

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.7460, 6.4841, 7.6416)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.7460, 6.4841, 7.6416)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.7232, 6.4706,
7.6522)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	871B4D
RGB	135, 27, 77
RGB Percent	53%, 11%, 30%
CMY	0.4706, 0.8941, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.43, 0.47
HSL	332°, 67%, 32%
HSV	332°, 80%, 53%
XYZ	11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522
YIQ	64.9920, 48.3180, 38.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

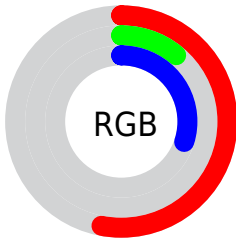
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 27, 77
Decimal	8854349
CIE _{Lab}	30.57, 48.16, -2.24
CIE _{LCh}	31, 48.209, 357.334
Yxy	6.4706, 0.4536, 0.2504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287044429 (0xFF871B4D)
YUV	64.9920, 5.9199, 61.3970
Hunter-Lab	25.4374, 37.7490, -0.0298

Details

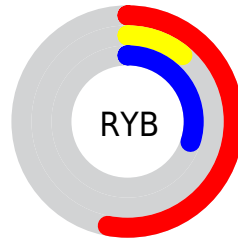
The XYZ color **11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **10.7562, 18.2171, 11.5454**, and the grayscale version is **5.0099, 5.2708, 5.7399**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.5974, 18.8993, 21.8794**, and **3.5828, 1.8153, 1.6004** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2398, 5.8910, 6.2976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3778, 7.3470, 9.2048**.

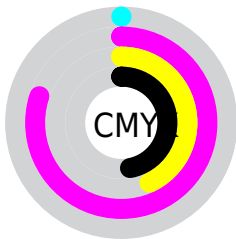
Distribution



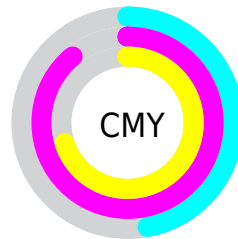
- Red (53%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.7232, 6.4706,
7.6522


 11.7232, 6.4706,
7.6522


196.3717,
163.1894, 182.8096


 6.6263, 3.1333,
3.7887


 28.6112, 18.9000,
21.8085


 3.2738, 1.2017,
1.5101

 41.1331, 28.7609,
32.9384


 1.3001, 0.0631,
0.2255

 56.8606, 41.5650,
47.3275

 0.1833, 0.0000,
0.0000

 76.1593, 57.6969,
65.3943

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 99.3944, 77.5409,
87.5573

 126.9312,

101.4814, 114.2352

159.1352,
129.9027, 145.8464

11.7232, 6.4706,
7.6522

11.7232, 6.4706,
7.6522

11.2398, 5.8910,
6.2976

12.3778, 7.3470,
9.2048

10.8751, 5.5044,
5.1188

13.2213, 8.5540,
10.9655

10.8749, 5.5042,
5.1182

14.2695, 10.1220,
12.9439

15.5364, 12.0776,
15.1486

17.0346, 14.4449,
17.5878

■ 18.7759, 17.2460,
20.2691

■ 20.7711, 20.5015,
23.1997

■ 23.0303, 24.2305,
26.3864

■ 25.5631, 28.4511,
29.8360

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6854, 6.4706, 16.3542



11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522



10.9860, 6.4706, 2.6771

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522



4.3316, 6.4706, 0.6908



4.0551, 6.4706, 24.0380

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522



10.7562, 18.2171, 11.5454

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.9939, 6.4706, 14.6267



11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522



3.1232, 6.4706, 2.1758

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522



6.3585, 6.4706, 0.3181



2.7008, 6.4706, 6.4715



5.9463, 6.4706, 28.8448

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522



9.6684, 6.4706, 1.2274



2.7008, 6.4706, 6.4715



3.6093, 6.4706, 21.1029

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.7234, 6.4710, 7.6523



32.1520, 28.5066, 34.0619



8.4757, 4.4463, 23.3333



7.2238, 6.2449, 7.5441



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.7234, 6.4710, 7.6523



19.6185, 10.0366, 9.5458



10.6694, 6.1897, 1.6698



4.7556, 4.7219, 5.3253



10.0346, 5.0782, 4.7545



0.0384, 0.0190, 0.0356

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7234, 6.4710, 7.6523



19.6185, 10.0366, 9.5458



12.9956, 18.3228, 25.7735



4.7556, 4.7219, 5.3253



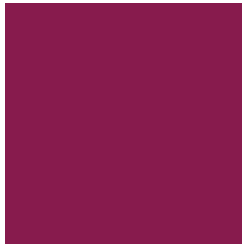
10.0346, 5.0782, 4.7545



0.0384, 0.0190, 0.0356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

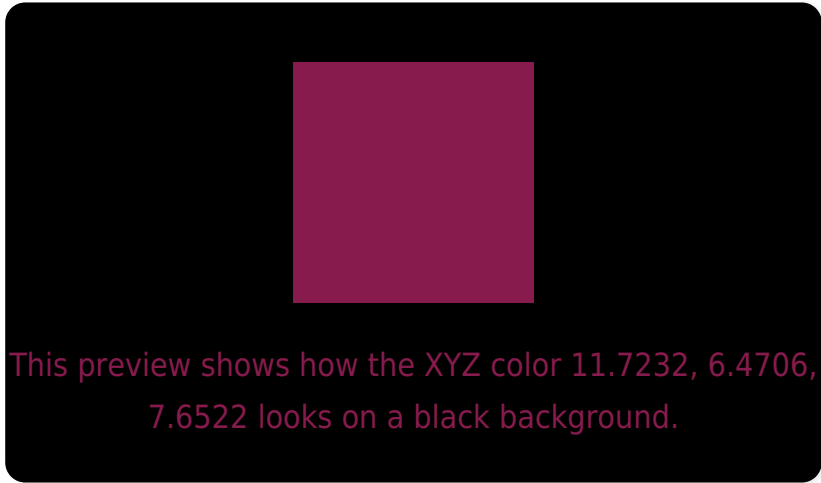
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

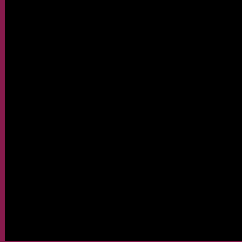
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.7232, 6.4706,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522

Protanopia

7.0467, 6.8750, 14.3202

Deuteranopia

6.8163, 6.7237, 7.0694



Tritanopia

10.7490, 6.5260, 2.7006

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522

Protanomaly

7.6962, 5.8282, 11.5458

Deuteranomaly

7.9690, 5.9935, 7.2154

Tritanomaly

11.0461, 6.4694, 4.0347

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

6.4745, 4.9710, 6.2485

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 27, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 27, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 27, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 27, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 27, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 27, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 27, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 27, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 27, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 27,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.7232, 6.4706, 7.6522 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 27, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 27,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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