

# Converting Colors

XYZ(119.5842, 173.1263,  
101.9646)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(119.5842, 173.1263, 101.9646)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.2563, 92.2932,  
88.5000)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBFFE6
RGB	219, 255, 230
RGB Percent	86%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.1412, 0.0000, 0.0980
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	138°, 100%, 93%
HSV	138°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000
YIQ	241.3860, -13.4310, -15.4070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

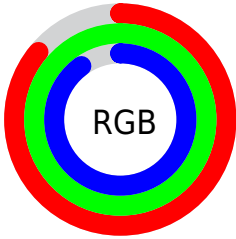
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 247, 255
Decimal	14417894
CIE Lab	96.94, -16.19, 8.08
CIE LCh	97, 18.095, 153.493
Yxy	92.2932, 0.3048, 0.3549
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292607974 (0xFFDBFFE6)
YUV	241.3860, -5.6133, -19.6325
Hunter-Lab	96.0693, -20.8606, 12.6300

# Details

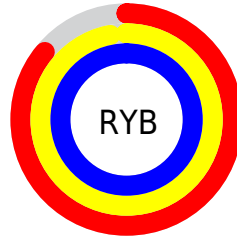
The XYZ color **79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **82.9010, 78.4555, 96.3618**, and the grayscale version is **83.9632, 88.3358, 96.1977**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.2418, 51.3758, 48.1949** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.8012, 87.6918, 75.7293**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.1408, 97.6023, 102.6592**.

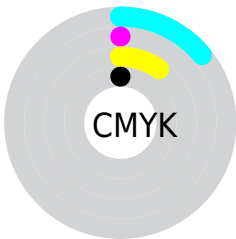
# Distribution



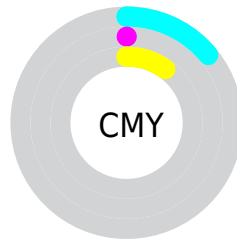
- Red (86%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.2563, 92.2932,  
88.5000

 79.2563, 92.2932,  
88.5000


481.1978,  
535.4626, 543.5829

 59.4129, 69.8842,  
66.1705


131.2756,  
150.5197, 147.1703

 43.1933, 51.4321,  
47.9535


164.1823,  
187.1060, 184.3483

 30.2320, 36.5526,  
33.4303


202.1741,  
229.1868, 227.3128

 20.1637, 24.8613,  
22.1825

245.6164,  
277.1465, 276.4824

 12.6230, 15.9737,  
13.7915

294.8746,  
331.3696, 332.2757

 7.2447, 9.5056,  
7.8387

350.3140,

 3.6633, 5.0724,

392.2403, 395.1112

3.9056

412.2999,  
460.1432, 465.4074

■ 1.5135, 2.2898,  
1.5737

■ 0.3350, 0.7683,  
0.2720

■ 79.2563, 92.2932,  
88.5000

■ 79.2563, 92.2932,  
88.5000

■ 69.8012, 87.6918,  
75.7293

■ 90.1408, 97.6023,  
102.6592

■ 61.7124, 83.7664,  
64.3008

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 54.9253, 80.4847,  
54.1718

■ 49.3692, 77.8112,  
45.2956

■ 44.9663, 75.7066,  
37.6232

■ 41.6295, 74.1274,  
31.1016

■ 39.2587, 73.0228,  
25.6743

■ 37.7326, 72.3318,  
21.2792

■ 37.1324, 72.0689,  
19.1467

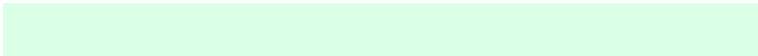
# Harmonies

## Analogous

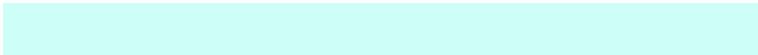
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.4339, 92.2932, 78.8927



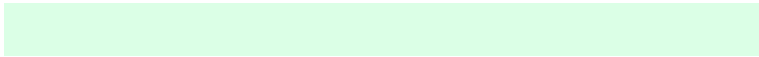
79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



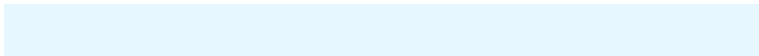
78.3160, 92.2932, 102.2082

# Triad

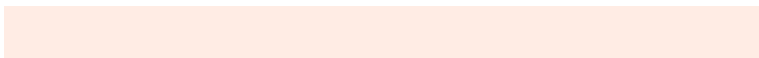
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



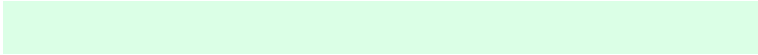
88.3193, 92.2932, 131.1277



96.1350, 92.2932, 85.8114

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



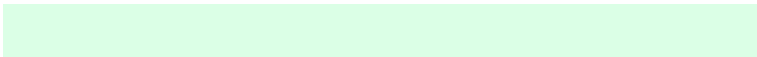
82.9010, 78.4555, 96.3618

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.8523, 92.2932, 98.7944



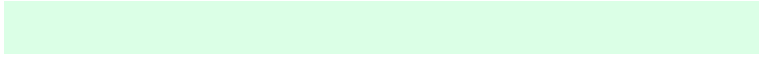
79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



93.2314, 92.2932, 125.7115

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



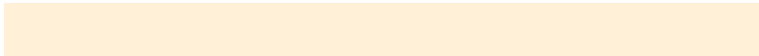
79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



83.4283, 92.2932, 127.7036



96.7699, 92.2932, 113.5203

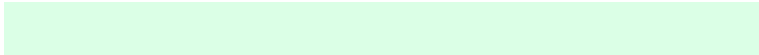


92.1604, 92.2932, 77.4490



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



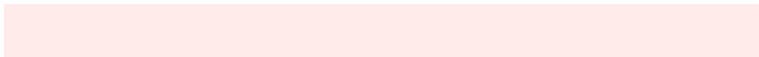
79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



79.0533, 92.2932, 112.0780



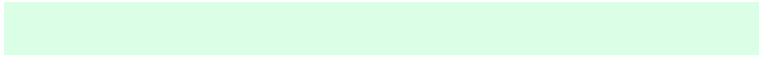
96.7699, 92.2932, 113.5203



97.0022, 92.2932, 89.7326

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2571, 92.2936, 88.5015



90.2768, 97.6687, 102.8332



85.9242, 95.9035, 81.0015



19.1365, 20.8141, 21.7718



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

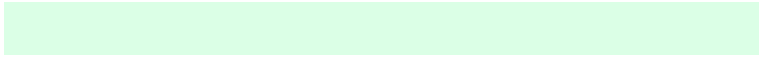


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

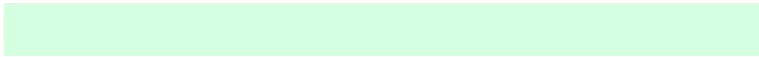


# Same Dimension

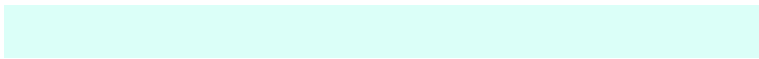
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2571, 92.2936, 88.5015



76.3871, 90.8957, 84.6789



81.8862, 93.3452, 102.3462



18.0001, 20.2596, 20.3033



19.4604, 37.6807, 10.3096



1.9410, 3.6873, 1.2473



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.9010, 78.4555, 96.3618



80.6860, 74.5681, 93.9507



80.3271, 77.4259, 82.8074



18.5424, 18.2003, 21.4734



25.7692, 12.7970, 23.2329



2.5578, 1.2655, 2.5190



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

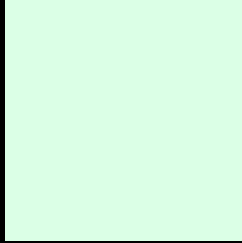
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

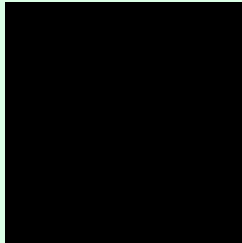
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

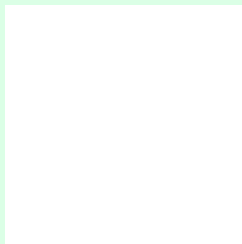
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000.



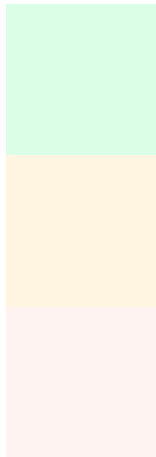
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2563, 92.2932,

88.5000.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000

### Protanopia

87.4830, 92.0011, 84.3813

### Deuteranopia

89.3176, 91.7720, 97.0106



## **Tritanopia**

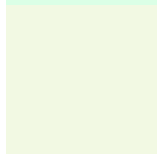
86.5707, 91.9187, 107.7871

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



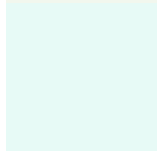
## Protanomaly

84.3588, 92.1747, 86.0184



## Deuteranomaly

85.3113, 91.5718, 94.0677



## Tritanomaly

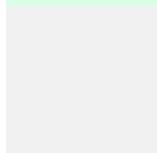
83.7752, 92.0140, 100.5338

# Monochromacy



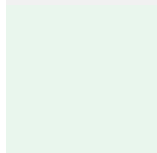
## Original Color

79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000



## Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909



## Achromatomaly

81.8461, 89.3496, 93.0532

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 255, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 255, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 255, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 255, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 255, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 255, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 255, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 255, 230); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 255, 230); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 255, 230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.2563, 92.2932, 88.5000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 255, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
255, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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