

# Converting Colors

XYZ(12.1120, 23.0957, 6.5337)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(12.1120, 23.0957, 6.5337)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(12.1013, 23.0893,  
6.5082)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0F992F
RGB	15, 153, 47
RGB Percent	6%, 60%, 18%
CMY	0.9412, 0.4000, 0.8157
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.69, 0.40
HSL	134°, 82%, 33%
HSV	134°, 90%, 60%
XYZ	12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082
YIQ	99.6540, -48.2220, -62.2220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

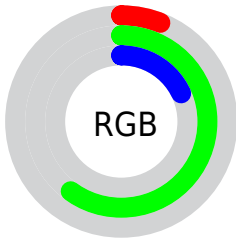
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	15, 127, 153
Decimal	1022255
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.16, -55.21, 44.50
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 70.907, 141.129
Yxy	23.0893, 0.2902, 0.5537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279212335 (0xFF0F992F)
YUV	99.6540, -25.9584, -74.2416
Hunter-Lab	48.0513, -39.1362, 25.6055

# Details

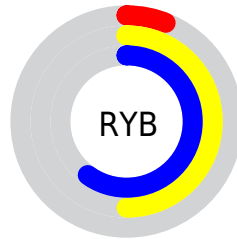
The XYZ color **12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **16.7593, 8.4946, 18.8446**, and the grayscale version is **12.0980, 12.7281, 13.8609**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.4187, 48.7581, 19.4160**, and **4.5572, 9.1143, 1.5191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7023, 22.9077, 5.4329**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7190, 23.3772, 7.9464**.

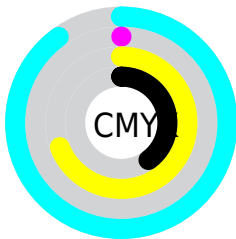
# Distribution



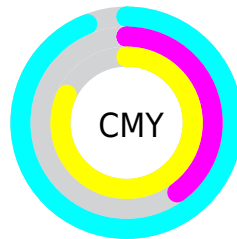
- Red (6%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (82%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 12.1013, 23.0893,  
6.5082


 12.1013, 23.0893,  
6.5082


198.8310,  
268.1833, 172.9851


 6.8854, 14.6595,  
3.0827


 29.2947, 48.5399,  
19.4725


 3.4362, 8.5807,  
1.1370


 42.0030, 66.3295,  
29.8485

 1.3884, 4.4687,  
0.0000

 57.9393, 88.0077,  
43.3783

 0.2480, 1.9391,  
0.0000

 77.4692, 113.9591,  
60.4806

 0.0000, 0.5717,  
0.0000

 100.9580,  
144.5679, 81.5739

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 128.7710,

180.2187, 107.0767

161.2735,  
221.2957, 137.4076

■ 12.1013, 23.0893,  
6.5082

■ 12.1013, 23.0893,  
6.5082

■ 11.7023, 22.9077,  
5.4329

■ 12.7190, 23.3772,  
7.9464

■ 13.6220, 23.8036,  
9.7553

■ 14.8428, 24.3855,  
11.9590

■ 16.4089, 25.1365,  
14.5793

■ 18.3447, 26.0687,  
17.6361

■ 20.6723, 27.1933,  
21.1481

■ 23.4121, 28.5204,  
25.1331

■ 26.5831, 30.0594,  
29.6076

■ 30.2030, 31.8190,  
34.5876

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9041, 23.0893, 2.4622



12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



10.0817, 23.0893, 19.0003

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



19.6815, 23.0893, 97.4747



39.4224, 23.0893, 12.4744

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



16.7593, 8.4946, 18.8446

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6785, 23.0893, 32.4782



12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



27.9016, 23.0893, 91.6493

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



13.7133, 23.0893, 76.6331



36.0551, 23.0893, 63.6128



32.9491, 23.0893, 4.1842



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



10.1438, 23.0893, 34.5269



36.0551, 23.0893, 63.6128



40.5215, 23.0893, 17.6307

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1019, 23.0903, 6.5087



38.2538, 49.2951, 39.6895



19.6609, 27.0364, 4.6342



8.1327, 10.7328, 8.3008



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1019, 23.0903, 6.5087



20.8961, 40.9991, 9.4103



14.6204, 24.0977, 19.7710



6.1879, 6.9479, 6.9131



9.6826, 18.9365, 4.5491



0.1569, 0.2880, 0.1322



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7593, 8.4946, 18.8446



29.2576, 14.4208, 31.2798



13.9764, 7.3815, 4.1904



6.3999, 6.2991, 7.4861



13.5495, 6.6740, 14.6845

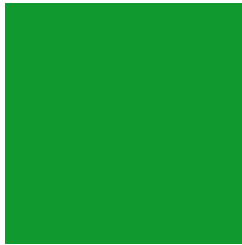


0.2160, 0.1051, 0.2901



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

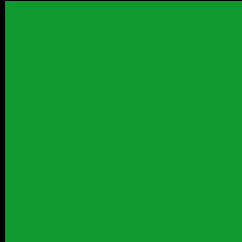
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1013, 23.0893,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082

### Protanopia

20.5492, 22.5957, 5.3762

### Deuteranopia

23.1764, 22.7492, 7.0404



## **Tritanopia**

17.8532, 23.1015, 34.5284

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



## Protanomaly

14.8143, 21.2923, 5.6145



## Deuteranomaly

15.6133, 20.8362, 6.5670



## Tritanomaly

14.7128, 22.7092, 20.1309

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082



## Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780



## Achromatomaly

10.5363, 15.0529, 10.1348

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 153, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 153, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 153, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 153, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 153, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 153, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 153, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 153, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 153, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 153,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.1013, 23.0893, 6.5082 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 153, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 153,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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