

# Converting Colors

XYZ(110.1435, 100.4831,  
137.3295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(110.1435, 100.4831, 137.3295)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(90.4501, 90.8002,  
107.3667)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF0FF
RGB	255, 240, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0588, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 97%
HSV	300°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667
YIQ	246.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 240, 255
Decimal	16773375
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.33, 7.63, -5.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 9.351, 324.734
Yxy	90.8002, 0.3134, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963455 (0xFFFFF0FF)
YUV	246.1950, 4.3409, 7.7220
Hunter-Lab	95.2891, 2.6793, -0.1024

# Details

The XYZ color **90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **87.4263, 96.3379, 96.4300**, and the grayscale version is **87.7205, 92.2888, 100.5025**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **50.6222, 50.3640, 60.4792** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.4648, 76.8297, 105.0383**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

# Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.4501, 90.8002,  
107.3667

 90.4501, 90.8002,  
107.3667


517.7100,  
530.6304, 605.0088

 68.6915, 68.6445,  
81.8158

146.8386,  
148.4494, 173.3843

 50.7363, 50.4223,  
60.6788


182.1993,  
184.7117, 214.6881

 36.2189, 35.7490,  
43.5371

222.8247,  
226.4450, 262.0800

 24.7742, 24.2404,  
29.9723

269.0801,  
274.0338, 315.9784

 16.0368, 15.5121,  
19.5657

321.3310,  
327.8623, 376.8019

 9.6412, 9.1795,  
11.8988

379.9428,

 5.2221, 4.8585,

388.3149, 444.9692

6.5531

445.2806,  
455.7762, 520.8986

■ 2.4143, 2.1645,  
3.1100

■ 0.8522, 0.7005,  
1.1511

■ 90.4501, 90.8002,  
107.3667

■ 90.4501, 90.8002,  
107.3667

■ 83.4648, 76.8297,  
105.0383

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 77.4889, 64.8778,  
103.0463

■ 72.4772, 54.8544,  
101.3757

■ 68.3793, 46.6587,  
100.0098

■ 65.1402, 40.1803,  
98.9301

■ 62.6987, 35.2974,  
98.1162

■ 60.9859, 31.8718,  
97.5453

■ 59.9211, 29.7421,  
97.1904

■ 59.4041, 28.7082,  
97.0180

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.4119, 90.8002, 112.4511



90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667



91.3783, 90.8002, 100.1862

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667



86.7626, 90.8002, 85.2809



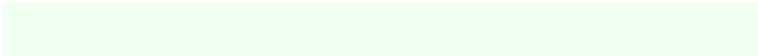
81.8406, 90.8002, 104.9794

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667



87.4263, 96.3379, 96.4300

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.4189, 90.8002, 97.5574



90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667



84.2276, 90.8002, 86.4216

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667



89.2222, 90.8002, 87.6288



82.2844, 90.8002, 90.8262



83.4480, 90.8002, 111.0250

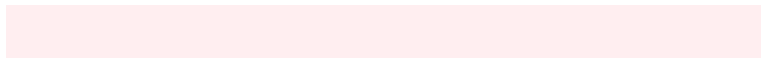


# Rectangle

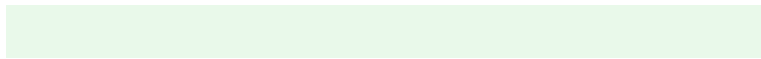
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



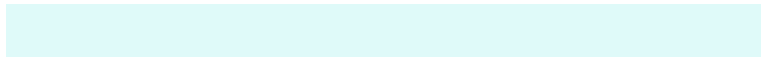
90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667



91.2295, 90.8002, 95.2685



82.2844, 90.8002, 90.8262



81.5569, 90.8002, 102.5529

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.4518, 90.8037, 107.3673



93.4445, 96.7891, 108.3648



85.1491, 88.0700, 107.1191



20.0178, 20.7505, 23.2001



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.4518, 90.8037, 107.3673



89.6176, 89.1353, 107.0892



89.2681, 90.3302, 101.1337



19.0868, 18.8885, 22.8898



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.4518, 90.8037, 107.3673



89.6176, 89.1353, 107.0892



88.5635, 96.7928, 102.4183



19.0868, 18.8885, 22.8898



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.4501, 90.8002,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667

### Protanopia

87.7568, 90.7337, 107.4958

### Deuteranopia

89.8127, 90.5452, 104.0101



## Tritanopia

90.0133, 91.0132, 107.4308

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667

## Protanomaly

88.8691, 90.8640, 107.4623

## Deuteranomaly

89.9708, 90.6085, 104.8427

## Tritanomaly

90.3783, 91.2014, 107.4479

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667

## Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

## Achromatomaly

88.5165, 91.6807, 102.6533

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 240, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 240, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 240, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 240, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 240, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 240, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 240, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 240, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 240, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
240, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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