

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.7185, 5.9920, 2.7685)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.7185, 5.9920, 2.7685)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.7456, 6.0068,
2.7309)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F002A
RGB	143, 0, 42
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 16%
CMY	0.4392, 0.9999, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.71, 0.44
HSL	342°, 100%, 28%
HSV	342°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309
YIQ	47.5450, 71.7460, 43.3780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

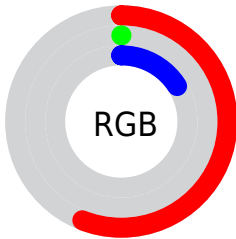
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 0, 42
Decimal	9371690
CIE Lab	29.43, 53.23, 19.78
CIE LCh	29, 56.788, 20.388
Yxy	6.0068, 0.5734, 0.2933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287561770 (0xFF8F002A)
YUV	47.5450, -2.7337, 83.7140
Hunter-Lab	24.5088, 42.6541, 10.5497

Details

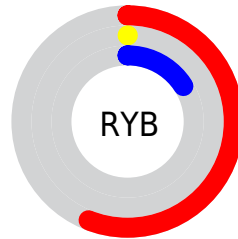
The XYZ color **11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **12.1725, 20.5848, 15.6482**, and the grayscale version is **2.7587, 2.9023, 3.1606**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.6021, 17.8911, 10.9627**, and **3.7463, 1.9313, 0.1753** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7453, 6.0067, 2.7297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1111, 6.4112, 3.8600**.

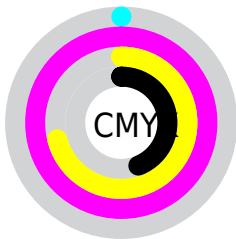
Distribution



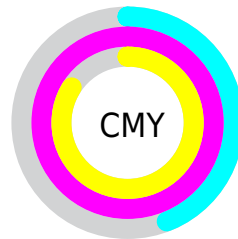
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.7456, 6.0068,
2.7309

■ 11.7456, 6.0068,
2.7309

196.5183,
159.1355, 132.8558

■ 6.6417, 2.8492,
0.9589

■ 28.6518, 17.9452,
10.9569

■ 3.2833, 1.0535,
0.0000

■ 41.1848, 27.4949,
18.2480

■ 1.3053, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.9248, 39.9440,
28.2158

■ 0.1872, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 76.2373, 55.6770,
41.2790

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.4875, 75.0782,
57.8561

■ 127.0408, 98.5321,


78.3655


 159.2626,
126.4231, 103.2259


 11.7456, 6.0068,
2.7309

 11.7456, 6.0068,
2.7309


 11.7453, 6.0067,
2.7297

 12.1111, 6.4112,
3.8600

 12.6328, 7.0498,
5.2816

 13.3682, 8.0333,
7.0291

 14.3400, 9.4029,
9.1229

 15.5680, 11.1939,
11.5819

■ 17.0695, 13.4377,
14.4231

■ 18.8604, 16.1624,
17.6627

■ 20.9555, 19.3942,
21.3157

■ 23.3684, 23.1571,
25.3964

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1405, 6.0068, 9.2149



11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309



9.4979, 6.0068, 0.4889

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309



2.6739, 6.0068, 1.0170



4.9194, 6.0068, 32.9812

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309



12.1725, 20.5848, 15.6482

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.0918, 6.0068, 24.7600



11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309



2.0787, 6.0068, 4.4410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309



4.1478, 6.0068, 0.0000



2.2043, 6.0068, 12.8533



7.6204, 6.0068, 30.9894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309



7.5441, 6.0068, 0.0000



2.2043, 6.0068, 12.8533



4.1991, 6.0068, 31.1757

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.7457, 6.0072, 2.7310



33.5525, 28.6017, 31.2336



10.2253, 4.6989, 26.3544



7.4049, 6.1170, 6.6440



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.7457, 6.0072, 2.7310



20.9676, 10.7305, 4.5376



11.7577, 6.6996, 0.6740



5.4700, 5.4485, 5.9729



10.3935, 5.3144, 2.4573



0.1081, 0.0543, 0.0693

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7457, 6.0072, 2.7310



20.9676, 10.7305, 4.5376



11.0210, 14.1091, 28.1289



5.4700, 5.4485, 5.9729



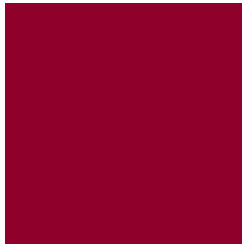
10.3935, 5.3144, 2.4573



0.1081, 0.0543, 0.0693

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

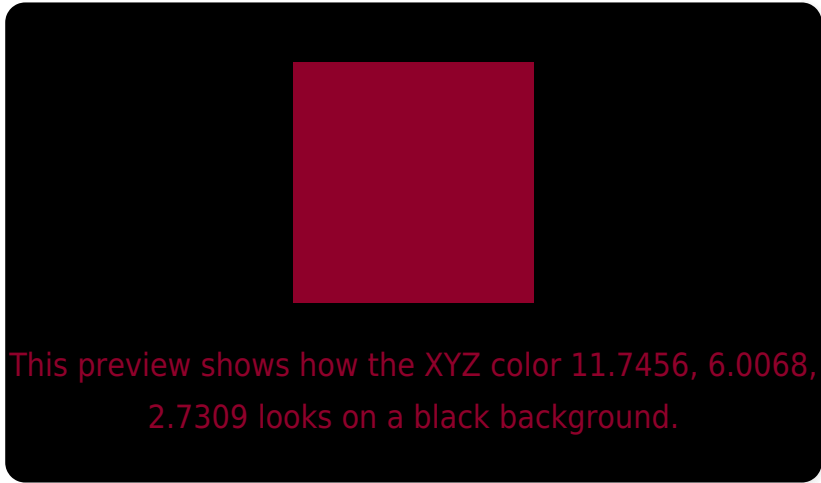
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.7456, 6.0068,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309

Protanopia

6.3126, 6.6907, 5.5161

Deuteranopia

6.6479, 6.5513, 2.5042



Tritanopia

11.4350, 6.1834, 1.0063

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309

Protanomaly

7.0334, 4.9965, 4.2082

Deuteranomaly

7.5572, 5.1925, 2.4377

Tritanomaly

11.4399, 6.0561, 1.4301

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

4.5504, 3.0162, 2.9271

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 0, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 0, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 0, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 0, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 0, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 0, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 0, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 0, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 0, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.7456, 6.0068, 2.7309 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 0, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 0,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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