

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.6668, 5.8950, 57.6497)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.6668, 5.8950, 57.6497)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.6579, 5.8772,
57.6467)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0028CC
RGB	0, 40, 204
RGB Percent	0%, 16%, 80%
CMY	0.9998, 0.8432, 0.2000
CMYK	1.00, 0.80, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	228°, 100%, 40%
HSV	228°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467
YIQ	46.7360, -76.4840, 42.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

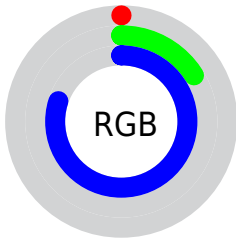
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 33, 204
Decimal	10444
CIE _{Lab}	29.10, 54.03, -84.04
CIE _{LCh}	29, 99.906, 302.737
Yxy	5.8772, 0.1551, 0.0782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278200524 (0xFF0028CC)
YUV	46.7360, 77.5312, -40.9875
Hunter-Lab	24.2429, 43.4116, -124.0142

Details

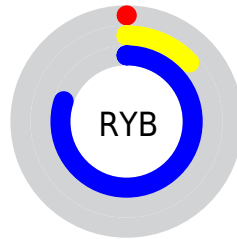
The XYZ color **11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **38.1875, 39.4081, 5.5953**, and the grayscale version is **2.6023, 2.7378, 2.9815**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2486, 17.1425, 96.4804**, and **5.3453, 2.1381, 28.1479** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6564, 5.8742, 57.6464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6305, 7.3804, 57.8858**.

Distribution



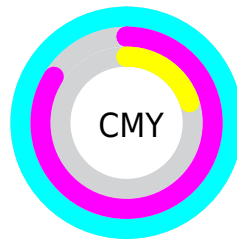
- Red (0%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.6579, 5.8772,
57.6467

■ 11.6579, 5.8772,
57.6467

195.9437,
157.9782, 433.4296

■ 6.5817, 2.7706,
41.1119

■ 28.4928, 17.6758,
102.9179

■ 3.2459, 1.0132,
28.0861

■ 40.9822, 27.1366,
132.4913

■ 1.2851, 0.0000,
18.1510

■ 56.6734, 39.4841,
167.2480

■ 0.1720, 0.0000,
10.8879

■ 75.9317, 55.1029,
207.6065

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
5.8783

■ 99.1226, 74.3773,
253.9854

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.7036

■ 126.6113, 97.6917,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

306.8032

0.9452

158.7632,
125.4305, 366.4784

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

11.6579, 5.8772,
57.6467

11.6579, 5.8772,
57.6467

11.6564, 5.8742,
57.6464

12.6305, 7.3804,
57.8858

14.1773, 9.5674,
58.2264

16.4288, 12.5393,
58.6814

19.4627, 16.3664,
59.2602

23.3460, 21.1108,
59.9713

■ 28.1382, 26.8286,
60.8223

■ 33.8934, 33.5710,
61.8204

■ 40.6613, 41.3859,
62.9722

■ 48.4881, 50.3179,
64.2837

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.0075, 5.8772, 76.1798



11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467



17.2718, 5.8772, 25.6520

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467



10.5329, 5.8772, 0.0000



0.6260, 5.8772, 7.6509

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467



38.1875, 39.4081, 5.5953

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.8952, 5.8772, 0.3083



11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467



5.1848, 5.8772, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467



16.4135, 5.8772, 0.0000



2.1031, 5.8772, 0.0000



1.0221, 5.8772, 31.1521

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467



19.2249, 5.8772, 10.0514



2.1031, 5.8772, 0.0000



0.6427, 5.8772, 3.7601

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.6584, 5.8772, 57.6469



55.7020, 55.0981, 102.3069



28.2233, 45.8381, 42.1093



11.0146, 10.7336, 21.7412



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.6584, 5.8772, 57.6469



19.1882, 9.4964, 95.4294



12.8386, 5.3603, 57.4849



10.7767, 11.1938, 14.1630



7.3891, 3.8022, 36.3007



0.4352, 0.3042, 1.8907

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.2854, 12.9917, 3.1820



41.8145, 21.4898, 4.9553



32.8889, 49.0092, 7.7277



11.3006, 11.2490, 12.1178



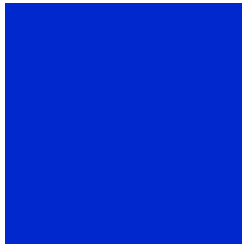
15.9406, 8.1868, 2.1398



0.8496, 0.4333, 0.2540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

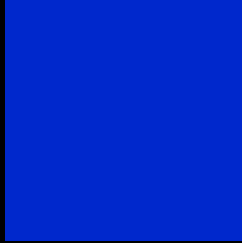
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

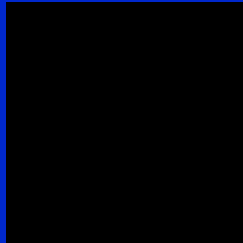
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.6579, 5.8772,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467

Protanopia

6.6818, 5.7899, 25.5763

Deuteranopia

5.5233, 5.8145, 17.9707



Tritanopia

4.1018, 5.8869, 8.5095

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467

Protanomaly

8.0740, 5.5706, 35.3000

Deuteranomaly

7.0407, 5.4016, 29.1053

Tritanomaly

5.5351, 5.1475, 20.1039

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467

Achromatopsia

2.7019, 2.8426, 3.0956

Achromatomaly

3.9348, 3.0769, 13.4832

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 40, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 40, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 40, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 40, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 40, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 40, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 40, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 40, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 40, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 40, 204)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.6579, 5.8772, 57.6467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 40, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 40,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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