

Converting Colors

XYZ(116.5818, 100.0000,
138.9771)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(116.5818, 100.0000, 138.9771)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(88.1466, 86.1932,
106.5989)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFE8FF |
| RGB | 255, 232, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 91%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0902, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 300°, 100%, 95% |
| HSV | 300°, 9%, 100% |
| XYZ | 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 |
| YIQ | 241.4990, 6.3250, 12.0290 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 255, 232, 255 |
| Decimal | 16771327 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 94.39, 11.75, -8.26 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 94, 14.364, 324.919 |
| Yxy | 86.1932, 0.3138, 0.3068 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294961407 (0xFFFFE8FF) |
| YUV | 241.4990, 6.6560, 11.8404 |
| Hunter-Lab | 92.8403, 7.0051, -3.0884 |

Details

The XYZ color **88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **83.6069, 94.5033, 90.1827**, and the grayscale version is **83.9496, 88.3215, 96.1821**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.0071, 47.1337, 59.9408** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.4833, 72.8666, 104.3778**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.1466, 86.1932,
106.5989

 88.1466, 86.1932,
106.5989

510.3114,
515.5680, 602.5749

 66.7757, 64.8277,
81.1754


143.6527,
142.0391, 172.3271

 49.1724, 47.3214,
60.1542


178.5186,
177.2883, 213.4689

 34.9713, 33.2898,
43.1168


218.6136,
217.9342, 260.6871

 23.8072, 22.3486,
29.6447

264.3029,
264.3612, 314.4005

 15.3146, 14.1132,
19.3193

315.9520,
316.9537, 375.0274

 9.1282, 8.1995,
11.7221

373.9262,

 4.8827, 4.2228,

376.0960, 442.9864

6.4345

438.5909,
442.1727, 518.6960

■ 2.2127, 1.7990,
3.0380

■ 0.7494, 0.4865,
1.1141

■ 88.1466, 86.1932,
106.5989

■ 88.1466, 86.1932,
106.5989

■ 81.4833, 72.8666,
104.3778

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 75.8151, 61.5301,
102.4884

■ 71.0957, 52.0914,
100.9152

■ 67.2734, 44.4468,
99.6411

■ 64.2914, 38.4828,
98.6471

■ 62.0864, 34.0728,
97.9121

■ 60.5863, 31.0726,
97.4121

■ 59.7054, 29.3108,
97.1185

■ 59.3172, 28.5344,
96.9891

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.0899, 86.1932, 114.4684



88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



89.5384, 86.1932, 95.7442

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



82.5829, 86.1932, 74.2366



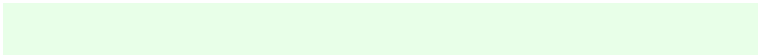
75.3782, 86.1932, 103.0898

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



83.6069, 94.5033, 90.1827

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.7541, 86.1932, 91.9805



88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



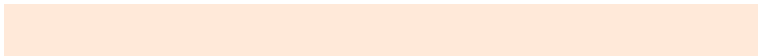
78.8377, 86.1932, 75.8688

Square

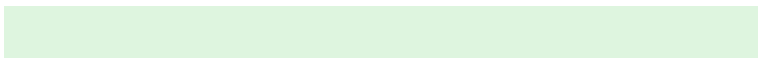
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



86.2625, 86.1932, 77.5136



76.0015, 86.1932, 82.1599



77.7336, 86.1932, 112.3335

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



89.3042, 86.1932, 88.4851



76.0015, 86.1932, 82.1599



74.9621, 86.1932, 99.4270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.1483, 86.1965, 106.5994



92.6579, 95.2158, 108.1026



80.1889, 82.0933, 106.2269



19.6993, 20.1134, 23.0940



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.1483, 86.1965, 106.5994



86.7454, 83.3908, 106.1318



86.3520, 85.4780, 97.1404



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Inverse Universe

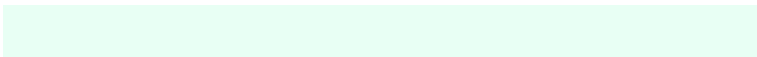
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.1483, 86.1965, 106.5994



86.7454, 83.3908, 106.1318



85.2943, 95.1783, 99.0685



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

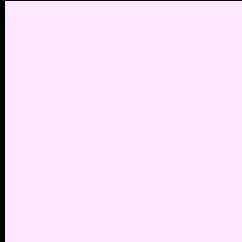
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989.



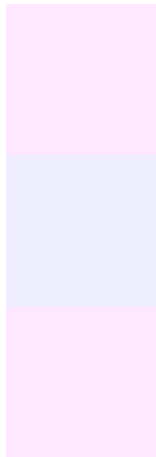
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.1466, 86.1932,

106.5989.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989

Protanopia

83.8844, 86.5462, 106.8916

Deuteranopia

88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989



Tritanopia

87.4246, 86.3137, 103.3192

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989

Protanomaly

85.3537, 86.4440, 106.7945

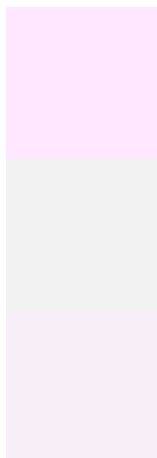
Deuteranomaly

88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989

Tritanomaly

87.5827, 86.3769, 104.1518

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989

Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

Achromatomaly

85.7208, 87.6386, 100.3937

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 232, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 232, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 232, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 232, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 232, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 232, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 232, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.1466, 86.1932, 106.5989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 232, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
232, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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