

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.9764, 5.4083, 35.1570)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.9764, 5.4083, 35.1570)
contains.

XYZ(11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.9777, 5.4110,
35.0635)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6500A3
RGB	101, 0, 163
RGB Percent	40%, 0%, 64%
CMY	0.6039, 1.0000, 0.3608
CMYK	0.38, 1.00, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	277°, 100%, 32%
HSV	277°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635
YIQ	48.7810, 7.8730, 72.1050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

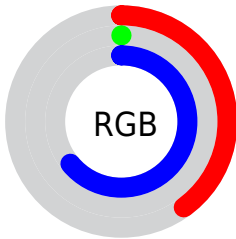
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 0, 163
Decimal	6619299
CIE _{Lab}	27.88, 61.56, -61.44
CIE _{LCh}	28, 86.975, 315.056
Yxy	5.4110, 0.2284, 0.1032
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284809379 (0xFF6500A3)
YUV	48.7810, 56.3100, 45.7961
Hunter-Lab	23.2616, 51.2044, -73.0882

Details

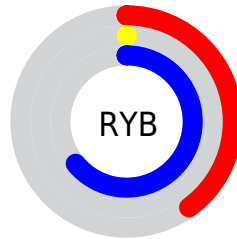
The XYZ color **11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **15.0837, 27.2186, 4.4587**, and the grayscale version is **2.8345, 2.9822, 3.2476**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.0149, 16.6398, 68.7004**, and **3.7693, 1.6180, 14.8655** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9781, 5.4112, 35.0637**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8885, 6.1623, 35.1606**.

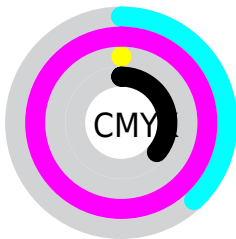
Distribution



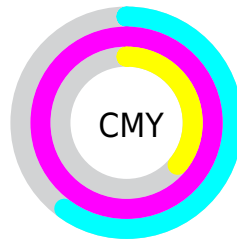
- Red (40%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.9777, 5.4110,
35.0635

■ 11.9777, 5.4110,
35.0635

198.0305,
153.7179, 339.7613

■ 6.8006, 2.4904,
23.4278

■ 29.0717, 16.6962,
68.7368

■ 3.3829, 0.8718,
14.7015

■ 41.7193, 25.8297,
91.6116

■ 1.3593, 0.0000,
8.4659

■ 57.5877, 37.8028,
119.0697

■ 0.2270, 0.0000,
4.3024

■ 77.0424, 53.0000,
151.5299

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.7927

■ 100.4487, 71.8057,
189.4106


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4231

■ 128.1719, 94.6044,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


233.1304

0.0000

 160.5774,
121.7803, 283.1078


 11.9777, 5.4110,
35.0635


 11.9777, 5.4110,
35.0635


 11.9781, 5.4112,
35.0637

 12.8885, 6.1623,
35.1606

 14.0057, 7.2475,
35.3112

 15.3957, 8.7973,
35.5371

 17.0877, 10.8686,
35.8477

 19.1066, 13.5095,
36.2511

■ 21.4745, 16.7629,
36.7542

■ 24.2113, 20.6671,
37.3636

■ 27.3354, 25.2575,
38.0849

■ 30.8638, 30.5668,
38.9238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.2152, 5.4110, 55.3681



11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635



15.4964, 5.4110, 12.8393

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635



7.1984, 5.4110, 0.0000



0.8834, 5.4110, 12.9043

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635



15.0837, 27.2186, 4.4587

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.8823, 5.4110, 2.0514



11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635



3.5112, 5.4110, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635



11.9604, 5.4110, 0.0000



1.5781, 5.4110, 0.0000



1.5826, 5.4110, 35.1563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635



15.9437, 5.4110, 4.2760



1.5781, 5.4110, 0.0000



0.8181, 5.4110, 7.8703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9781, 5.4112, 35.0637



43.0698, 36.5922, 66.8491



8.3599, 6.1424, 35.3955



9.2165, 7.5618, 14.9113



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9781, 5.4112, 35.0637



21.2227, 9.5730, 62.7853



20.1371, 9.7997, 27.2092



7.1021, 7.0670, 8.8928



9.3608, 4.2321, 27.2533



0.2468, 0.1147, 0.5750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9738, 8.1343, 5.2852



28.5171, 14.5317, 8.9887



13.2149, 26.2416, 4.9855



7.1800, 7.1285, 7.9345



12.4352, 6.3302, 4.2166



0.2839, 0.1420, 0.2074

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

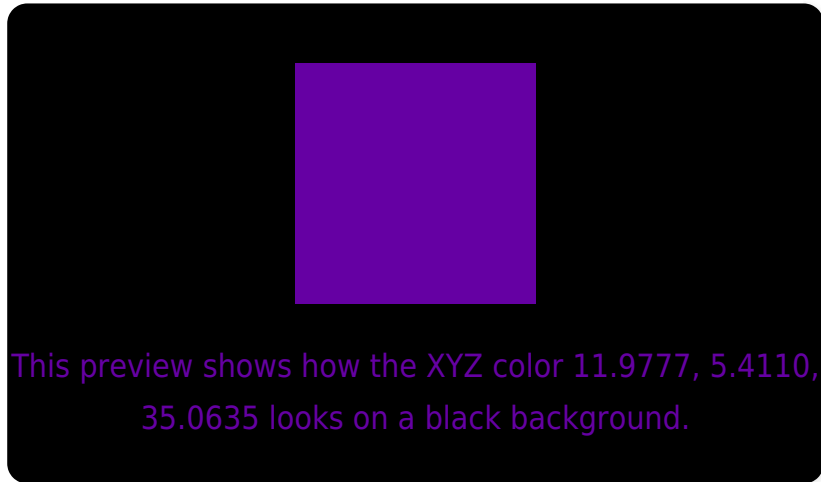
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

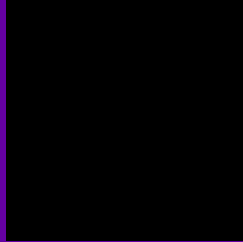
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9777, 5.4110,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635

Protanopia

6.6818, 5.7899, 25.5763

Deuteranopia

5.6434, 5.8625, 18.6034



Tritanopia

6.3872, 5.8903, 6.4305

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635

Protanomaly

6.9362, 4.1874, 28.4596

Deuteranomaly

6.1453, 4.0477, 23.7499

Tritanomaly

7.3609, 4.6890, 13.3491

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635

Achromatopsia

2.9193, 3.0713, 3.3447

Achromatomaly

4.7193, 2.9471, 9.9930

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 0, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 0, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 0, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 0, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 0, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 0, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 0, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 0, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 0, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 0,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.9777, 5.4110, 35.0635 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 0, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 0,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor