

# Converting Colors

XYZ(12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(12.0723, 16.3367,  
12.4145)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F7A5B
RGB	79, 122, 91
RGB Percent	31%, 48%, 36%
CMY	0.6902, 0.5216, 0.6431
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.25, 0.52
HSL	137°, 21%, 39%
HSV	137°, 35%, 48%
XYZ	12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145
YIQ	105.6090, -15.6770, -18.7570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

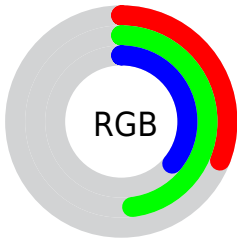
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	79, 113, 122
Decimal	5208667
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.41, -22.00, 12.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 25.228, 150.684
Yxy	16.3367, 0.2957, 0.4002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283398747 (0xFF4F7A5B)
YUV	105.6090, -7.2022, -23.3361
Hunter-Lab	40.4187, -17.4181, 10.0823

# Details

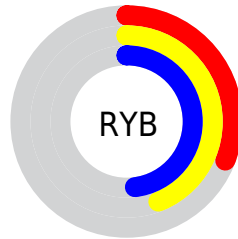
The XYZ color **12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **13.6371, 10.8557, 16.1291**, and the grayscale version is **13.6152, 14.3242, 15.5991**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.3436, 37.3289, 30.8579**, and **3.4213, 5.2459, 3.3149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7918, 15.7183, 10.4888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.5845, 17.0703, 14.5839**.

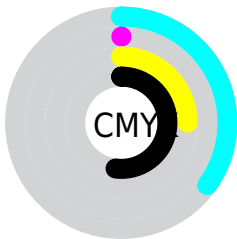
# Distribution



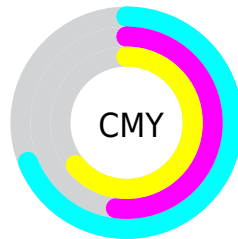
- Red (31%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 12.0723, 16.3367,  
12.4145

■ 12.0723, 16.3367,  
12.4145

198.6435,  
231.3204, 218.2048

■ 6.8655, 9.7627,  
6.9007

■ 29.2424, 37.1818,  
30.9234

■ 3.4237, 5.2419,  
3.3226

■ 41.9365, 52.2216,  
44.7556

■ 1.3816, 2.3899,  
1.2616

■ 57.8569, 70.8522,  
62.1977

■ 0.2430, 0.8207,  
0.0300

■ 77.3692, 93.4580,  
83.6681

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 100.8387,  
120.4233, 109.5855

128.6306,

152.1325, 140.3684

161.1104,  
188.9701, 176.4353

■ 12.0723, 16.3367,  
12.4145

■ 12.0723, 16.3367,  
12.4145

■ 10.7918, 15.7183,  
10.4888

■ 13.5845, 17.0703,  
14.5839

■ 9.7298, 15.2072,  
8.7973

■ 15.3379, 17.9224,  
17.0041

■ 8.8741, 14.7977,  
7.3311


■ 17.3432, 18.8990,  
19.6832


■ 8.2105, 14.4825,  
6.0808


■ 19.6099, 20.0047,  
22.6285


■ 7.7229, 14.2538,  
5.0360


■ 22.1471, 21.2440,  
25.8472


 7.3860, 14.0986,  
4.1850

 24.9635, 22.6214,  
29.3460

 7.2493, 14.0355,  
3.8439

 28.0672, 24.1409,  
33.1316

 31.4663, 25.8064,  
37.2103

 35.1683, 27.6218,  
41.5883

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4352, 16.3367, 9.1609



12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145



11.6130, 16.3367, 17.9354

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145



15.5789, 16.3367, 33.1596



19.5263, 16.3367, 12.2152

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145



13.6371, 10.8557, 16.1291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2357, 16.3367, 17.6412



12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145



17.8266, 16.3367, 30.6176

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145



13.5161, 16.3367, 30.8293



19.5862, 16.3367, 24.5235



17.7292, 16.3367, 9.0667



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145



11.8425, 16.3367, 22.5013



19.5862, 16.3367, 24.5235



19.9072, 16.3367, 13.7834

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0727, 16.3374, 12.4149



28.3333, 32.1868, 31.7353



14.8684, 17.8337, 10.0558



6.3958, 7.3193, 7.1454



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0727, 16.3374, 12.4149



19.4544, 27.8784, 19.1729



13.1073, 16.7512, 17.8626



3.9926, 4.4667, 4.4949



7.6287, 14.7751, 4.0297



36.0716, 70.3517, 17.5471



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6371, 10.8557, 16.1291



22.6232, 16.7621, 26.6879



12.6271, 10.4517, 10.8106



4.1090, 4.0593, 4.7719



10.2991, 5.0958, 10.1317



48.7516, 24.1570, 46.3494



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.0723, 16.3367,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145

### Protanopia

15.2196, 16.2533, 11.1391

### Deuteranopia

16.4362, 16.2004, 12.8504



## Tritanopia

14.0298, 16.2333, 22.4726

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145

## Protanomaly

13.8325, 16.1986, 11.6301

## Deuteranomaly

14.4365, 15.9801, 12.6795

## Tritanomaly

13.2014, 16.2476, 18.3599

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145

## Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956

## Achromatomaly

12.9670, 15.0147, 14.5266

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 122, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 122, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 122, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 122, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 122, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 122, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 122, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 122, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 122, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 122,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.0723, 16.3367, 12.4145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 122, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 122,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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