

# Converting Colors

XYZ(115.9684, 100.0000,  
53.2587)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(115.9684, 100.0000, 53.2587)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.6234, 79.8028,  
51.4094)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE4AE
RGB	255, 228, 174
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 68%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1059, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.32, 0.00
HSL	40°, 100%, 84%
HSV	40°, 32%, 100%
XYZ	76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094
YIQ	229.9170, 33.4260, -11.0700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

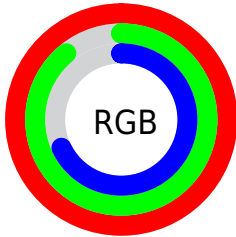
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	215, 255, 174
Decimal	16770222
CIELab	91.60, 1.57, 29.77
CIELCh	92, 29.816, 86.980
Yxy	79.8028, 0.3687, 0.3840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960302 (0xFFFFE4AE)
YUV	229.9170, -27.5671, 21.9978
Hunter-Lab	89.3324, -3.2263, 28.4122

# Details

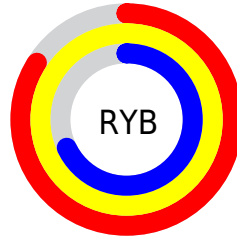
The XYZ color **76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **56.3916, 57.9902, 102.8288**, and the grayscale version is **75.3343, 79.2575, 86.3114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.2829, 98.4932, 89.0629**, and **41.4207, 43.1379, 24.2325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.0895, 74.3427, 38.7758**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.7482, 85.6888, 66.5700**.

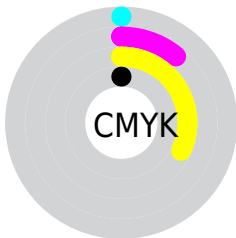
# Distribution



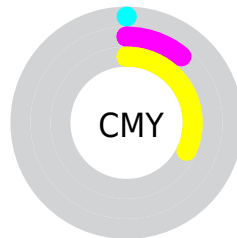
- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.6234, 79.8028,  
51.4094

 76.6234, 79.8028,  
51.4094


472.3907,  
494.2680, 409.0442

 57.2427, 59.5561,  
36.1555


 127.5834,  
133.0884, 93.6773

 41.4410, 43.0609,  
24.2637


159.8934,  
166.8962, 121.5285

 28.8530, 29.9329,  
15.3153


197.2439,  
205.9930, 154.4158

 19.1134, 19.7877,  
8.8919

240.0002,  
250.7634, 192.7579

 11.8567, 12.2408,  
4.5749

288.5276,  
301.5917, 236.9732

 6.7177, 6.9079,  
1.9457

343.1916,

 3.3309, 3.4046,

358.8623, 287.4804

0.5216

404.3575,  
422.9596, 344.6978

■ 1.3311, 1.3464,  
0.0000

■ 0.2063, 0.1767,  
0.0000

■ 76.6234, 79.8028,  
51.4094

■ 76.6234, 79.8028,  
51.4094

■ 72.0895, 74.3427,  
38.7758

■ 81.7482, 85.6888,  
66.5700

■ 68.1120, 69.2836,  
28.5228

■ 87.4842, 92.0029,  
84.3831

■ 64.6620, 64.6141,  
20.4961

■ 93.8578, 98.7610,  
104.9717

■ 61.7046, 60.3176,  
14.5215

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 59.2001, 56.3752,  
10.3983

■ 57.1009, 52.7653,  
7.8847

■ 55.6181, 50.0162,  
6.7227

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.1044, 79.8028, 56.2839



76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094



69.4049, 79.8028, 54.6478

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094



63.5461, 79.8028, 107.3190



88.7894, 79.8028, 111.7799

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094



56.3916, 57.9902, 102.8288

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.6826, 79.8028, 129.8309



76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094



68.1545, 79.8028, 126.9677

# Square

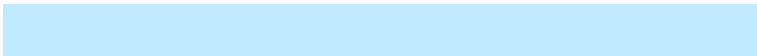
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094



62.1594, 79.8028, 84.7033



75.0822, 79.8028, 135.8038



91.4167, 79.8028, 89.1174

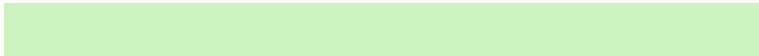


# Rectangle

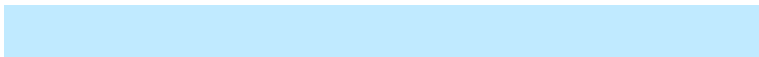
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094



65.6495, 79.8028, 61.3278



75.0822, 79.8028, 135.8038



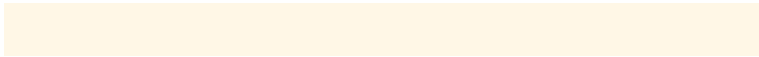
87.0563, 79.8028, 118.7241

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.6254, 79.8064, 51.4110



88.5614, 93.1623, 87.8097



66.9192, 55.7500, 62.4930



18.7717, 19.7426, 18.2090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

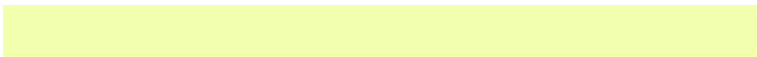
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.6254, 79.8064, 51.4110



73.7296, 76.3509, 43.2441



79.8469, 93.3650, 53.8583



19.0213, 20.0108, 19.0043



29.2047, 26.4205, 3.5604



2.9441, 2.7736, 0.3802



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3916, 57.9902, 102.8288



50.6690, 51.4967, 101.8771



53.8029, 48.1211, 101.0603



17.4976, 18.3667, 22.8729



11.2501, 7.4097, 50.2719



1.1910, 0.9127, 4.9267



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

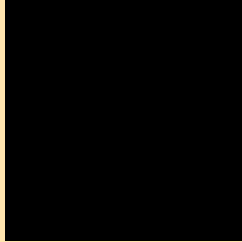
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094.



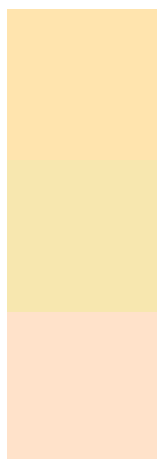
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.6234, 79.8028,

51.4094.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094

### Protanopia

74.6715, 80.0211, 52.0675

### Deuteranopia

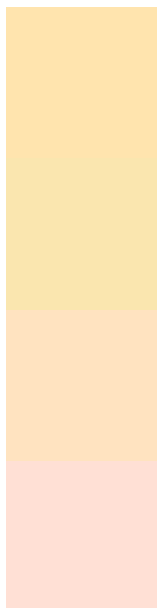
79.0970, 79.9170, 67.1338



## Tritanopia

82.3567, 79.5007, 89.6018

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094

## Protanomaly

75.4590, 80.0128, 52.0243

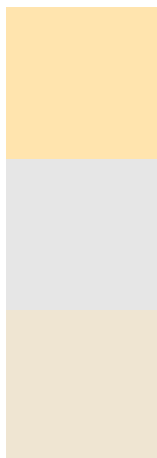
## Deuteranomaly

78.2235, 80.0039, 61.1887

## Tritanomaly

79.9059, 79.3754, 74.0603

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

75.2488, 79.0425, 72.2635

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 228, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 228, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 228, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 228, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 228, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 228, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 228, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 228, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.6234, 79.8028, 51.4094 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 228, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
228, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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