

# Converting Colors

XYZ(112.7305, 144.1082,  
97.8193)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(112.7305, 144.1082, 97.8193)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(89.2507, 97.4293,  
89.7030)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F9FFE7
RGB	249, 255, 231
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.0235, 0.0000, 0.0941
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	75°, 100%, 95%
HSV	75°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030
YIQ	250.4700, 4.1280, -8.7360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

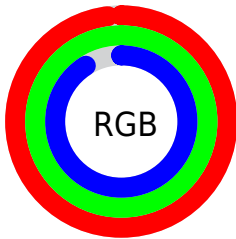
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	231, 255, 237
Decimal	16383975
CIE Lab	99.00, -6.06, 10.78
CIE LCh	99, 12.365, 119.325
Yxy	97.4293, 0.3229, 0.3525
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294574055 (0xFFFF9FFE7)
YUV	250.4700, -9.5987, -1.2892
Hunter-Lab	98.7063, -11.3354, 15.2124

# Details

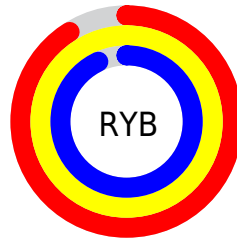
The XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 81.5518, 82.3776, 106.2100, and the grayscale version is 91.3289, 96.0852, 104.6367.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 49.9243, 54.8208, 48.5076 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 83.6736, 94.9404, 71.9910, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

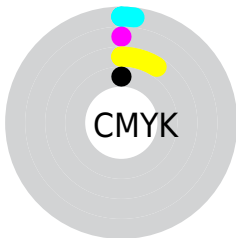
# Distribution



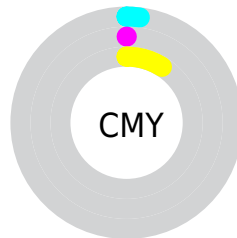
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



89.2507, 97.4293,  
89.7030

89.2507, 97.4293,  
89.7030

513.8647,  
551.9132, 547.6094

67.6936, 74.1585,  
67.1620

145.1808,  
157.6165, 148.8577

49.9212, 54.9238,  
48.7539

180.2845,  
195.3018, 186.3085

35.5684, 39.3407,  
34.0601

220.6344,  
238.5607, 229.5663

24.2696, 27.0249,  
22.6620

266.5958,  
287.7776, 279.0496

15.6595, 17.5919,  
14.1412

318.5343,  
343.3369, 335.1771

9.3729, 10.6574,  
8.0791

376.8150,

5.0442, 5.8370,

405.6230, 398.3672

4.0571

441.8033,  
475.0203, 469.0384

■ 2.3083, 2.7462,  
1.6567

■ 0.7989, 1.0007,  
0.3308

■ 89.2507, 97.4293,  
89.7030

■ 89.2507, 97.4293,  
89.7030

■ 83.6736, 94.9404,  
71.9910

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 78.6743, 92.6915,  
56.9257

■ 74.2286, 90.6727,  
44.3808

■ 70.3094, 88.8731,  
34.2181

■ 66.8872, 87.2809,  
26.2860

■ 63.9290, 85.8828,  
20.4157

■ 61.3975, 84.6637,  
16.4141

■ 59.2482, 83.6057,  
14.0518

■ 57.4133, 82.6818,  
12.9763

# Harmonies

## Analogous

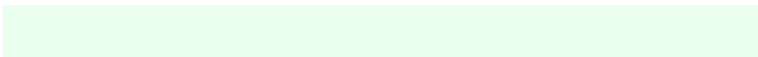
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.6853, 97.4293, 87.4491



89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



86.7699, 97.4293, 96.2767

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



89.1127, 97.4293, 124.0869



99.7079, 97.4293, 106.3181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



81.5518, 82.3776, 106.2100

# Split Complementary

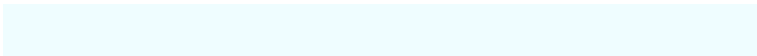
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.6931, 97.4293, 116.5356



89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



92.5220, 97.4293, 127.1942

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



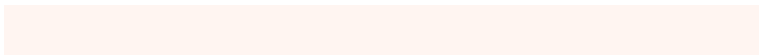
89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



86.6917, 97.4293, 116.1047



96.0395, 97.4293, 124.3468



98.7783, 97.4293, 96.6570

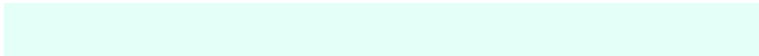


# Rectangle

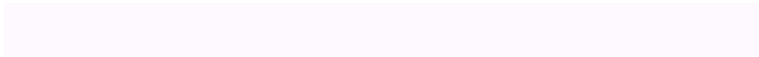
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



85.9587, 97.4293, 102.4495



96.0395, 97.4293, 124.3468



99.5824, 97.4293, 109.8033

# Sweetspot

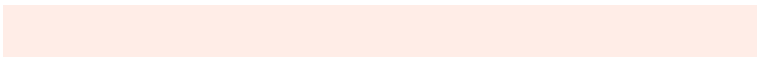
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.2514, 97.4296, 89.7044



93.1425, 99.1561, 102.5090



85.8330, 87.3675, 87.9424



19.8292, 21.1761, 21.5848



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

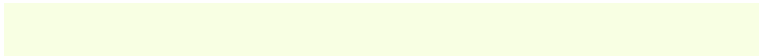


# Same Dimension

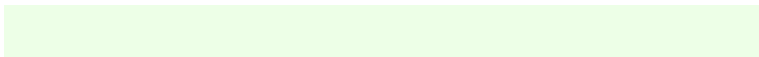
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.2514, 97.4296, 89.7044



88.3254, 97.0176, 86.7079



85.2433, 95.3633, 89.5169



19.0917, 20.8487, 19.1623



30.0898, 43.2499, 6.7622



3.0295, 4.2625, 0.6631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.5518, 82.3776, 106.2100



79.4246, 79.6168, 105.7892



85.5511, 84.4393, 106.3971



17.4284, 17.5971, 22.7279



10.6414, 4.3963, 49.7223

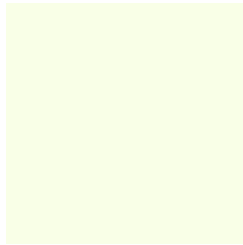


1.1309, 0.4769, 4.8457



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

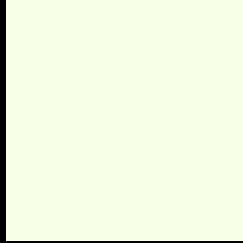
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

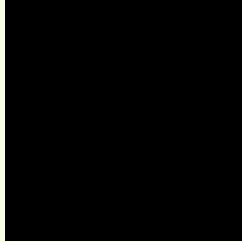
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030.



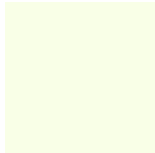
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.2507, 97.4293,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030



### Protanopia

92.5318, 97.4734, 100.3235

### Deuteranopia

92.9925, 97.1565, 104.2943

## **Tritanopia**

93.0053, 97.5363, 108.5322

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030

**Protanomaly**

91.3615, 97.4245, 96.4276

**Deuteranomaly**

91.4961, 96.9745, 98.6896

**Tritanomaly**

91.5435, 97.4136, 101.1666

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030

**Achromatopsia**

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055

**Achromatomaly**

90.4124, 96.4159, 98.6389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 255, 231) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 255, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 255, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 255, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 255, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 255, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 255, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 255, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 255, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 255,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.2507, 97.4293, 89.7030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 255, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
255, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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