

# Converting Colors

XYZ(117.1327, 126.0439,  
249.2976)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(117.1327, 126.0439, 249.2976)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.2636, 91.8618,  
108.1612)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEFFFF
RGB	206, 255, 255
RGB Percent	81%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1921, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 90%
HSV	180°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612
YIQ	240.3490, -29.2040, -10.3880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	206, 231, 255
Decimal	13565951
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.76, -15.42, -5.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 16.252, 198.426
Yxy	91.8618, 0.2838, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291756031 (0xFFCEFFFF)
YUV	240.3490, 7.2229, -30.1241
Hunter-Lab	95.8446, -20.1082, 0.1820

# Details

The XYZ color **79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.4529, 69.8603, 67.9545**, and the grayscale version is **83.0590, 87.3846, 95.1618**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.1496, 51.0447, 61.0045** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.7496, 88.5037, 107.8564**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.9275, 95.8127, 108.5199**.

# Distribution



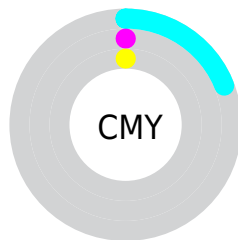
- Red (81%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.2636, 91.8618,  
108.1612

79.2636, 91.8618,  
108.1612

481.2221,  
534.0688, 607.5220

59.4189, 69.5258,  
82.4788

131.2859,  
149.9218, 174.4775

43.1981, 51.1401,  
61.2222

164.1942,  
186.4147, 215.9485

30.2358, 36.3201,  
43.9728

202.1878,  
228.3953, 263.5194

20.1666, 24.6815,  
30.3121

245.6320,  
276.2481, 317.6088

12.6252, 15.8399,  
19.8215

294.8921,  
330.3575, 378.6352

7.2462, 9.4110,  
12.0826

350.3336,

3.6642, 5.0102,

391.1078, 447.0172

6.6767

412.3218,  
458.8834, 523.1732

■ 1.5140, 2.2532,  
3.1854

■ 0.3353, 0.7488,  
1.1901

■ 79.2636, 91.8618,  
108.1612

■ 79.2636, 91.8618,  
108.1612

■ 72.7496, 88.5037,  
107.8564

■ 86.9275, 95.8127,  
108.5199

■ 67.3281, 85.7088,  
107.6026

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 62.9398, 83.4466,  
107.3973

■ 59.5192, 81.6832,  
107.2372

■ 56.9932, 80.3810,  
107.1190

■ 55.2783, 79.4970,  
107.0387

■ 54.2754, 78.9799,  
106.9918

■ 53.8351, 78.7529,  
106.9712

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.0099, 91.8618, 95.0734



79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612



81.6281, 91.8618, 119.9839

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612



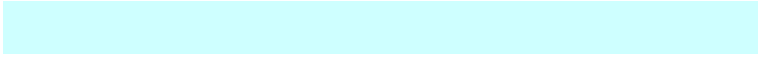
94.0290, 91.8618, 117.6066



89.0809, 91.8618, 77.4068

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612



74.4529, 69.8603, 67.9545

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.2535, 91.8618, 82.4067



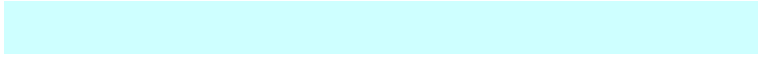
79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612



96.1760, 91.8618, 105.1392

# Square

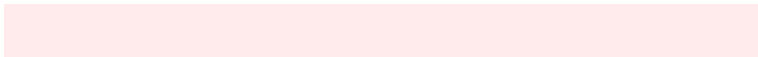
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612



90.1095, 91.8618, 125.7555



95.8873, 91.8618, 92.3015



84.5728, 91.8618, 78.0626



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612



84.1309, 91.8618, 125.2073



95.8873, 91.8618, 92.3015



90.5720, 91.8618, 78.4628

# Sweetspot

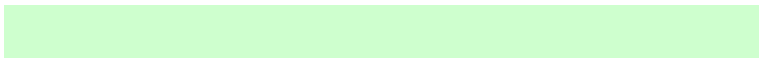
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2644, 91.8622, 108.1612



89.6434, 97.2128, 108.6470



72.3553, 89.0986, 71.7785



19.0671, 20.7455, 23.2493



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

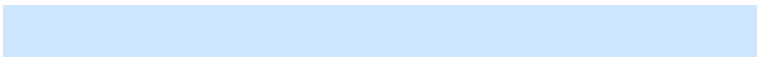
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2644, 91.8622, 108.1612



76.6661, 90.5228, 108.0396



71.9409, 77.2153, 105.7201



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.3620, 72.6239, 104.3373



79.1090, 68.1179, 103.5863



80.8175, 82.5895, 70.0761



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

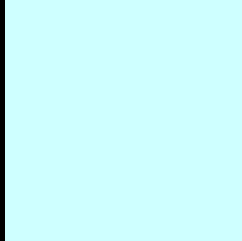
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

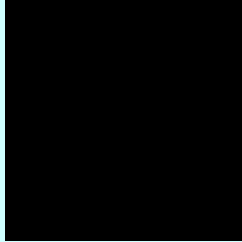
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

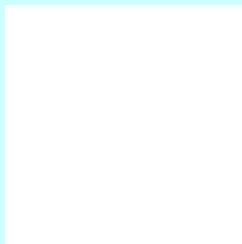
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612.



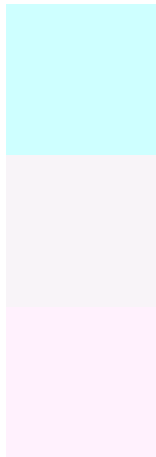
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2636, 91.8618,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612

### Protanopia

88.0054, 91.4351, 101.8173

### Deuteranopia

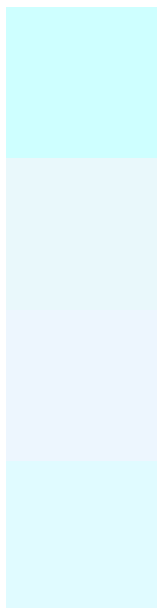
90.4249, 91.2624, 105.7780



## Tritanopia

85.5491, 91.8472, 107.8271

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612

## Protanomaly

84.5843, 91.4235, 104.4552

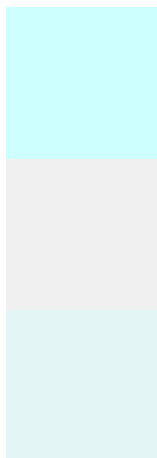
## Deuteranomaly

85.7702, 91.0718, 106.8240

## Tritanomaly

83.2876, 92.0617, 107.9877

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

81.1287, 88.3914, 99.1715

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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