

# Converting Colors

XYZ(115.5355, 144.0256,  
109.9465)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(115.5355, 144.0256, 109.9465)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(93.0565, 99.1180,  
102.2228)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<code>FDFFF7</code>
RGB	<code>253, 255, 247</code>
RGB Percent	<code>99%, 100%, 97%</code>
CMY	<code>0.0078, 0.0000, 0.0314</code>
CMYK	<code>0.01, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00</code>
HSL	<code>75°, 100%, 98%</code>
HSV	<code>75°, 3%, 100%</code>
XYZ	<code>93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228</code>
YIQ	<code>253.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120</code>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

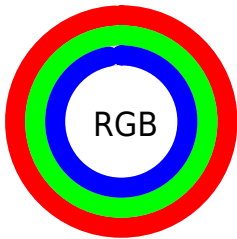
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 255, 249
Decimal	16646135
CIE Lab	99.66, -2.04, 3.57
CIE LCh	100, 4.116, 119.724
Yxy	99.1180, 0.3161, 0.3367
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294836215 (0xFFFDFFF7)
YUV	253.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297
Hunter-Lab	99.5580, -7.3833, 8.8137

# Details

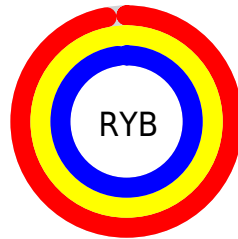
The XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 90.3784, 93.8825, 107.9654, and the grayscale version is 93.8004, 98.6853, 107.4683.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 52.3630, 55.8855, 57.3174 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 87.1055, 96.4742, 82.7881, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

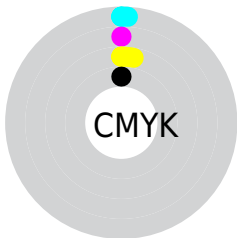
# Distribution



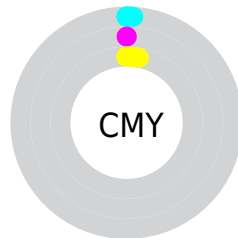
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93.0565, 99.1180,  
102.2228

93.0565, 99.1180,  
102.2228

526.0151,  
557.2660, 588.6033

70.8631, 75.5671,  
77.5310

150.4337,  
159.9417, 166.2869

52.5126, 56.0776,  
57.1746

186.3483,  
197.9833, 206.4963

37.6397, 40.2651,  
40.7352

227.5672,  
241.6239, 252.7153

25.8791, 27.7453,  
27.7941

274.4558,  
291.2480, 305.3625

16.8654, 18.1338,  
17.9328

327.3796,  
347.2398, 364.8563

10.2333, 11.0461,  
10.7328

386.7038,

5.6174, 6.0978,

409.9838, 431.6154

5.7756

452.7938,  
479.8644, 506.0582

■ 2.6523, 2.9047,  
2.6425

■ 0.9727, 1.0822,  
0.9143

■ 93.0565, 99.1180,  
102.2228

■ 93.0565, 99.1180,  
102.2228

■ 87.1055, 96.4742,  
82.7881

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 81.7470, 94.0761,  
66.0756

■ 76.9578, 91.9146,  
51.9648

■ 72.7123, 89.9792,  
40.3242

■ 68.9826, 88.2587,  
31.0111

■ 65.7379, 86.7408,  
23.8680

■ 62.9440, 85.4115,  
18.7181

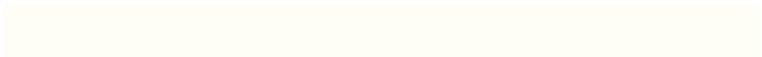
■ 60.5611, 84.2550,  
15.3566

■ 58.5411, 83.2519,  
13.5349


# Harmonies

## Analogous


The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.2199, 99.1180, 101.3772




93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228




92.2079, 99.1180, 104.5885

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228



93.0372, 99.1180, 113.7972



96.5613, 99.1180, 107.9549

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.




93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228




90.3784, 93.8825, 107.9654

# Split Complementary


Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.2382, 99.1180, 111.3269



93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228



94.1974, 99.1180, 114.7439

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228



92.1969, 99.1180, 111.2700



95.3703, 99.1180, 113.8305



96.2496, 99.1180, 104.6431



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228



91.9314, 99.1180, 106.7349



95.3703, 99.1180, 113.8305



96.5233, 99.1180, 109.1192

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.0574, 99.1185, 102.2243



94.4081, 99.7162, 106.7411



91.8637, 95.6454, 101.6169



20.2140, 21.3464, 22.8697



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.0574, 99.1185, 102.2243



92.5195, 98.8802, 100.4357



91.6637, 98.4000, 102.1591



19.7035, 21.1203, 21.1675



30.0934, 43.2518, 6.7623



3.0298, 4.2627, 0.6631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.3784, 93.8825, 107.9654



89.1228, 92.2415, 107.7149



91.7710, 94.6004, 108.0306



18.8441, 19.4407, 23.0092



10.6404, 4.3958, 49.7222



1.1308, 0.4769, 4.8457



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

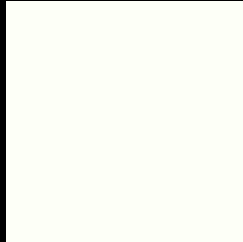
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228

### Protanopia

94.4114, 99.2355, 107.1069

### Deuteranopia

94.5712, 99.2994, 107.9482

# Tritanopia

94.3649, 99.1745, 108.7768

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228

## Protanomaly

93.7274, 98.9195, 105.4202

## Deuteranomaly

93.7274, 98.9195, 105.4202

## Tritanomaly

93.8855, 98.9827, 106.2527

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228

## Achromatopsia

93.3629, 98.2251, 106.9671

## Achromatomaly

93.3624, 98.7313, 105.4031

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 255, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 255, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 255, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 255, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 255, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 255, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 255, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255, 247); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255, 247); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255, 247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 93.0565, 99.1180, 102.2228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 255, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
255, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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