  
16.4319

 0.1744, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 75.9802, 59.0327,  
25.7761


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 99.1805, 79.1665,  
38.1236


 126.6794,


103.4252, 53.8931


 158.8425,  
132.1932, 73.5031


 11.6718, 6.7838,  
0.6942


 11.6718, 6.7838,  
0.6942


 11.6719, 6.7842,  
0.6943

 12.1000, 7.5113,  
1.2347

 12.6891, 8.4755,  
2.0910

 13.4746, 9.7035,  
3.4100

 14.4735, 11.2137,  
5.2464

 15.7010, 13.0227,  
7.6473

■ 17.1708, 15.1457,  
10.6544

■ 18.8953, 17.5970,  
14.3054

■ 20.8863, 20.3897,  
18.6351

■ 23.1546, 23.5366,  
23.6755

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0824, 6.7838, 3.8633



11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942



8.1543, 6.7838, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942



2.2454, 6.7838, 3.7319



8.0710, 6.7838, 39.1543

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942



10.4573, 13.1027, 27.5688

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.9977, 6.7838, 38.9877



11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942



2.2359, 6.7838, 12.5826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942



3.1068, 6.7838, 0.6556



3.0747, 6.7838, 26.9808



11.5942, 6.7838, 27.3378



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942



5.9783, 6.7838, 0.0000



3.0747, 6.7838, 26.9808



6.9413, 6.7838, 40.6857

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.6719, 6.7842, 0.6943



33.1175, 30.7441, 24.7907



14.0373, 6.9035, 15.6989



7.1367, 6.4982, 4.9822



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.6719, 6.7842, 0.6943



20.4778, 11.7537, 1.1894



15.8836, 15.2075, 2.0982



5.5014, 5.6091, 5.6821



10.4920, 6.1156, 0.6274



0.1145, 0.0868, 0.0107



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4573, 13.1027, 27.5688



18.3147, 22.8536, 48.5738



5.6491, 3.4863, 25.9661



5.4586, 5.9130, 6.8824



9.4033, 11.7926, 24.7577

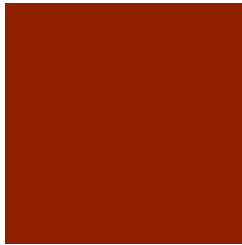


0.1062, 0.1454, 0.2421



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

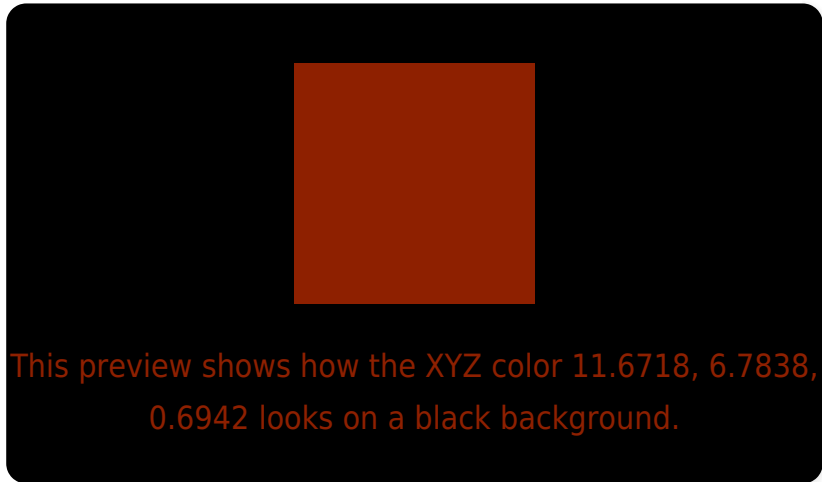
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6718, 6.7838,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942

### Protanopia

6.4319, 7.1406, 1.5696

### Deuteranopia

7.0367, 7.0676, 0.9933



## Tritanopia

11.8539, 6.7731, 1.9109

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942

## Protanomaly

7.6201, 6.3201, 1.1349

## Deuteranomaly

8.1452, 6.3710, 0.8004

## Tritanomaly

11.7629, 6.7778, 1.3044

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942

## Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

## Achromatomaly

5.7233, 4.6013, 2.5060

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 32, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 32, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 32, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 32, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 32, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 32, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 32, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 32, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 32, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 32, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.6718, 6.7838, 0.6942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 32, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 32,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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