

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.7535, 25.3188, 19.1810)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.7535, 25.3188, 19.1810)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(16.1447, 27.6986,
19.5344)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A46F
RGB	0, 164, 111
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 44%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3569, 0.5647
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.32, 0.36
HSL	161°, 100%, 32%
HSV	161°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344
YIQ	108.9220, -80.7310, -51.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

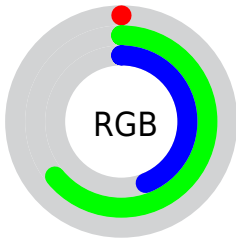
Format	Color
RYB	0, 98, 164
Decimal	42095
CIELab	59.62, -49.02, 17.57
CIELCh	60, 52.076, 160.280
Yxy	27.6986, 0.2547, 0.4370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232175 (0xFF00A46F)
YUV	108.9220, 1.0245, -95.5246
Hunter-Lab	52.6295, -37.3446, 14.8340

Details

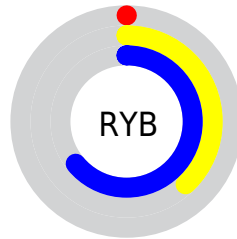
The XYZ color **16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **15.9534, 8.1502, 4.1021**, and the grayscale version is **14.5287, 15.2853, 16.6457**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4205, 56.0044, 43.5407**, and **6.5816, 11.7278, 6.6194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1451, 27.6995, 19.5339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6667, 27.9337, 21.1286**.

Distribution



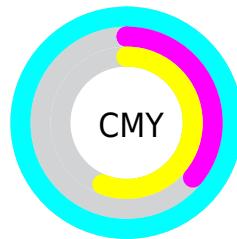
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1447, 27.6986,
19.5344

■ 16.1447, 27.6986,
19.5344

■ 223.4477,
291.0239, 261.9036

■ 9.7181, 18.0986,
11.8763

■ 36.4046, 56.0029,
43.4838

■ 5.2733, 11.0208,
6.5380

■ 50.9687, 75.4759,
60.6123

■ 2.4449, 6.0808,
3.1009

■ 68.9760, 99.0088,
81.7347

■ 0.8675, 2.8943,
1.1464

■ 90.7918, 126.9858,
107.2694

■ 0.0000, 1.0768,
0.0000

■ 116.7815,
159.7915, 137.6352

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.3105,

197.8101, 173.2504

182.7441,
241.4261, 214.5337

■ 16.1447, 27.6986,
19.5344

■ 16.1447, 27.6986,
19.5344

■ 16.1451, 27.6995,
19.5339

■ 16.6667, 27.9337,
21.1286

■ 17.3854, 28.2674,
22.8234

■ 18.3773, 28.7399,
24.6244

■ 19.6756, 29.3683,
26.5346

■ 21.3084, 30.1670,
28.5567

■ 23.3009, 31.1489,
30.6933

■ 25.6754, 32.3256,
32.9469

■ 28.4526, 33.7077,
35.3196

■ 31.6516, 35.3049,
37.8137

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9818, 27.6986, 10.1363



16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



15.7599, 27.6986, 37.0796

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



28.6436, 27.6986, 81.5263



37.1748, 27.6986, 12.3081

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



15.9534, 8.1502, 4.1021

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.7976, 27.6986, 24.1581



16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



35.3571, 27.6986, 66.9853

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



22.2942, 27.6986, 78.5757



40.0821, 27.6986, 44.0708



30.8183, 27.6986, 7.3272

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



16.8636, 27.6986, 52.2989



40.0821, 27.6986, 44.0708



38.7970, 27.6986, 15.3599

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1454, 27.6997, 19.5350



46.3377, 58.5423, 59.5623



14.8339, 27.3550, 4.4986



9.7393, 12.6045, 12.6602



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1454, 27.6997, 19.5350



29.2059, 50.2379, 34.9341



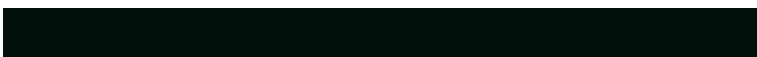
15.6002, 20.4784, 38.2537



7.1783, 7.9721, 8.5505



12.4013, 21.2468, 15.0954



0.2807, 0.4545, 0.4234

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9534, 8.1502, 4.1021



28.8713, 14.7588, 6.9945



15.7103, 8.6926, 0.8502



7.1637, 7.1219, 7.8487



12.2514, 6.2566, 3.2488



0.2783, 0.1398, 0.1780

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

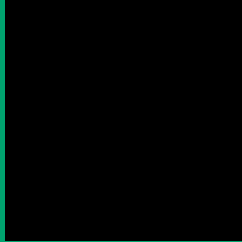
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 16.1447, 27.6986,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344

Protanopia

25.5472, 27.4743, 16.5270

Deuteranopia

27.6736, 27.1750, 20.6164



Tritanopia

20.8493, 27.8193, 41.8069

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



Protanomaly

18.6534, 25.7498, 17.3517



Deuteranomaly

19.3539, 25.1085, 20.0460



Tritanomaly

18.6437, 27.6548, 32.3723

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344



Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537



Achromatomaly

13.1190, 18.0915, 17.5524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 164, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 164, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 164, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 164, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 164, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 164, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 164, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 164, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 164, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 164,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 16.1447, 27.6986, 19.5344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 164, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 164,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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