

Converting Colors

XYZ(114.3376, 154.5418,
66.9727)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(114.3376, 154.5418, 66.9727)
contains.

XYZ(85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(85.2382, 96.0753,
57.2319)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFB4
RGB	255, 255, 180
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 71%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 85%
HSV	60°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319
YIQ	246.4500, 24.0750, -23.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

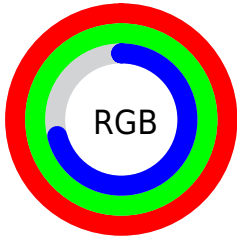
Format	Color
R _Y B	180, 255, 180
Decimal	16777140
CIE Lab	98.46, -11.20, 35.94
CIE LCh	98, 37.646, 107.307
Yxy	96.0753, 0.3573, 0.4028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967220 (0xFFFFFFFFB4)
YUV	246.4500, -32.7599, 7.4983
Hunter-Lab	98.0180, -16.3047, 33.9937

Details

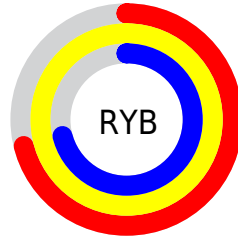
The XYZ color **85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.1947, 49.5671, 101.3715**, and the grayscale version is **88.2042, 92.7977, 101.0567**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1403, 98.8361, 93.5778**, and **46.9859, 53.7648, 27.6399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.8747, 95.1299, 44.7857**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.0802, 97.2121, 72.1976**.

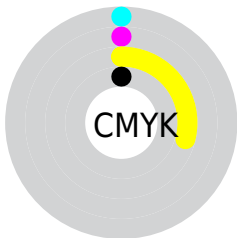
Distribution



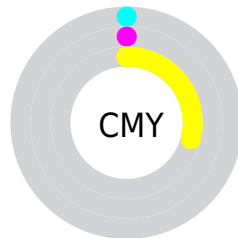
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85.2382, 96.0753,
57.2319

 85.2382, 96.0753,
57.2319

500.8877,
547.6017, 431.8358

 64.3614, 73.0303,
40.7809


 139.6182,
155.7493, 102.3072

 47.2062, 54.0007,
27.8295


173.8522,
193.1471, 131.7685

 33.4073, 38.6022,
17.9592


213.2692,
236.0980, 166.4036

 22.5994, 26.4504,
10.7516

258.2346,
284.9863, 206.6311

 14.4170, 17.1609,
5.7880

309.1138,
340.1964, 252.8696

 8.4949, 10.3493,
2.6499

366.2722,

 4.4677, 5.6312,

402.1127, 305.5375

0.9180

430.0750,
471.1197, 365.0533

■ 1.9700, 2.6221,
0.0000

■ 0.6170, 0.9378,
0.0000

■ 85.2382, 96.0753,
57.2319

■ 85.2382, 96.0753,
57.2319

■ 82.8747, 95.1299,
44.7857

■ 88.0802, 97.2121,
72.1976

■ 80.9626, 94.3650,
34.7168

■ 91.4242, 98.5497,
89.8066

■ 79.4735, 93.7694,
26.8752

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 78.3752, 93.3301,
21.0919

■ 77.6312, 93.0325,
17.1739

■ 77.1979, 92.8591,
14.8919

■ 77.0082, 92.7833,
13.8933

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

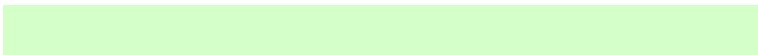
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.9871, 96.0753, 56.4015



85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



76.7983, 96.0753, 69.0409

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



77.8635, 96.0753, 155.0683



113.2648, 96.0753, 118.3227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



53.1947, 49.5671, 101.3715

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.5583, 96.0753, 150.6796



85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



86.8003, 96.0753, 174.5548

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



72.7783, 96.0753, 123.4490



97.6775, 96.0753, 172.8058



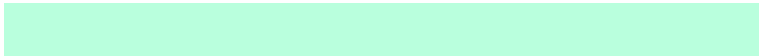
112.7627, 96.0753, 87.7917

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



73.3573, 96.0753, 83.1720



97.6775, 96.0753, 172.8058



111.9912, 96.0753, 129.4467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2385, 96.0754, 57.2332



91.5726, 98.6090, 90.5882



65.8002, 57.1989, 50.7538



19.4886, 21.0617, 18.8015



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

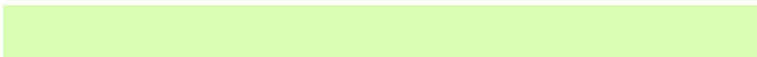
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2385, 96.0754, 57.2332



83.8600, 95.5240, 49.9744



72.7630, 89.6440, 56.6494



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1947, 49.5671, 101.3715



47.3143, 42.4816, 100.3138



63.1363, 54.6922, 101.8367



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



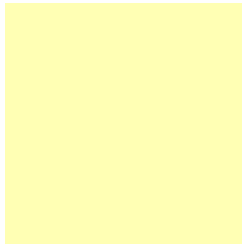
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

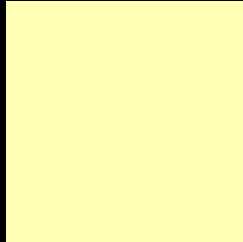
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

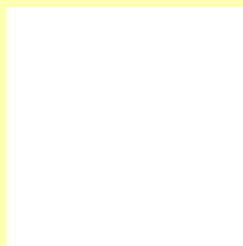
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.2382, 96.0753,

Color Blindness Simulation

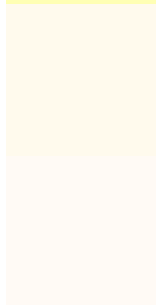
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



Protanopia

90.7117, 95.7456, 93.8205

Deuteranopia

91.9070, 96.2238, 100.1152

Tritanopia

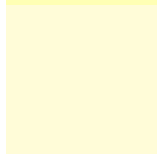
93.0051, 96.1671, 107.4261

Trichromacy



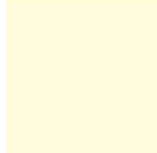
Original Color

85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



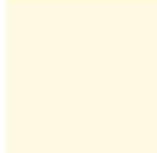
Protanomaly

88.4451, 95.8387, 78.8029



Deuteranomaly

89.1015, 96.1013, 82.2599



Tritanomaly

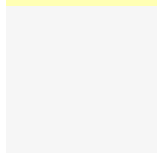
89.6023, 95.8004, 86.4418

Monochromacy



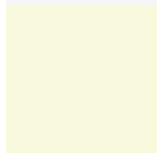
Original Color

85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319



Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



Achromatomaly

86.1274, 93.1650, 82.5505

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 180) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.2382, 96.0753, 57.2319 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor