

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.8197, 5.8403, 1.7610)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.8197, 5.8403, 1.7610)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(11.9114, 6.1135,  
1.7805)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91001E
RGB	145, 0, 30
RGB Percent	57%, 0%, 12%
CMY	0.4314, 0.9999, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.79, 0.43
HSL	348°, 100%, 28%
HSV	348°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805
YIQ	46.7750, 76.7900, 40.0700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

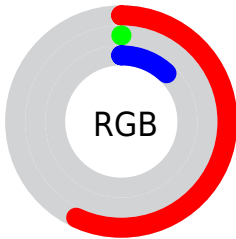
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	145, 0, 30
Decimal	9502750
CIE Lab	29.70, 53.24, 28.02
CIE LCh	30, 60.169, 27.759
Yxy	6.1135, 0.6014, 0.3087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287692830 (0xFF91001E)
YUV	46.7750, -8.2701, 86.1433
Hunter-Lab	24.7255, 42.7220, 13.0383

# Details

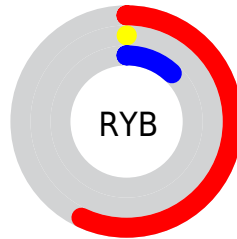
The XYZ color **11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **13.2213, 21.4891, 19.6768**, and the grayscale version is **2.6820, 2.8217, 3.0728**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.9429, 18.1227, 8.4511**, and **3.8378, 1.9784, 0.1796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9111, 6.1133, 1.7794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2501, 6.5116, 2.7552**.

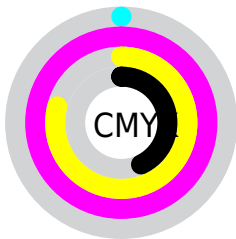
# Distribution



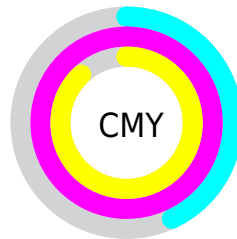
- Red (57%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11.9114, 6.1135,  
1.7805

■ 11.9114, 6.1135,  
1.7805

197.5998,  
160.0800, 118.8695

■ 6.7551, 2.9142,  
0.4150

■ 28.9519, 18.1662,  
8.4315

■ 3.3544, 1.0871,  
0.0000

■ 41.5668, 27.7883,  
14.6519

■ 1.3438, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.3987, 40.3203,  
23.3602

■ 0.2157, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 76.8129, 56.1463,  
34.9749


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 100.1748, 75.6509,  
49.9147


■ 127.8496, 99.2185,


68.5980


 160.2028,  
127.2334, 91.4435

 11.9114, 6.1135,  
1.7805


 11.9114, 6.1135,  
1.7805


 11.9111, 6.1133,  
1.7794

 12.2501, 6.5116,  
2.7552

 12.7595, 7.1565,  
4.0774

 13.4997, 8.1615,  
5.7900

 14.4958, 9.5698,  
7.9218

 15.7693, 11.4185,  
10.4989

■ 17.3394, 13.7405,  
13.5451

■ 19.2238, 16.5655,  
17.0825

■ 21.4384, 19.9207,  
21.1317

■ 23.9983, 23.8315,  
25.7122

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9210, 6.1135, 7.2709



11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805



9.1396, 6.1135, 0.0217

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805



2.3702, 6.1135, 1.3852



5.6050, 6.1135, 36.4817

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805



13.2213, 21.4891, 19.6768

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.4077, 6.1135, 29.6812



11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805



1.9487, 6.1135, 6.0779

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805



3.6667, 6.1135, 0.0000



2.2575, 6.1135, 16.5855



8.6604, 6.1135, 31.3262



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805



7.0144, 6.1135, 0.0000



2.2575, 6.1135, 16.5855



4.7532, 6.1135, 35.4501

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9115, 6.1139, 1.7806



34.1938, 29.3148, 30.1600



11.9969, 5.5946, 27.2354



7.3135, 6.0805, 6.1627



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9115, 6.1139, 1.7806



21.2785, 10.9271, 2.9088



12.4734, 7.6124, 0.8125



5.4517, 5.4412, 5.8765



10.2248, 5.2469, 1.5691



0.1044, 0.0528, 0.0501



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9115, 6.1139, 1.7806



21.2785, 10.9271, 2.9088



10.0536, 11.9294, 28.5606



5.4517, 5.4412, 5.8765



10.2248, 5.2469, 1.5691



0.1044, 0.0528, 0.0501



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

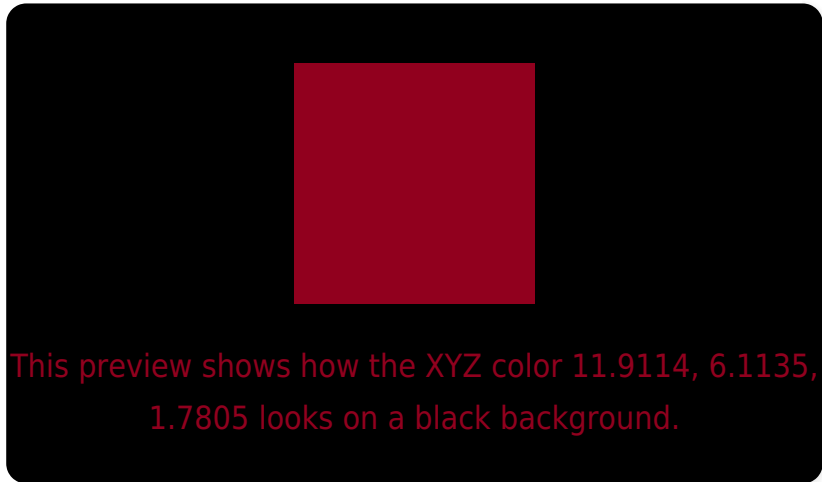
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

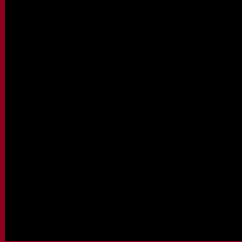
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9114, 6.1135,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805

### Protanopia

6.1840, 6.6678, 3.5459

### Deuteranopia

6.7301, 6.7061, 1.6015



## Tritanopia

11.8319, 6.3120, 0.6522

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805

## Protanomaly

7.0689, 5.0502, 2.6097

## Deuteranomaly

7.6588, 5.3222, 1.4878

## Tritanomaly

11.8302, 6.2200, 0.9249

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805

## Achromatopsia

2.7019, 2.8426, 3.0956

## Achromatomaly

4.4318, 2.9276, 2.4293

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 0, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 0, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 0, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 0, 30) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 0, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 0, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 0, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0, 30)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.9114, 6.1135, 1.7805 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 0, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 0,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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