

# Converting Colors

XYZ(111.8225, 85.4765,  
78.3460)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(111.8225, 85.4765, 78.3460)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(73.8982, 65.9072,  
76.5366)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC4DC
RGB	255, 196, 220
RGB Percent	100%, 77%, 86%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2313, 0.1373
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	336°, 100%, 88%
HSV	336°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366
YIQ	216.3770, 27.4600, 19.9720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

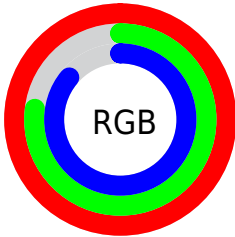
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 196, 220
Decimal	16762076
CIE Lab	84.95, 24.64, -3.78
CIE LCh	85, 24.927, 351.283
Yxy	65.9072, 0.3416, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952156 (0xFFFFC4DC)
YUV	216.3770, 1.7861, 33.8724
Hunter-Lab	81.1832, 20.4115, 0.9318

# Details

The XYZ color **73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.9511, 89.0264, 88.9438**, and the grayscale version is **65.5038, 68.9151, 75.0485**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.4153, 98.7306, 108.6884**, and **39.7532, 34.0684, 40.0779** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.7139, 54.6012, 64.7002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.2444, 79.2462, 89.6566**.

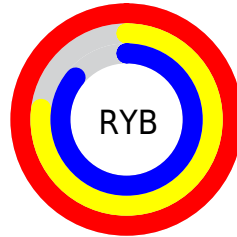
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (77%)

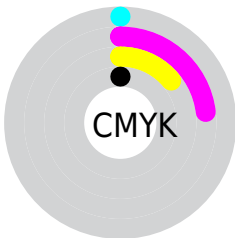
Blue (86%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (86%)

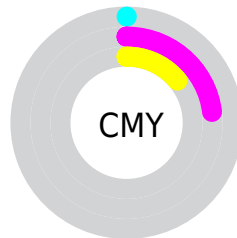


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)


Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 73.8982, 65.9072,  
76.5366

 73.8982, 65.9072,  
76.5366


463.1777,  
446.0449, 502.5782

 55.0017, 48.1971,  
56.3633


 123.7478,  
113.3531, 130.2522

 39.6369, 33.9830,  
40.0884

155.4315,  
143.8577, 164.6315

 27.4385, 22.8805,  
27.2931


192.1085,  
179.3959, 204.5834

 18.0411, 14.5053,  
17.5591

234.1439,  
220.3521, 250.5262

 11.0794, 8.4729,  
10.4678

281.9032,  
267.1107, 302.8786

 6.1879, 4.3990,  
5.6005

335.7517,

 3.0014, 1.8992,

320.0562, 362.0590

2.5389

396.0547,  
379.5727, 428.4860

■ 1.1545, 0.5479,  
0.8607

■ 0.0700, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 73.8982, 65.9072,  
76.5366

■ 73.8982, 65.9072,  
76.5366

■ 66.7139, 54.6012,  
64.7002

■ 82.2444, 79.2462,  
89.6566

■ 60.6327, 45.2192,  
54.1016

■ 91.7984, 94.7036,  
104.0957

■ 55.5975, 37.6546,  
44.6981

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 51.5438, 31.7867,  
36.4424

■ 48.3995, 27.4804,  
29.2835

■ 46.0820, 24.5794,  
23.1654

■ 44.4916, 22.8941,  
18.0247

■ 43.7244, 22.2538,  
15.0127

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.4238, 65.9072, 92.8256



73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366



73.2194, 65.9072, 61.1420

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366



58.8158, 65.9072, 46.6955



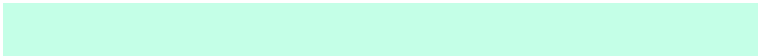
56.1475, 65.9072, 98.6070

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366



72.9511, 89.0264, 88.9438

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.1372, 65.9072, 83.5451



73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366



54.6127, 65.9072, 54.1528

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



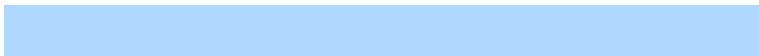
73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366



64.2886, 65.9072, 45.3962



52.5926, 65.9072, 67.1897



61.0254, 65.9072, 106.7559



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366



71.0861, 65.9072, 53.2808



52.5926, 65.9072, 67.1897



54.8960, 65.9072, 94.0871

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8997, 65.9100, 76.5380



87.9592, 88.4719, 98.3558



70.5592, 63.5951, 103.1639



18.7021, 18.7346, 20.8642



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8997, 65.9100, 76.5380



70.2622, 60.1609, 70.6212



72.0730, 66.9829, 61.3586



18.3156, 18.1096, 20.2791



22.9164, 11.6558, 8.2100



2.2838, 1.1559, 1.0759



# Inverse Universe

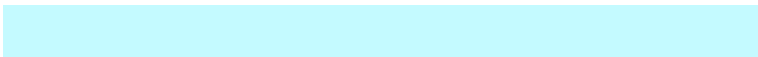
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.8997, 65.9100, 76.5380



70.2622, 60.1609, 70.6212



75.0282, 87.3799, 107.5193



18.3156, 18.1096, 20.2791



22.9164, 11.6558, 8.2100



2.2838, 1.1559, 1.0759



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

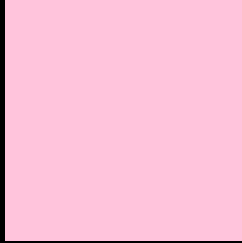
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8982, 65.9072,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366

### Protanopia

64.3011, 66.0946, 83.4972

### Deuteranopia

67.3593, 66.0276, 75.5240



## Tritanopia

72.8495, 65.8074, 71.8133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366

## Protanomaly

67.4773, 65.9645, 81.1275

## Deuteranomaly

69.5033, 65.7063, 76.0372

## Tritanomaly

73.2340, 65.9612, 73.8377

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

67.9580, 67.4337, 75.0799

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 196, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 196, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 196, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 196, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 196, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 196, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 196, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 196, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.8982, 65.9072, 76.5366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 196, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
196, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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