

Converting Colors

XYZ(12.1993, 13.4753, 17.3459)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(12.1993, 13.4753, 17.3459)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.1927, 13.4467,
17.2821)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A6970
RGB	90, 105, 112
RGB Percent	35%, 41%, 44%
CMY	0.6471, 0.5882, 0.5608
CMYK	0.20, 0.06, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	199°, 11%, 40%
HSV	199°, 20%, 44%
XYZ	12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821
YIQ	101.3130, -11.1870, -1.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

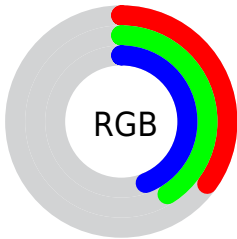
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 99, 112
Decimal	5925232
CIE Lab	43.43, -3.99, -5.82
CIE LCh	43, 7.059, 235.582
Yxy	13.4467, 0.2841, 0.3133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284115312 (0xFF5A6970)
YUV	101.3130, 5.2687, -9.9215
Hunter-Lab	36.6697, -4.8207, -2.2740

Details

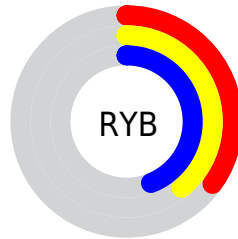
The XYZ color **12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.8024, 12.7324, 11.4560**, and the grayscale version is **12.4398, 13.0876, 14.2524**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.4045, 32.0327, 39.7551**, and **3.4772, 3.9318, 5.4261** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8291, 12.2166, 17.1167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7365, 14.7930, 17.4608**.

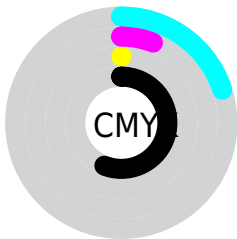
Distribution



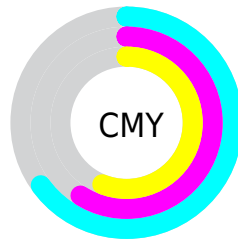
- Red (35%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.1927, 13.4467,
17.2821

■ 12.1927, 13.4467,
17.2821

■ 199.4208,
213.7610, 248.8916

■ 6.9482, 7.7369,
10.2717

■ 29.4594, 32.1040,
39.6074

■ 3.4758, 3.9270,
5.4715

■ 42.2123, 45.8202,
55.7595

■ 1.4101, 1.6328,
2.4630

■ 58.1987, 62.9741,
75.7959

■ 0.2634, 0.3796,
0.8204

■ 77.7840, 83.9499,
100.1352

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.3335,
109.1321, 129.1958

129.2126,

138.9051, 163.3964

161.7866,
173.6533, 203.1555

■ 12.1927, 13.4467,
17.2821

■ 12.1927, 13.4467,
17.2821

■ 10.8291, 12.2166,
17.1167

■ 13.7365, 14.7930,
17.4608

■ 9.6370, 11.0968,
16.9634

■ 15.4663, 16.2577,
17.6524

■ 8.6087, 10.0835,
16.8221

■ 17.3893, 17.8451,
17.8574

■ 7.7355, 9.1719,
16.6921

■ 19.5116, 19.5586,
18.0763

■ 7.0078, 8.3568,
16.5731

■ 21.8394, 21.4017,
18.3093

■ 6.4148, 7.6322,
16.4645

■ 24.3783, 23.3774,
18.5569

■ 5.9440, 6.9915,
16.3657

■ 27.1339, 25.4890,
18.8192

■ 5.5486, 6.4103,
16.2743

■ 30.1116, 27.7395,
19.0967

■ 5.5348, 6.3901,
16.2712

■ 33.3163, 30.1316,
19.3895

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.8511, 13.4467, 15.9871



12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821



12.6995, 13.4467, 17.8703

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821



13.8634, 13.4467, 14.8755



12.3298, 13.4467, 12.0778

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821



12.8024, 12.7324, 11.4560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8623, 13.4467, 11.8265



12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821



13.7576, 13.4467, 13.3730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821



13.6723, 13.4467, 16.4191



13.3873, 13.4467, 12.2840



11.9287, 13.4467, 12.9965

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821



13.0666, 13.4467, 17.7538



13.3873, 13.4467, 12.2840



12.4990, 13.4467, 11.9154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1931, 13.4473, 17.2824



25.1526, 26.8600, 30.7886



12.1670, 14.6247, 13.4830



6.0096, 6.4247, 7.3931



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1931, 13.4473, 17.2824



20.1865, 22.5203, 30.2127



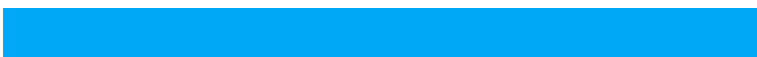
11.1471, 11.3552, 16.9337



3.3898, 3.6449, 4.2791



6.3775, 7.3454, 18.8033



30.9680, 34.9878, 93.4003

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.8884, 11.7774, 14.9592



21.6859, 19.0326, 25.1775



13.8869, 14.9013, 11.8175



3.4714, 3.4363, 4.0093



9.2374, 4.5873, 8.3262



45.6112, 22.6898, 39.3462

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

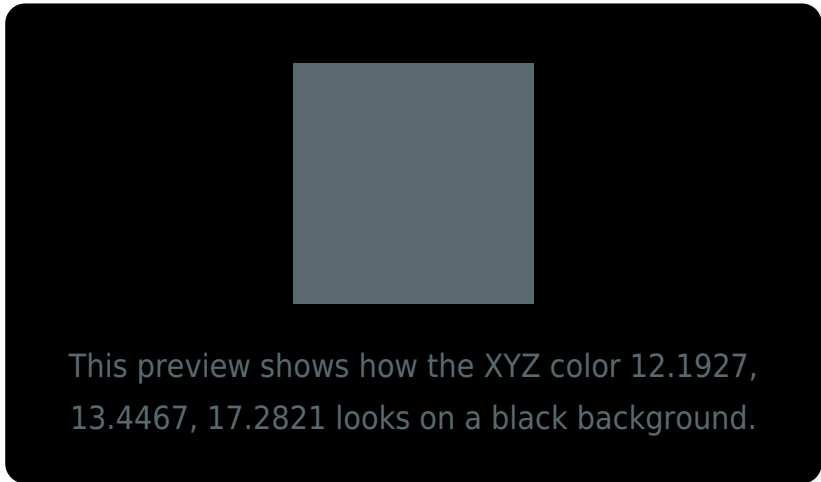
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

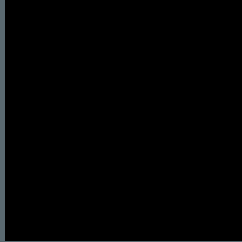
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

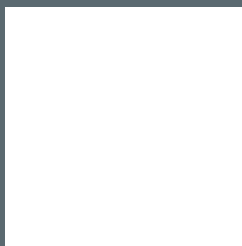
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1927, 13.4467,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821

Protanopia

13.0453, 13.4533, 16.6610

Deuteranopia

13.6012, 13.4324, 17.4986



Tritanopia

12.2487, 13.4691, 17.5770

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821

Protanomaly

12.7565, 13.4449, 16.9617

Deuteranomaly

13.0988, 13.4617, 17.5308

Tritanomaly

12.2487, 13.4691, 17.5770

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821

Achromatopsia

12.3695, 13.0136, 14.1719

Achromatomaly

12.2309, 13.0641, 15.2416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(90, 105, 112) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 105, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 105, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 105, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 105, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 105, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 105, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 105, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 105, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 105,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.1927, 13.4467, 17.2821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 105, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 105,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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