

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.0111, 12.1988, 12.3461)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.0111, 12.1988, 12.3461)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.0289, 12.1772,
12.3061)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69605E
RGB	105, 96, 94
RGB Percent	41%, 38%, 37%
CMY	0.5882, 0.6235, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.59
HSL	11°, 6%, 39%
HSV	11°, 10%, 41%
XYZ	12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061
YIQ	98.4630, 6.0060, 1.2860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

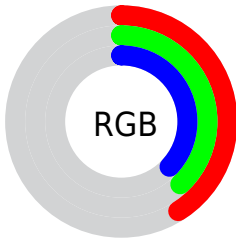
Format	Color
RYB	105, 96, 94
Decimal	6905950
CIELab	41.50, 3.20, 2.43
CIElCh	41, 4.024, 37.215
Yxy	12.1772, 0.3294, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285096030 (0xFF69605E)
YUV	98.4630, -2.2003, 5.7329
Hunter-Lab	34.8958, 0.4628, 3.5183

Details

The XYZ color **12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.0159, 13.0996, 15.2597**, and the grayscale version is **11.7295, 12.3404, 13.4386**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.0232, 29.6393, 30.5768**, and **3.4190, 3.3941, 3.2712** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8483, 10.5193, 9.7440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.3599, 14.0331, 15.2349**.

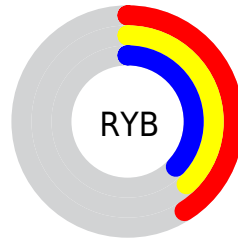
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (38%)

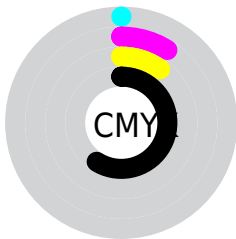
Blue (37%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (37%)

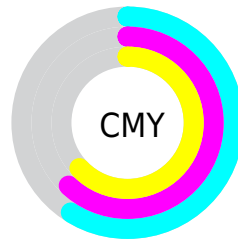


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0289, 12.1772,
12.3061

■ 12.0289, 12.1772,
12.3061

198.3625,
205.5749, 217.4707

■ 6.8357, 6.8645,
6.8274

■ 29.1641, 29.8174,
30.7241

■ 3.4050, 3.3775,
3.2776

■ 41.8369, 42.9137,
44.5005

■ 1.3714, 1.3318,
1.2381

■ 57.7335, 59.3733,
61.8799

■ 0.2357, 0.1657,
0.0102

■ 77.2194, 79.5807,
83.2808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

100.6599,
103.9201, 109.1218

128.4203,

132.7760, 139.8214

160.8661,
166.5328, 175.7982

■ 12.0289, 12.1772,
12.3061

■ 12.0289, 12.1772,
12.3061

■ 10.8483, 10.5193,
9.7440

■ 13.3599, 14.0331,
15.2349

■ 9.8118, 9.0513,
7.5334

■ 14.8454, 16.0915,
18.5434

■ 8.9141, 7.7668,
5.6591

■ 16.4905, 18.3589,
22.2446

■ 8.1492, 6.6585,
4.1046

■ 18.2997, 20.8410,
26.3510

■ 7.5106, 5.7187,
2.8519

■ 20.2776, 23.5433,
30.8743

■ 6.9914, 4.9390,
1.8812

■ 22.4283, 26.4711,
35.8258

■ 6.5839, 4.3104,
1.1704

■ 24.7559, 29.6294,
41.2165

■ 6.2792, 3.8227,
0.6941

■ 27.2643, 33.0231,
47.0568

■ 6.0605, 3.4730,
0.3509

■ 29.9575, 36.6571,
53.3569

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1425, 12.1772, 13.0571



12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061



11.7938, 12.1772, 11.8252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061



11.0620, 12.1772, 12.6433



11.6450, 12.1772, 14.9262

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061



12.0159, 13.0996, 15.2597

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3571, 12.1772, 14.8040



12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061



11.0237, 12.1772, 13.4627

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061



11.2364, 12.1772, 12.0141



11.1308, 12.1772, 14.2597



11.9184, 12.1772, 14.5868

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061



11.6015, 12.1772, 11.7106



11.1308, 12.1772, 14.2597



11.5467, 12.1772, 14.9380

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0292, 12.1777, 12.3064



23.2743, 24.2260, 25.8464



12.2850, 11.9914, 14.5429



5.4131, 5.6208, 5.9687



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0292, 12.1777, 12.3064



20.8998, 20.9093, 20.6398



12.5322, 13.1836, 12.4740



3.1402, 3.1978, 3.2692



7.6513, 4.3523, 0.4368



38.5085, 21.2207, 2.0664

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0159, 13.0996, 15.2597



20.8698, 22.9773, 27.2661



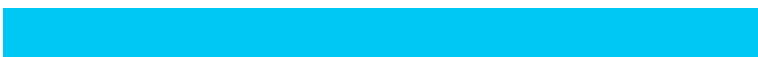
11.5025, 12.0728, 15.0886



3.1373, 3.4029, 3.9263



7.4063, 9.6468, 18.3939



37.1584, 47.9954, 93.5318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

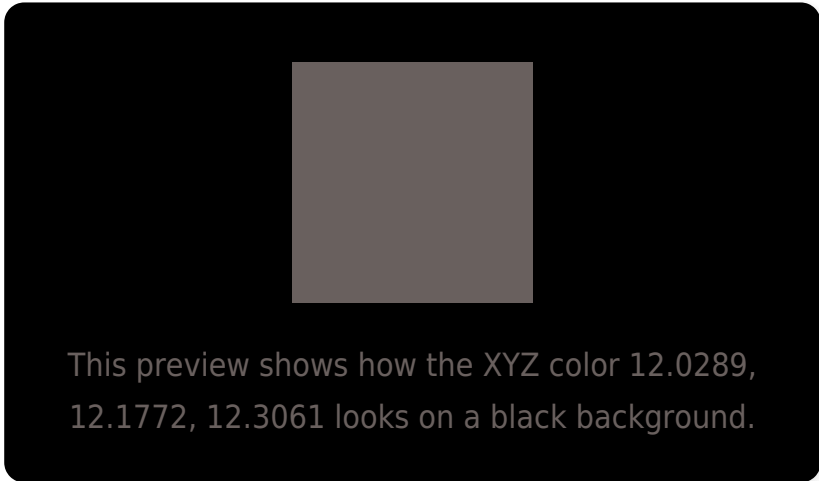
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

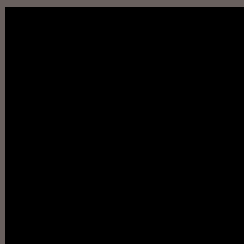
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0289, 12.1772,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061

Protanopia

11.5958, 12.0849, 12.5479

Deuteranopia

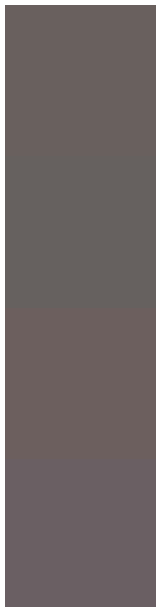
12.4193, 12.2438, 12.2984



Tritanopia

12.4343, 12.2079, 14.2714

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061

Protanomaly

11.8197, 12.2004, 12.5584

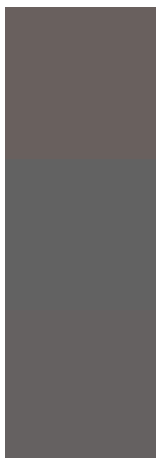
Deuteranomaly

12.2969, 12.1807, 12.2927

Tritanomaly

12.2882, 12.1494, 13.5018

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061

Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

Achromatomaly

11.7992, 12.1792, 13.0382

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(105, 96, 94) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 96, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 96, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 96, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 96, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 96, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 96, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 96, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 96, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 96,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.0289, 12.1772, 12.3061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 96, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 96,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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