

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.0443, 11.4060, 36.8787)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.0443, 11.4060, 36.8787)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.9702, 11.3387,
36.6797)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	315EA4
RGB	49, 94, 164
RGB Percent	19%, 37%, 64%
CMY	0.8078, 0.6314, 0.3569
CMYK	0.70, 0.43, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	217°, 54%, 42%
HSV	217°, 70%, 64%
XYZ	11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797
YIQ	88.5250, -49.2900, 12.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

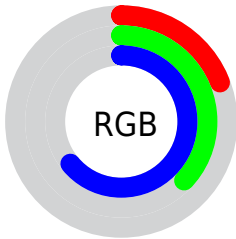
Format	Color
R_{YB}	49, 81, 164
Decimal	3235492
CIE _{Lab}	40.15, 8.62, -42.36
CIE _{LCh}	40, 43.227, 281.502
Yxy	11.3387, 0.1995, 0.1890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281425572 (0xFF315EA4)
YUV	88.5250, 37.2092, -34.6634
Hunter-Lab	33.6730, 4.5261, -41.0130

Details

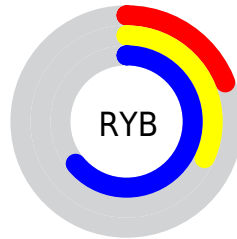
The XYZ color **11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **22.4623, 21.3099, 5.8360**, and the grayscale version is **9.3200, 9.8054, 10.6781**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.0661, 28.3122, 70.9507**, and **4.0229, 3.3665, 15.7670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4873, 9.3406, 36.3724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8567, 13.7156, 37.0393**.

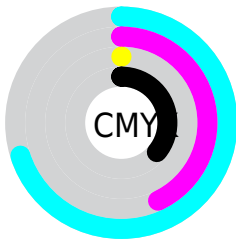
Distribution



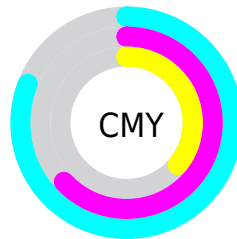
- Red (19%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.9702, 11.3387,
36.6797

■ 11.9702, 11.3387,
36.6797

197.9818,
199.9767, 347.0486

■ 6.7954, 6.2951,
24.6658

■ 29.0581, 28.2848,
71.2607

■ 3.3797, 3.0254,
15.6115

■ 41.7020, 40.9561,
94.6648

■ 1.3576, 1.1450,
9.0983

■ 57.5664, 56.9388,
122.7028

■ 0.2257, 0.0161,
4.7076

■ 77.0165, 76.6173,
155.7931

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.0210

■ 100.4177,
100.3759, 194.3543

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5682

128.1355,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

128.5991, 238.8049

0.0000

160.5351,
161.6712, 289.5635

■ 11.9702, 11.3387,
36.6797

■ 11.9702, 11.3387,
36.6797

■ 10.4873, 9.3406,
36.3724

■ 13.8567, 13.7156,
37.0393

■ 9.3692, 7.6945,
36.1136

■ 16.1775, 16.4928,
37.4531

■ 8.5438, 6.3661,
35.9007

■ 18.9619, 19.6915,
37.9237

■ 22.2357, 23.3306,
38.4536

■ 26.0230, 27.4277,
39.0448

■ 30.3461, 31.9996,
39.6994

■ 35.2259, 37.0618,
40.4193

■ 40.6822, 42.6294,
41.2064

■ 46.7339, 48.7167,
42.0624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.0467, 11.3387, 35.6108



11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797



15.0748, 11.3387, 29.3372

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797



15.7066, 11.3387, 4.3093



6.1757, 11.3387, 7.8069

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797



22.4623, 21.3099, 5.8360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.3853, 11.3387, 3.6399



11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797



12.7151, 11.3387, 2.3657

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797



17.4845, 11.3387, 9.3328



9.6660, 11.3387, 2.1963



6.0507, 11.3387, 15.9464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797



16.6909, 11.3387, 22.0380



9.6660, 11.3387, 2.1963



6.4568, 11.3387, 6.0165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9707, 11.3391, 36.6800



46.3039, 48.7879, 70.7289



17.8128, 28.5124, 21.7053



9.7190, 10.2315, 15.4002



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9707, 11.3391, 36.6800



17.8500, 15.2464, 65.7544



9.6938, 5.8542, 35.7413



6.9172, 7.2933, 8.9463



6.5946, 4.9686, 27.5412



0.1838, 0.1948, 0.5938

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4290, 10.8980, 11.7221



30.9028, 16.4991, 14.8322



26.8731, 33.4969, 7.9558



7.1832, 7.1297, 7.9510



12.4741, 6.3457, 4.4214



0.2849, 0.1425, 0.2130

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

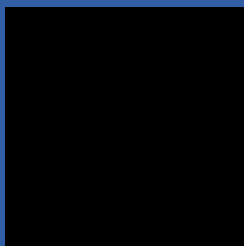
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.9702, 11.3387,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797

Protanopia

12.3986, 11.3197, 35.7139

Deuteranopia

11.5924, 11.2768, 36.6876



Tritanopia

8.0322, 11.2954, 17.3797

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797

Protanomaly

12.2701, 11.3726, 36.1988

Deuteranomaly

11.7479, 11.3570, 36.6949

Tritanomaly

9.0680, 11.1019, 23.4947

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

9.7175, 10.1990, 17.9794

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 94, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 94, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 94, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 94, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 94, 164) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 94, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 94, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 94, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 94, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 94,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.9702, 11.3387, 36.6797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 94, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 94,  
164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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