

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.0326, 12.0208,
38.2453)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2063A7
RGB	32, 99, 167
RGB Percent	13%, 39%, 65%
CMY	0.8745, 0.6118, 0.3451
CMYK	0.81, 0.41, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	210°, 68%, 39%
HSV	210°, 81%, 65%
XYZ	12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453
YIQ	86.7190, -61.7600, 6.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

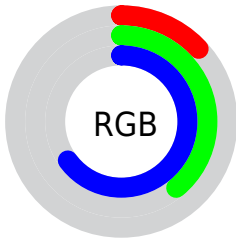
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 77, 167
Decimal	2122663
CIE _{Lab}	41.25, 4.30, -42.41
CIE _{LCh}	41, 42.625, 275.785
Yxy	12.0208, 0.1931, 0.1930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280312743 (0xFF2063A7)
YUV	86.7190, 39.5785, -47.9886
Hunter-Lab	34.6710, 1.2742, -41.1326

Details

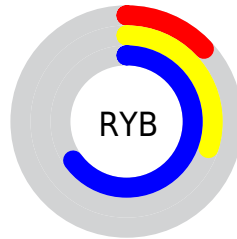
The XYZ color **12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **20.7558, 17.4367, 3.6391**, and the grayscale version is **8.9271, 9.3920, 10.2279**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.2123, 29.4753, 73.9617**, and **4.3104, 3.7611, 16.4184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8832, 10.3062, 37.9752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.5288, 14.0377, 38.5560**.

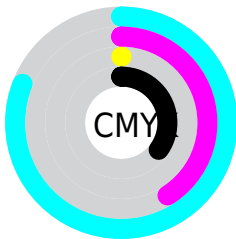
Distribution



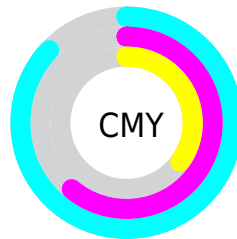
- Red (13%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0326, 12.0208,
38.2453

■ 12.0326, 12.0208,
38.2453

■ 198.3865,
204.5429, 354.0008

■ 6.8382, 6.7578,
25.8698

■ 29.1708, 29.5330,
73.6916

■ 3.4066, 3.3111,
16.5014

■ 41.8454, 42.5510,
97.5994

■ 1.3722, 1.2962,
9.7215

■ 57.7440, 58.9228,
126.1885

■ 0.2363, 0.1383,
5.1115

■ 77.2322, 79.0329,
159.8773

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.2529

■ 100.6751,
103.2655, 199.0844

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7047

■ 128.4383,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

132.0051, 244.2283

0.0000

160.8869,
165.6361, 295.7276

■ 12.0326, 12.0208,
38.2453

■ 12.0326, 12.0208,
38.2453

■ 10.8832, 10.3062,
37.9752

■ 13.5288, 14.0377,
38.5560

■ 10.0588, 8.9574,
37.7583

■ 15.4079, 16.3787,
38.9088

■ 17.7022, 19.0642,
39.3063

■ 20.4402, 22.1119,
39.7502

■ 23.6473, 25.5384,
40.2426

■ 27.3472, 29.3588,
40.7850

■ 31.5617, 33.5874,
41.3790

■ 36.3112, 38.2376,
42.0263

■ 41.6151, 43.3223,
42.7282

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.1649, 12.0208, 35.4436



12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453



15.2490, 12.0208, 32.2259

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453



16.9330, 12.0208, 5.4664



6.8316, 12.0208, 7.2927

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453



20.7558, 17.4367, 3.6391

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.3012, 12.0208, 3.5891



12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453



14.0301, 12.0208, 2.9150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453



18.3864, 12.0208, 11.4529



10.8390, 12.0208, 2.4285



6.4891, 12.0208, 14.8731

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453



17.0541, 12.0208, 25.1262



10.8390, 12.0208, 2.4285



7.1954, 12.0208, 5.6817

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0331, 12.0212, 38.2456



46.4846, 50.0306, 72.6822



16.6913, 28.8555, 16.6218



9.8952, 10.6717, 16.1904



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0331, 12.0212, 38.2456



18.2401, 16.3723, 67.6741



8.0880, 4.1311, 36.9306



7.4277, 7.8924, 9.5502



7.7460, 6.9522, 28.9091



0.2397, 0.2717, 0.7205

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.7055, 10.1501, 12.7779



31.4719, 15.9987, 16.4216



30.0162, 35.9576, 6.7259



7.6805, 7.6021, 8.6347



13.4104, 6.7729, 6.9728



0.3522, 0.1751, 0.3060

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

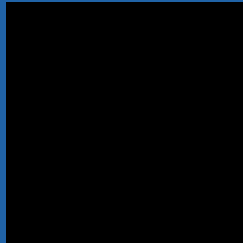
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0326, 12.0208,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453

Protanopia

13.0870, 12.0577, 36.2879

Deuteranopia

12.2976, 12.0176, 38.2307



Tritanopia

8.5149, 11.9861, 18.3878

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453

Protanomaly

12.4593, 11.8583, 36.7542

Deuteranomaly

12.1421, 11.9375, 38.2234

Tritanomaly

9.5764, 11.9306, 24.7198

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

9.2082, 9.9364, 17.9556

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 99, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 99, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 99, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 99, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 99, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 99, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 99, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 99, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 99, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 99,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.0326, 12.0208, 38.2453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 99, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 99,  
167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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