

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.9341, 22.9996, 6.6556)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.9341, 22.9996, 6.6556)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(11.9247, 22.9959,  
6.6065)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	009930
RGB	0, 153, 48
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.8117
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.69, 0.40
HSL	139°, 100%, 30%
HSV	139°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065
YIQ	95.2830, -57.4830, -65.0910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

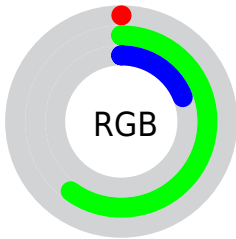
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 116, 153
Decimal	39216
CIELab	55.07, -56.02, 43.94
CIELCh	55, 71.198, 141.890
Yxy	22.9959, 0.2872, 0.5538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229296 (0xFF009930)
YUV	95.2830, -23.3105, -83.5632
Hunter-Lab	47.9540, -39.5321, 25.3996

# Details

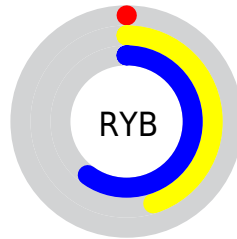
The XYZ color **11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **15.6872, 7.7925, 14.0417**, and the grayscale version is **11.0098, 11.5831, 12.6140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.0771, 48.5765, 19.6481**, and **4.5572, 9.1143, 1.5191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9253, 22.9969, 6.6070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3702, 23.1982, 7.8962**.

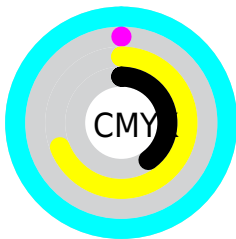
# Distribution



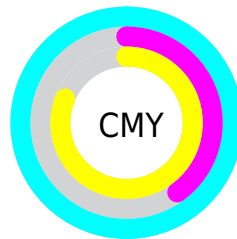
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (81%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 11.9247, 22.9959,  
6.6065


 11.9247, 22.9959,  
6.6065


197.6863,  
267.7039, 173.8577


 6.7643, 14.5905,  
3.1426


 28.9759, 48.3866,  
19.6763


 3.3601, 8.5325,  
1.1679


 41.5974, 66.1407,  
30.1193

 1.3469, 4.4375,  
0.0000


 57.4367, 87.7797,  
43.7256

 0.2179, 1.9212,  
0.0000

 76.8590, 113.6882,  
60.9140

 0.0000, 0.5611,  
0.0000

 100.2298,  
144.2505, 82.1028

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 127.9143,

179.8509, 107.7107

160.2780,  
220.8739, 138.1561

■ 11.9247, 22.9959,  
6.6065

■ 11.9247, 22.9959,  
6.6065

■ 11.9253, 22.9969,  
6.6070

■ 12.3702, 23.1982,  
7.8962

■ 13.0191, 23.4983,  
9.4803

■ 13.9437, 23.9339,  
11.3784

■ 15.1742, 24.5202,  
13.6067

■ 16.7369, 25.2704,  
16.1803

■ 18.6550, 26.1963,  
19.1130

■ 20.9495, 27.3084,  
22.4183

■ 23.6399, 28.6165,  
26.1085

■ 26.7442, 30.1295,  
30.1957

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.6530, 22.9959, 2.4504



11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



9.9745, 22.9959, 19.3724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



19.7767, 22.9959, 97.8724



39.2674, 22.9959, 12.0364

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



15.6872, 7.7925, 14.0417

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6828, 22.9959, 31.7143



11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



28.0456, 22.9959, 91.2993

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



13.7358, 22.9959, 77.4759



36.1751, 22.9959, 62.7910



32.6764, 22.9959, 4.0044



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



10.0783, 22.9959, 35.1513



36.1751, 22.9959, 62.7910



40.4192, 22.9959, 17.0793

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9253, 22.9969, 6.6070



37.2537, 48.7766, 39.7770



17.4674, 25.9156, 4.0816



7.8620, 10.5938, 8.2656



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9253, 22.9969, 6.6070



21.2810, 41.1531, 11.4374



14.9296, 24.1986, 22.4273



6.2080, 6.9559, 7.0188



9.8693, 19.0112, 5.5325



0.1627, 0.2903, 0.1623



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6872, 7.7925, 14.0417



28.0060, 13.9202, 24.6887



13.3795, 6.8694, 1.8896



6.3787, 6.2906, 7.3742



12.9801, 6.4463, 11.6863

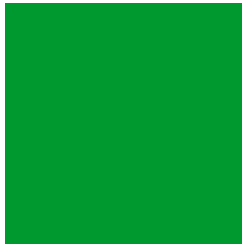


0.2103, 0.1029, 0.2600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9247, 22.9959,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065

### Protanopia

20.5668, 22.6028, 5.4693

### Deuteranopia

22.9976, 22.6541, 7.1636



## Tritanopia

17.7255, 23.0356, 34.5224

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



## Protanomaly

14.3033, 21.0268, 5.6876



## Deuteranomaly

14.9233, 20.4779, 6.6561



## Tritanomaly

14.4228, 22.5597, 20.1173

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065



## Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620



## Achromatomaly

9.4840, 14.0015, 9.4104

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 48) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 48)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.9247, 22.9959, 6.6065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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