

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.8630, 10.8686,
43.5921)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005CB2
RGB	0, 92, 178
RGB Percent	0%, 36%, 70%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6392, 0.3020
CMYK	1.00, 0.48, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	209°, 100%, 35%
HSV	209°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921
YIQ	74.2960, -82.4380, 7.2420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

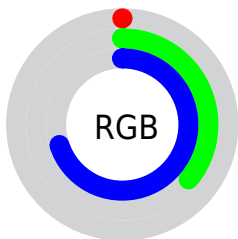
Format	Color
RYB	0, 61, 178
Decimal	23730
CIELab	39.36, 11.26, -51.96
CIELCh	39, 53.166, 282.229
Yxy	10.8686, 0.1789, 0.1639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278213810 (0xFF005CB2)
YUV	74.2960, 51.1261, -65.1576
Hunter-Lab	32.9676, 6.5380, -55.3202

Details

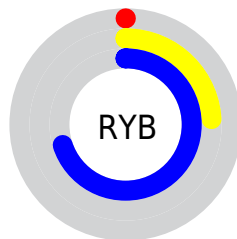
The XYZ color **11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **21.6909, 16.1261, 1.9704**, and the grayscale version is **6.4858, 6.8236, 7.4309**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.8387, 27.5107, 81.6320**, and **4.6546, 3.4883, 19.4968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.8617, 10.8659, 43.5919**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8974, 12.5716, 43.8666**.

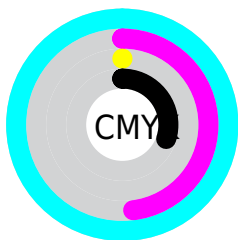
Distribution



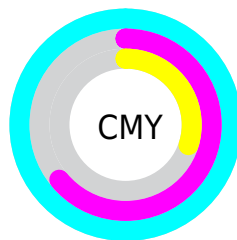
- Red (0%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.8630, 10.8686,
43.5921

■ 11.8630, 10.8686,
43.5921

197.2847,
196.7638, 377.0337

■ 6.7220, 5.9785,
30.0151

■ 28.8644, 27.4169,
81.8995

■ 3.3336, 2.8320,
19.5979

■ 41.4554, 39.8440,
107.4670

■ 1.3326, 1.0447,
11.9219

■ 57.2606, 55.5522,
137.8685

■ 0.2074, 0.0000,
6.5687

■ 76.6451, 74.9259,
173.5224

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.1195

■ 99.9745, 98.3495,
214.8474

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.1560

■ 127.6139,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

126.2075, 262.2619

0.0000

159.9289,
158.8841, 316.1844

■ 11.8630, 10.8686,
43.5921

■ 11.8630, 10.8686,
43.5921

■ 11.8617, 10.8659,
43.5919

■ 12.8974, 12.5716,
43.8666

■ 14.2411, 14.5636,
44.1802

■ 15.9825, 16.8940,
44.5383

■ 18.1646, 19.5887,
44.9434

■ 20.8241, 22.6701,
45.3980

■ 23.9936, 26.1584,
45.9043

■ 27.7026, 30.0720,
46.4642

■ 31.9781, 34.4281,
47.0796

■ 36.8452, 39.2426,
47.7524

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.3628, 10.8686, 42.4222



11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921



15.7008, 10.8686, 33.3478

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921



16.3333, 10.8686, 2.8978



5.0512, 10.8686, 6.7661

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921



21.6909, 16.1261, 1.9704

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3497, 10.8686, 2.4001



11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921



12.5844, 10.8686, 1.2251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921



18.6550, 10.8686, 8.1200



8.9356, 10.8686, 1.1192



4.9447, 10.8686, 16.5365

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921



17.7238, 10.8686, 23.6470



8.9356, 10.8686, 1.1192



5.3459, 10.8686, 4.8043

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.8635, 10.8689, 43.5924



49.8492, 54.1317, 84.2023



17.4855, 32.4671, 13.5459



10.4007, 11.3200, 18.5590



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.8635, 10.8689, 43.5924



21.2788, 19.2415, 78.9736



8.1011, 3.3441, 42.3383



8.3930, 8.9322, 10.7881



8.5504, 7.9012, 31.2114



0.3271, 0.3648, 1.0014

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.2924, 10.2385, 11.0319



36.6799, 18.5182, 19.3833



33.1259, 38.9962, 5.7820



8.6736, 8.5761, 9.7795



14.5505, 7.3378, 8.0589



0.4871, 0.2426, 0.4079

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

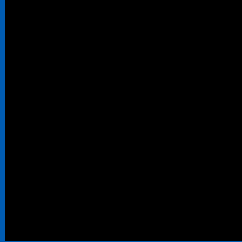
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.8630, 10.8686,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921

Protanopia

12.5748, 11.0048, 42.5357

Deuteranopia

10.8837, 10.9010, 37.1278



Tritanopia

7.6647, 10.8263, 16.4376

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921

Protanomaly

12.1836, 10.9177, 43.0602

Deuteranomaly

11.2584, 10.9077, 39.5422

Tritanomaly

8.8350, 10.6730, 24.5161

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921

Achromatopsia

6.5089, 6.8478, 7.4573

Achromatomaly

7.0393, 7.6590, 16.4366

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 92, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 92, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 92, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 92, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 92, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 92, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 92, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 92, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 92, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 92, 178)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.8630, 10.8686, 43.5921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 92, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 92,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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