

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.7918, 12.4063, 13.5108)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.7918, 12.4063, 13.5108)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**XYZ(11.8596, 12.4772,  
13.5877)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636363
RGB	99, 99, 99
RGB Percent	39%, 39%, 39%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6118, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	118°, 0%, 39%
HSV	118°, 0%, 39%
XYZ	11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877
YIQ	99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

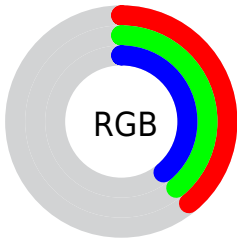
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	99, 99, 99
Decimal	6513507
CIE Lab	41.96, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	42, 0.006, 297.792
Yxy	12.4772, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284703587 (0xFF636363)
YUV	99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	35.3231, -1.8846, 1.9191

# Details

The XYZ color **11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.8600, 12.4775, 13.5883**, and the grayscale version is **11.8600, 12.4777, 13.5882**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131**, and **3.3839, 3.5601, 3.8770** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4234, 11.7885, 11.1994**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.4805, 13.2551, 16.2881**.

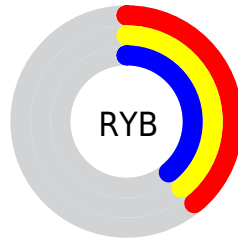
# Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (39%)

Blue (39%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (39%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11.8596, 12.4772,  
13.5877

■ 11.8596, 12.4772,  
13.5877

197.2625,  
207.5394, 225.9891

■ 6.7197, 7.0695,  
7.6990

■ 28.8582, 30.3613,  
33.0622

■ 3.3322, 3.5056,  
3.8180

■ 41.4476, 43.6065,  
47.4850

■ 1.3318, 1.4011,  
1.5260

■ 57.2509, 60.2331,  
65.5897

■ 0.2068, 0.2175,  
0.2372

■ 76.6333, 80.6253,  
87.7947

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

99.9604, 105.1677,  
114.5187

127.5974,

134.2446, 146.1800

159.9096,  
168.2403, 183.1973

■ 11.8596, 12.4772,  
13.5877

■ 11.8596, 12.4772,  
13.5877

■ 10.4234, 11.7885,  
11.1994

■ 13.4805, 13.2551,  
16.2881

■ 9.1643, 11.1844,  
9.1112

■ 15.2912, 14.1235,  
19.3105

■ 8.0758, 10.6619,  
7.3115

■ 17.2980, 15.0859,  
22.6652

■ 7.1505, 10.2177,  
5.7876

■ 19.5065, 16.1448,  
26.3620

■ 6.3806, 9.8479,  
4.5259

■ 21.9221, 17.3030,  
30.4102

■ 5.7575, 9.5485,  
3.5115

■ 24.5500, 18.5629,  
34.8188

■ 5.2720, 9.3151,  
2.7284

■ 27.3952, 19.9269,  
39.5962

■ 4.9136, 9.1426,  
2.1582

■ 30.4626, 21.3973,  
44.7509

■ 4.6705, 9.0253,  
1.7802

■ 33.7569, 22.9763,  
50.2910

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.8592, 12.4772, 13.5880



11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



11.8599, 12.4772, 13.5868

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



11.8597, 12.4772, 13.5835



11.8584, 12.4772, 13.5855

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



11.8600, 12.4775, 13.5883

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.8585, 12.4772, 13.5843



11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



11.8592, 12.4772, 13.5831

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



11.8600, 12.4772, 13.5844



11.8588, 12.4772, 13.5834



11.8585, 12.4772, 13.5867



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



11.8600, 12.4772, 13.5861



11.8588, 12.4772, 13.5834



11.8584, 12.4772, 13.5850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.8600, 12.4777, 13.5880



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



11.8601, 12.4778, 13.5880



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.8600, 12.4777, 13.5880



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



11.8600, 12.4777, 13.5882



2.8585, 3.0074, 3.2751



5.8522, 11.6511, 1.9404



31.1486, 62.1833, 10.3609



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.8600, 12.4775, 13.5883



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



11.8600, 12.4775, 13.5881



2.8585, 3.0074, 3.2751



9.2829, 4.4464, 15.7567



49.4725, 23.6922, 84.1702



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

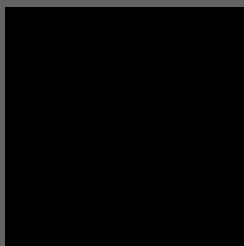
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

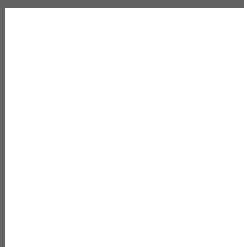


**XYZ 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.8596, 12.4772,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

### Protanopia

11.9866, 12.4029, 13.5666

### Deuteranopia

12.6675, 12.4740, 13.7967



## Tritanopia

12.2247, 12.4853, 15.4013

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

## Protanomaly

11.8753, 12.3455, 13.5614

## Deuteranomaly

12.4006, 12.4727, 13.8105

## Tritanomaly

12.0714, 12.4240, 14.5938

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

## Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

## Achromatomaly

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 99, 99) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 99, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 99, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 99, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 99, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 99, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 99, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 99, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 99, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 99, 99)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 99, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 99,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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