

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(11.9917, 8.8294,  
4.4404)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	844035
RGB	132, 64, 53
RGB Percent	52%, 25%, 21%
CMY	0.4824, 0.7490, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.60, 0.48
HSL	8°, 43%, 36%
HSV	8°, 60%, 52%
XYZ	11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404
YIQ	83.0780, 44.0590, 10.9950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

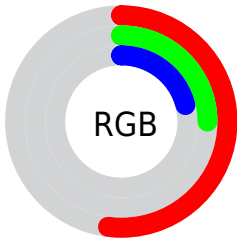
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	132, 66, 53
Decimal	8667189
CIE Lab	35.65, 28.13, 20.22
CIE LCh	36, 34.641, 35.705
Yxy	8.8294, 0.4747, 0.3495
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286857269 (0xFF844035)
YUV	83.0780, -14.8285, 42.9046
Hunter-Lab	29.7143, 20.0366, 11.9399




# Details

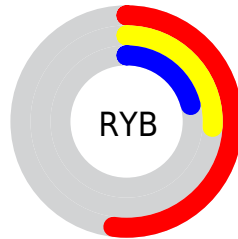
The XYZ color **11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **12.4699, 16.0965, 24.2793**, and the grayscale version is **8.2611, 8.6913, 9.4649**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.9444, 23.4217, 15.0519**, and **3.3916, 2.0403, 0.4735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1522, 7.5712, 2.8634**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0459, 10.3832, 6.5019**.

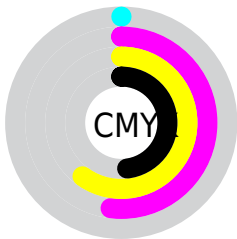
# Distribution







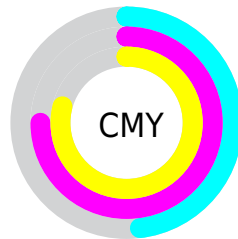
-  Red (52%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (21%)






-  Red (52%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (21%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (52%)
-  Yellow (60%)
-  Black (48%)




-  Cyan (48%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (79%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 11.9917, 8.8294,  
4.4404

 11.9917, 8.8294,  
4.4404


198.1214,  
182.1001, 153.0014


 6.8102, 4.6301,  
1.8699


 29.0970, 23.5691,  
15.0134


 3.3889, 2.0319,  
0.4735

 41.7514, 34.8782,  
23.8529


 1.3626, 0.6259,  
0.0000

 57.6276, 49.3261,  
35.6192

 0.2294, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 77.0908, 67.2971,  
50.7309

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 100.5065, 89.1755,  
69.6064

 128.2399,

115.3460, 92.6643

160.6564,  
146.1927, 120.3231

■ 11.9917, 8.8294,  
4.4404

■ 11.9917, 8.8294,  
4.4404

■ 11.1522, 7.5712,  
2.8634

■ 13.0459, 10.3832,  
6.5019

■ 10.5116, 6.5883,  
1.7305

■ 14.3277, 12.2482,  
9.0828

■ 10.0532, 5.8601,  
0.9957

■ 15.8497, 14.4407,  
12.2154

■ 9.7422, 5.3569,  
0.5263

■ 17.6235, 16.9755,  
15.9291

■ 9.7382, 5.3507,  
0.5195

■ 19.6599, 19.8663,  
20.2513

■ 21.9689, 23.1263,  
25.2077

■ 24.5602, 26.7678,  
30.8225

■ 27.4429, 30.8026,  
37.1185

■ 30.6257, 35.2421,  
44.1175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9243, 8.8294, 8.5412



11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404



10.1091, 8.8294, 2.5855

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404



5.3042, 8.8294, 5.6973



8.7875, 8.8294, 25.6543

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404



12.4699, 16.0965, 24.2793

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.8814, 8.8294, 23.8917



11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404



5.0667, 8.8294, 10.7725

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404



6.3073, 8.8294, 3.0785



5.5962, 8.8294, 17.7595



10.8920, 8.8294, 21.9036



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404



8.6889, 8.8294, 2.2050



5.5962, 8.8294, 17.7595



8.1021, 8.8294, 25.7006

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9919, 8.8299, 4.4406



31.5337, 30.5994, 29.0927



14.2686, 8.8437, 19.1944



7.1424, 6.8404, 6.3531



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9919, 8.8299, 4.4406



19.1808, 12.6306, 4.2058



15.0118, 14.8696, 5.4472



4.7211, 4.7857, 4.9043



9.4318, 5.1861, 0.5039



0.0358, 0.0242, 0.0028



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4699, 16.0965, 24.2793



20.0563, 26.5763, 42.5258



8.6479, 8.4524, 23.0053



4.7478, 5.1713, 5.9487



9.8196, 13.1870, 23.1645



0.0378, 0.0532, 0.0815



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

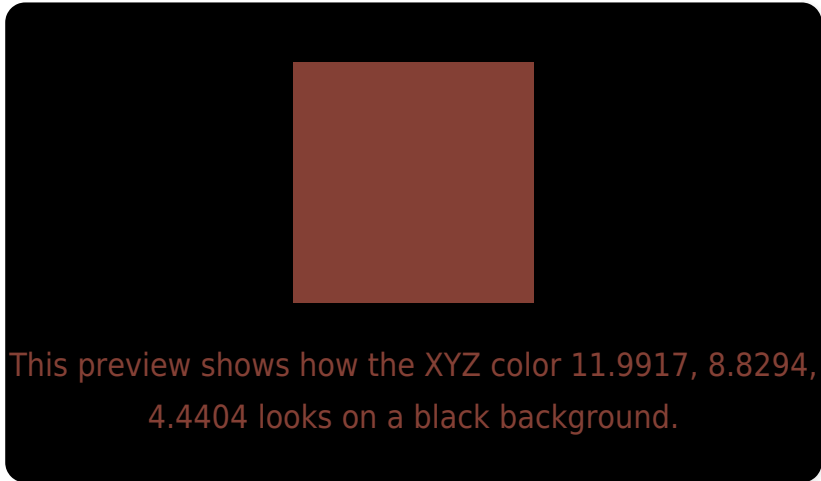
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404.



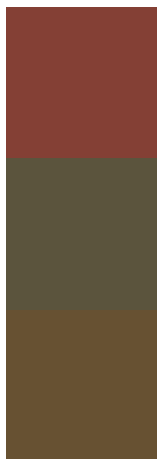
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9917, 8.8294,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404

### Protanopia

8.3270, 8.9017, 5.6942

### Deuteranopia

9.1117, 8.9987, 4.2743



## Tritanopia

12.3789, 8.8251, 6.2052

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404

## Protanomaly

9.3615, 8.6774, 5.1845

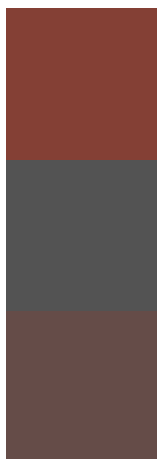
## Deuteranomaly

10.0530, 8.8486, 4.3101

## Tritanomaly

12.2927, 8.8785, 5.4807

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404

## Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199

## Achromatomaly

9.1210, 8.4035, 7.2722

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 64, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 64, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 64, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 64, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 64, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 64, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 64, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 64, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 64, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 64,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.9917, 8.8294, 4.4404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 64, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 64,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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