

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.1649, 12.2461, 40.1757)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.1649, 12.2461, 40.1757)
contains.

XYZ(12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(12.1390, 12.1738,
40.2381)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1164AB
RGB	17, 100, 171
RGB Percent	7%, 39%, 67%
CMY	0.9333, 0.6078, 0.3294
CMYK	0.90, 0.42, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	208°, 82%, 37%
HSV	208°, 90%, 67%
XYZ	12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381
YIQ	83.2770, -72.2590, 4.4850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

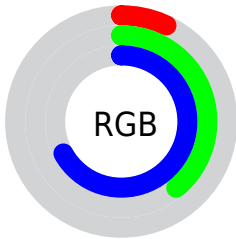
Format	Color
R_{YB}	17, 71, 171
Decimal	1139883
CIE _{Lab}	41.49, 3.99, -44.40
CIE _{LCh}	41, 44.580, 275.137
Yxy	12.1738, 0.1881, 0.1886
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279329963 (0xFF1164AB)
YUV	83.2770, 43.2474, -58.1249
Hunter-Lab	34.8910, 1.0431, -43.9527

Details

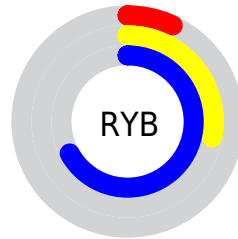
The XYZ color **12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **20.3873, 15.6810, 2.4833**, and the grayscale version is **8.2049, 8.6321, 9.4004**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.2857, 29.6859, 76.8595**, and **4.5892, 3.9463, 17.6594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1912, 10.6212, 39.9887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.3649, 13.9834, 40.5231**.

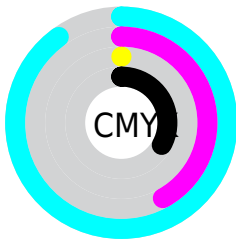
Distribution



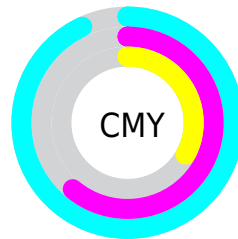
- Red (7%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.1390, 12.1738,
40.2381

■ 12.1390, 12.1738,
40.2381

■ 199.0745,
205.5525, 362.7080

■ 6.9113, 6.8622,
27.4090

■ 29.3627, 29.8113,
76.7670

■ 3.4525, 3.3760,
17.6455

■ 42.0894, 42.9059,
101.3039

■ 1.3973, 1.3311,
10.5290

■ 58.0464, 59.3636,
130.5805

■ 0.2543, 0.1651,
5.6409

■ 77.5992, 79.5688,
165.0154

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.5628

■ 101.1130,
103.9059, 205.0270

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8731

■ 128.9533,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

132.7593, 251.0340

0.0000

161.4853,
166.5134, 303.4548

■ 12.1390, 12.1738,
40.2381

■ 12.1390, 12.1738,
40.2381

■ 11.1912, 10.6212,
39.9887

■ 13.3649, 13.9834,
40.5231

■ 14.9460, 16.0877,
40.8459

■ 16.9215, 18.5097,
41.2093

■ 19.3242, 21.2692,
41.6153

■ 22.1835, 24.3839,
42.0658

■ 25.5256, 27.8699,
42.5625

■ 29.3750, 31.7422,
43.1070

■ 33.7540, 36.0149,
43.7009

■ 38.6838, 40.7011,
44.3456

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.1388, 12.1738, 37.0041



12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381



15.5498, 12.1738, 33.9194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381



17.4658, 12.1738, 5.3966



6.7794, 12.1738, 7.0679

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381



20.3873, 15.6810, 2.4833

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.3361, 12.1738, 3.3494



12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381



14.4000, 12.1738, 2.7493

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381



18.9714, 12.1738, 11.7176



11.0207, 12.1738, 2.2302



6.3990, 12.1738, 14.9218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381



17.4883, 12.1738, 26.3317



11.0207, 12.1738, 2.2302



7.1660, 12.1738, 5.4351

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1395, 12.1742, 40.2384



47.3982, 51.6285, 76.4690



16.4868, 29.9223, 13.7765



10.0904, 11.0241, 16.9837



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1395, 12.1742, 40.2384



19.8280, 18.5925, 71.5455



7.9239, 3.7429, 38.8332



7.9229, 8.4453, 10.1652



8.4896, 8.1131, 30.1630



0.2901, 0.3336, 0.8571

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.2958, 9.9796, 12.9661



33.4416, 16.8512, 19.1186



30.0469, 35.0001, 5.7032



8.1789, 8.0848, 9.2529



14.1488, 7.1221, 8.4290



0.4208, 0.2090, 0.3779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

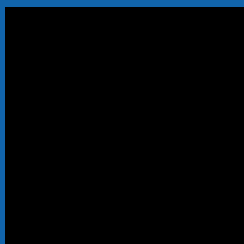
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1390, 12.1738,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381

Protanopia

13.2899, 12.1309, 37.7174

Deuteranopia

12.4722, 12.2040, 40.2263



Tritanopia

8.5149, 11.9861, 18.3878

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381

Protanomaly

12.6092, 12.0295, 38.7031

Deuteranomaly

12.2914, 12.1108, 40.2179

Tritanomaly

9.5706, 11.9194, 25.0888

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381

Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199

Achromatomaly

8.4705, 9.3124, 17.5707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 100, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 100, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 100, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 100, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 100, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 100, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 100, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 100, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 100, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 100,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.1390, 12.1738, 40.2381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 100, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 100,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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